Jon- Delaval.

Access DB# /21534

SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Info

		al Information Center
!! !:)Ore than one search is subn	nitted, please prioriti	Examiner #:
in elected species or structures, the invention. Define any terms ki. The avention of the cover	escarch topic, and describe keywords, synonyms, acro that may have a special m sheet, pertinent claims, and	as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched nyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or earning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc. if I abstract.
Table of Invention. Me	Thods of 2	Sterilizing with december
inventors (please provide full names):	Singh, W.	sterilizing with decorbery
11 vequence Searches Only* Please inche opposition serial number.	de all pertinent information	Div. of 09/733611 (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the
	Si said	seture, disnifectant eta
	.L ,	Inventor Search.
Thank	yn.	
STAFF USE ONLY	**************************************	Vandow on description
Scarcher	NA Sequence (#)	Vendors and cost where applicable
Scarcher Phone = 22504	AA Sequence (#)	Dialog
Search ocation.	Structure (#)	Questel/Orbit
Date of Michier Picked Up	Bibliographic	Dr.Link
Date Completed 5/8	Litigation	l.cxis/Nexis
searcher Prep & Review Time	Fulltext	Sequence Systems
Ten., trep time	Patent Family	WWW/Internet
Course Time + 3X	Other	Other (specify)

Other (specify)

=> fil reg FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:08:14 ON 08 MAY 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 7 MAY 2004 HIGHEST RN 680859-76-1 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 7 MAY 2004 HIGHEST RN 680859-76-1

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=> d ide can tot 17

L7 ANSWER 1 OF 6 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 28317-47-7 REGISTRY

CN Octanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Peroxysuberic acid (6CI, 7CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Dipersuberic acid

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C8 H14 O6

CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

8 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

8 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:145669

REFERENCE 2: 130:268876

REFERENCE 3: 128:140518

REFERENCE 4: 121:244251

REFERENCE 5: 117:90115

REFERENCE 6: 77:113764

REFERENCE 7: 56:79083

REFERENCE 8: 51:66398

L7 ANSWER 2 OF 6 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 28317-46-6 REGISTRY

CN Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Peroxyglutaric acid (6CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Diperglutaric acid

CN Diperoxyglutaric acid

CN Perglutaric acid

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C5 H8 O6

CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

- 51 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
- 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
- 51 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
- 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 140:82213

REFERENCE 2: 139:256703

REFERENCE 3: 138:390861

REFERENCE 4: 137:175031

REFERENCE 5: 137:145669

REFERENCE 6: 136:279033

REFERENCE 7: 136:135829

REFERENCE 8: 135:253251

REFERENCE 9: 135:127208

REFERENCE 10: 135:97456

L7 ANSWER 3 OF 6 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 5824-51-1 REGISTRY

CN Hexanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Peroxyadipic acid (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Adipic diperoxyacid

CN Diperadipic acid

```
CN Diperoxyadipic acid
```

CN Peradipic acid

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C6 H10 O6

CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

58 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

6 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

58 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 139:354579

REFERENCE 2: 137:145669

REFERENCE 3: 136:279033

REFERENCE 4: 136:135829

REFERENCE 5: 135:82069

REFERENCE 6: 135:82067

REFERENCE 7: 135:78599

REFERENCE 8: 133:79452

REFERENCE 9: 133:3966

REFERENCE 10: 132:156320

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 6 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 5796-85-0 REGISTRY

CN Decanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Peroxysebacic acid (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Diperoxysebacic acid

CN Dipersebacic acid

CN Persebacic acid

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C10 H18 O6

CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMLIST, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

- 42 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
- 2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
- 42 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
- 8 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 139:354579

REFERENCE 2: 136:279033

REFERENCE 3: 133:79452

REFERENCE 4: 133:3966

REFERENCE 5: 129:246906

REFERENCE 6: 128:238644

REFERENCE 7: 128:140518

REFERENCE 8: 127:105399

REFERENCE 9: 122:30236

REFERENCE 10: 121:194515

L7 ANSWER 5 OF 6 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 2455-27-8 REGISTRY

CN Heptanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Peroxypimelic acid (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Diperpimelic acid

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C7 H12 O6

CI CON

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

- 5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
- 5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
- 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:145669

REFERENCE 2: 130:268876

REFERENCE 3: 128:140518

REFERENCE 4: 77:113764

REFERENCE 5: 51:66398

L7 ANSWER 6 OF 6 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 1941-79-3 REGISTRY

CN Nonanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Peroxyazelaic acid (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Azelaic diperacid

CN Diperazelaic acid

CN Diperoxyazelaic acid

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C9 H16 O6

CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMLIST, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

- 58 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
- 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
- 58 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
- 3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 139:354579

REFERENCE 2: 137:145669

REFERENCE 3: 134:149334

REFERENCE 4: 130:256816

REFERENCE 5: 130:254092

REFERENCE 6: 130:143594

REFERENCE 7: 130:130068

REFERENCE 8: 129:246906

REFERENCE 9: 128:140518

REFERENCE 10: 127:105399

=> d sta que 110

L8

STR

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 1
CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 7
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 9

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L10

387 SEA FILE=REGISTRY CSS FUL L8

100.0% PROCESSED 3434 ITERATIONS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

387 ANSWERS

=> d his

L1

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:38:09 ON 08 MAY 2004)
SET COST OFF

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:38:20 ON 08 MAY 2004

E DIPERGLUTARIC ACID/CN

1 S E3

E DIPERADIPIC ACID/CN

L2 1 S E3

E DIPERPIMELIC ACID/CN

L3 1 S E3

E DIPERSUBERIC ACID/CN

L4 1 S E3

E DIPERSEBACIC ACID/CN

L5 1 S E3

E DIPERAZELAIC ACID/CN

L6 · 1 S E3

L7 6 S L1-L6

L8 STR

L9 18 S L8 CSS SAM

L10 387 S L8 CSS FUL

SAV L10 QAZI052/A

L11 106 S L10 AND NC>=2

L12 82 S L10 AND (PMS OR MXS OR IDS)/CI NOT L11

L13 199 S L10 NOT L11,L12

L14 36 S L13 AND NR>=1

L15 163 S L13 NOT L14

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:43:57 ON 08 MAY 2004

L16 142 S L7

L17 544 S L15

L18 37 S L14

L19 20 S (DIPERGLUTARIC OR DIPERADIPIC OR DIPERPIMELIC OR DIPERSUBERIC

L20 35 S (PERGLUTARIC OR PERADIPIC OR PERPIMELIC OR PERSUBERIC OR PERS

L21 43 S (DIPEROXYGLUTARIC OR DIPEROXYADIPIC OR DIPEROXYPIMELIC OR DIP

L22 53 S (PEROXYGLUTARIC OR PEROXYADIPIC OR PEROXYPIMELIC OR PEROXYSUB

```
24 S (PENTANEDIPEROXOIC OR HEXANEDIPEROXOIC OR HEPTANEDIPEROXOIC O
L23
L24
            579 S L16-L23
L25
             1 S DIPERCARBOXYLIC ACID
             72 S (CARBOXYLIC#(L)ACID#)/CW (L) (DIPEROX? OR DI(L)PEROX?)
L26
L27
            639 S L24-L26
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:50:48 ON 08 MAY 2004
L28
              1 S MAGNESIUM SULFATE/CN
L29
              1 S SODIUM SULFATE/CN
L30
          22705 S 7664-93-9/CRN
           319 S L30 AND MG/ELS
L31
           1591 S L30 AND NA/ELS
L32
L33
             32 S L31 AND 4/ELC.SUB
L34
             33 S L32 AND 4/ELC.SUB
             65 S L33, L34
L35
             55 S L35 NOT (MNS OR PMS OR CCS OR AYS OR IDS)/CI
L36
             13 S L36 AND 2/NC
L37
             42 S L36 NOT L37
L38
L39
             32 S L38 NOT H2O2
             31 S L39 NOT MXS/CI
L40
             33 S L28, L29, L40
L41
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:53:22 ON 08 MAY 2004
             23 S L41 AND L27
             65 S (NA2SO4 OR MGSO4 OR (NA OR NA2 OR SODIUM OR DISODIUM OR MG OR
L43
                E ALKALINE EARTH SALT/CT
                E E4+ALL
L44
             17 S L27 AND E5, E6, E4+NT, OLD, PFT
                E E77+ALL
              5 S L27 AND E6+NT
L45
                E ALKALI METAL SALT/CT
                E E4+ALL
             95 S L27 AND E5, E6, E4+OLD, NT, PFT
L46
                E E217+ALL
L47
              9 S L27 AND E6+NT
L48
            138 S L42-L47
                E LYNNTECH/PA, CS
            104 S E3-E25
L49
                E LYNN TECH/PA, CS
                E SINGHW/AU
                E SINGH W/AU
L50
             28 S E3, E8, E15-E18
                E GILETTO A/AU
             15 S E3, E4
L51
                E HITCHENS G/AU
             48 S E4,E5
L52
              2 S L27 AND L49-L52
L53
              7 S L27 AND EXOTHERM?
L54
            142 S L48, L54
L55
            139 S L55 AND (PY<=2000 OR PRY<=2000 OR AY<=2000)
L56
             16 S L56 AND ?POWD?
L57
L58
              5 S L56 AND ?COLLOID?
L59
              7 S L56 AND ?CRYS?
             1 S L56 AND ?TABLET?
L60
             28 S L57-L60
L61
L62
          27 S L61 AND L16-L18
L63
             2 S L61 AND L25, L26
L64
             28 S L62, L63
                E DISINFECT/CT
                E E12+ALL
L65
           1565 S E1
                E E2+AL
```

E E3+ALL

```
L66
          13112 S E2-E4, E1+OLD, NT, PFT
                E E8+ALL
L67
           2594 S E3+NT
                E E6+ALL
          39330 S E1+NT
L68
                E E29+ALL
                E E9+ALL
          53898 S E5-E8, E4+NT
L70
             7 S L56 AND L65-L69
             37 S L27 AND L65-L69
L71
            35 S L71 AND (PY<=2000 OR PRY<=2000 OR AY<=2000)
L72
            65 S L53, L64, L70, L71, L72
L73
            63 S L73 AND (PY<=2000 OR PRY<=2000 OR AY<=2000)
L74
L75
            33 S L74 AND (DISINFECT? OR ANTISEPT? OR STERIL?)
L76
            28 S L74 AND (?POWD? OR ?COLLOID? OR ?CRYS? OR ?TABLET?)
L77
            26 S L74 AND STABIL?
            18 S L74 AND STABL?
L78
            0 S L74 AND ?STANN?
L79
             2 S L73 NOT L74
L80
L81
            63 S L74-L78
            58 S L81 AND P/DT
L82
            10 S L82 AND US/PC.B
L83
L84
             5 S L81 NOT L82
L85
             53 S L81, L82 NOT L83
```

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:08:14 ON 08 MAY 2004

=> fil hcaplus FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:09:15 ON 08 MAY 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 8 May 2004 VOL 140 ISS 20 FILE LAST UPDATED: 7 May 2004 (20040507/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d 183 all hitstr tot

```
L83
    ANSWER 1 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     2002:595512 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     137:145669
     Entered STN: 09 Aug 2002
FD
    Methods of sterilizing with dipercarboxylic
TΙ
IN
     Singh, Waheguru Pal; Giletto, Anthony; Hitchens,
    G. Duncan
PA
    USA
    U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 9 pp.
SO
```

```
CODEN: USXXCO
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A61K031-19
NCL 514557000
     63-8 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 23
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
PRAI US 2000-733611 A3 20001208 <--

AB Dry dipercarboxylic acid material dry dipercar
     sterilizing solns. or liquid chemical germicides. The
     dipercarboxylic acids or organic diperoxygen compds. can be
     synthesized and isolated as solid powders with an extended shelf
     life. The powders are also soluble in water for quickly preparing
     liquid disinfectant solns., whenever and wherever desired, from a
     potable water source. The dry dipercarboxylic acid
     materials are selected from diperglutaric acid,
     diperadipic acid, diperpimelic acid,
     dipersuberic acid, and diperazelaic
     acid. Upon dissoln. into water, these compds. have demonstrated
     the ability to inactivate high nos. of spores, including
     sterilization of medical equipment in 10 min at room temperature The
     average dim. of zone of inhibition of diperglutaric acid
     at a concentration of 0.33% against Staphylococcus aureus, Pseudomonas
     aeruginosa, and Escherichia coli was 10 mm, while glutaric acid at 1% had
     no zone of inhibition.
     sterilization dipercarboxylic acid
ST
     germicides
     Quaternary ammonium compounds, biological studies
IT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (aliphatic long chain; methods of sterilizing with
        dipercarboxylic acids)
IT
     Fatty acids, biological studies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (aliphatic; methods of sterilizing with dipercarboxylic
        acids)
     Alkali metal salts
ΙT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (hydrated; methods of sterilizing with
        dipercarboxylic acids)
     Disinfectants
IΤ
     Solubilizers
     Sporicides
        (methods of sterilizing with dipercarboxylic
        acids)
IT
     Alkaline earth salts
     Salts, biological studies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (methods of sterilizing with dipercarboxylic
IT
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (peroxy, di-; methods of sterilizing with
```

```
dipercarboxylic acids)
ΙT
     7487-88-9, Magnesium sulfate, biological
     studies 7757-82-6, Sodium sulfate,
     biological studies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (methods of sterilizing with dipercarboxylic
        acids)
IT
     1941-79-3P, Diperazelaic acid.
     2455-27-8P, Diperpimelic acid
     5824-51-1P, Diperadipic acid
     28317-46-6P, Diperglutaric acid
     28317-47-7P, Dipersuberic acid
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (methods of sterilizing with dipercarboxylic
        acids)
IT
     64-17-5, Ethanol, uses
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (methods of sterilizing with dipercarboxylic
        acids)
     7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide., reactions
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (methods of sterilizing with dipercarboxylic
        acids)
IT
     7487-88-9, Magnesium sulfate, biological
     studies 7757-82-6, Sodium sulfate,
     biological studies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
        (methods of sterilizing with dipercarboxylic
        acids)
     7487-88-9 HCAPLUS
RN
     Sulfuric acid magnesium salt (1:1) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
 Mq
RN
     7757-82-6 HCAPLUS
     Sulfuric acid disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

●2 Na

IT 1941-79-3P, Diperazelaic acid.

2455-27-8P, Diperpimelic acid 5824-51-1P, Diperadipic acid 28317-46-6P, Diperalutaric acid

28317-46-6P, Diperglutaric acid 28317-47-7P, Dipersuberic acid

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(methods of sterilizing with dipercarboxylic acids)

acids)

RN 1941-79-3 HCAPLUS

CN Nonanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 2455-27-8 HCAPLUS

CN Heptanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 5824-51-1 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 28317-46-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 28317-47-7 HCAPLUS

CN Octanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L83 ANSWER 2 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2001:499742 HCAPLUS

DN 135:97456

ED Entered STN: 11 Jul 2001

TI Sterilization of surgical sites and use of biocide compositions

IN Simpson, Charles Lee

PA Sulzer Carbomedics Inc., USA

SO U.S., 5 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

```
DT
     Patent
     English
LΑ
     ICM B01D017-06
     ICS C25F001-00; A61B018-04; A61D001-10
NCL 205687000
CC
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
     -----
PI US 6258249 B1 20010710 US 1999-437597 19991110 <--
PRAI US 1999-437597 19991110 <--
                                         -----
     A method for the treatment of an infected area within a body. The method
     comprises applying a elec. conductive biocide composition to an infected area
     within a body that has been exposed during surgery. Then, an elec. field
     is applied to the biocide composition The elec. field strength and duration of
     application may be sufficient to produce killing of microorganisms in the
     infected area.
     sterilization surgical site biocide
st
     Antibiotics
        (aminoglycoside; sterilization of surgical sites and use of
        biocide compns.)
     Antibacterial agents
IT
        (iodophors; sterilization of surgical sites and use of
        biocide compns.)
IT
     Antibiotics
        (macrolide; sterilization of surgical sites and use of
        biocide compns.)
     Antibiotics
IT
        (quinolone; sterilization of surgical sites and use of
       biocide compns.)
ΙT
     Antibiotics
     Bacteria (Eubacteria)
     Biocides
      Disinfectants
     Electric field
     Fungi
     Fungicides
       Sterilization and Disinfection
     Surgery
     Thickening agents
     Yeast
        (sterilization of surgical sites and use of biocide compns.)
IT
    Alcohols, biological studies
    Aldehydes, biological studies
    Quaternary ammonium compounds, biological studies
    Sulfonamides
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (sterilization of surgical sites and use of biocide compns.)
IT
     13721-01-2D, derivs., antibiotics
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (Quinolone antibiotics; sterilization of surgical sites and
       use of biocide compns.)
    50-00-0, Formaldehyde, biological studies 55-56-1, Chlorhexidine
IT
    59-87-0, Nitrofurazone 60-54-8, Tetracycline 67-20-9, Nitrofurantoin
    70-30-4, Hexachlorophene 79-21-0, Peroxyacetic acid 100-97-0,
    Methenamine, biological studies 107-22-2, Glyoxal 110-00-9, Furan
    111-30-8, Glutaraldehyde 123-23-9, Succinyl peroxide 288-32-4,
    Imidazole, biological studies 542-78-9, Malonaldehyde 638-37-9,
    Succinaldehyde 818-85-9, Peroxyheptanoic acid 1072-21-5, Adipaldehyde
    1406-05-9, Penicillin
                          3058-35-3, Peroxynonanoic acid
                                                           3380-34-5,
    Triclosan 3851-97-6, Monoperglutaric acid 7429-90-5D, Aluminum,
    compds., biological studies 7439-89-6D, Iron, compds., biological
```

studies 7439-92-1D, Lead, compds., biological studies 7439-96-5D,

Manganese, compds., biological studies 7439-97-6D, Mercury, compds., biological studies 7440-02-0D, Nickel, compds., biological studies 7440-22-4D, Silver, compds., biological studies 7440-31-5D, Tin, compds., biological studies 7440-48-4D, Cobalt, compds., biological 7440-50-8D, Copper, compds., biological studies 7440-57-5D, Gold, compds., biological studies 7440-66-6D, Zinc, compds., biological 7553-56-2, Iodine, biological studies 7681-52-9, studies Sodium hypochlorite 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, biological studies 7778-54-3, Calcium hypochlorite 7782-50-5, Chlorine, biological studies 7790-92-3, Hypochlorous acid 10049-04-4, Chlorine dioxide 11111-12-9, Cephalosporin 14380-61-1, Hypochlorite 25655-41-8, Povidone-iodine 28317-46-6, Diperglutaric acid 56961-14-9

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(sterilization of surgical sites and use of biocide compns.)
RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE

- (1) Anon; EP 0147970 A1 1985 HCAPLUS
- (2) Costerton; US 4419248 1983 HCAPLUS
- (3) Costerton; US 4542169 1985
- (4) Costerton; US 4800959 1989
- (5) Costerton; US 5174378 1992 HCAPLUS
- (6) Costerton; US 5312813 1994 HCAPLUS
- (7) Woodson; US 5462644 1995

RN 7681-52-9 HCAPLUS

CN Hypochlorous acid, sodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Cl-OH

Na

RN 7778-54-3 HCAPLUS CN Hypochlorous acid, calcium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

C1-OH

●1/2 Ca

RN 28317-46-6 HCAPLUS CN Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L83 ANSWER 3 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AN 1995:772970 HCAPLUS DN 123:197184

```
ED
     Entered STN: 02 Sep 1995
     Synergistic peroxy acid antimicrobial compositions.
TI
IN
     Oakes, Thomas R.; Boufford, Thomas G.
     Ecolab Inc., USA
PΑ
SO
     U.S., 13 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5, 200, 189.
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
    Patent
    English
LA
IC
     ICM A01N037-02
NCL
    424405000
     17-4 (Food and Feed Chemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 63
FAN.CNT 3
    PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                       APPLICATION NO. DATE
     _____
                    ----
    US 5437868 A 19950801
PΙ
                                       US 1993-47264
                                                       19930412 <--
    US 5200189
                    A 19930406
                                       US 1991~734580 19910723 <--
    ZA 9202751
                    A 19921230
                                       ZA 1992-2751
                                                        19920415 <--
                    AA 19930124
    CA 2108177
                                        CA 1992-2108177 19920529 <--
    CN 1068705
                    A 19930210
                                       CN 1992-103834 19920529 <--
    CN 1050734
                    B 20000329
                                      AT 1992-913905 19920529 <--
ES 1992-913905 19920529 <--
    AT 161142
                    E 19980115
                    T3 19980416
    ES 2112908
    US 5314687
                    A 19940524
                                       US 1992-932612 19920820 <--
                    Α
    US 5718910
                         19980217
                                       US 1993-4075
                                                        19930113 <--
                    A1 19941027
    WO 9423575
                                       WO 1994-US2134 19940224 <--
        W: AU, CA, CN, JP, NZ
        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
    AU 9465867
                    A1 19941108
                                       AU 1994-65867
                                                        19940224 <--
    AU 676902
                    B2 19970327
    EP 693876
                    A1 19960131
                                       EP 1994-913884 19940224 <--
    EP 693876
                    B1 19980708
    EP 693876
                    B2 20011024
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
    AT 167981 E 19980715
                                       AT 1994-913884
                                                       19940224 <--
    US 5489434
                    Α
                         19960206
                                        US 1995-402629
                                                        19950313 <--
PRAI US 1991-734580 A2 19910723 <--
                   A 19930412 <--
W 19940224 <--
    US 1993-47264
    WO 1994-US2134
    A synergistic peroxy acid antimicrobial concentrate comprises
AB
    peroxyglutaric acid in combination with a C1-4
    peroxyacid and/or a C6-18 peroxyacid. Other components can be added to
    the composition such as hydrotrope coupling agents, stabilizers, etc.
    An effective antimicrobial solution is formed, at low concns., when the
concentrate
    is diluted with water. Sanitizing of fixed, in-place, processing lines in
    dairies, breweries, and other food processing operations is one utility of
    the composition
ST
    synergism peroxy acid microbicide
IT
       (industry, synergistic peroxy acid antimicrobial compns.)
IT
    Acids, biological studies
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
    study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
    (Biological study); USES (Uses)
       (peroxy, synergistic antimicrobial compns. containing)
ΙT
    Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics
    Fungicides and Fungistats
    Virucides and Virustats
       (synergistic, peroxy acids-containing compns.)
IT
    159835-08-2
                 167770-73-2 167770-74-3 167770-75-4 167770-76-5
    167770-77-6
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
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study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (synergistic antimicrobial compns.) L83ANSWER 4 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 1994:460263 HCAPLUS AN DN 121:60263 ED Entered STN: 06 Aug 1994 ΤI Bleach granules containing peroxy acid and hydratable inorganic compound IN Ploumen, Jan J. H.; Edelijn, Herman J.; Reijnen, Jan J. M. PAAkzo N.V., Neth. SO U.S., 7 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,049,298. CODEN: USXXAM DТ Patent English LΑ IC ICM C11D007-54 ICS C01B015-00 NCL 252095000 CC 46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents) FAN.CNT 2 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ----------US 5296156 PΙ Α 19940322 US 1991-722985 19910628 <--US 5049298 Α 19910917 US 1989-436994 19891115 <--PRAI EP 1988-202691 19881125 <--US 1989-436994 19891115 <--ABFree-flowing, storage-stable, water-soluble bleach granules, especially useful in laundry detergent compns., are prepared by mixing ≥1 water-insol. peroxy acid, e.g., HOOC(0)(CH2)10C(0)0OH or R(CH2)5C(0)0OH (R = phthalimido), with a hydratable inorg. compound, e.g., Na2SO4, at a water content below the maximum hydration water content of the inorg. compound and at a temperature below the hydration temperature of the inorg. compound, increasing the temperature to at least the hydration temperature of the inorg. compound, and forming the **powder** into granules having diameter 0.1-5 mm. granules optionally contain ≤10% surfactant and ≤15% water-insol. organic compound ST peroxy acid bleach granulation stability; peroxydodecanedioic acid bleach granulation; peroxyhexanoic deriv bleach granulation; laundry detergent peroxy acid bleach; sodium sulfate hydration granulation bleach IΤ Granulation (of peroxy acid bleach with hydratable inorg. compound, for detergents) IT (peroxy acids, granulation of hydratable inorg, compound with, for detergents) IT (laundry, bleaching agents for use in, peroxy acids as, granulation of) IT Carboxylic acids, uses RL: USES (Uses) (peroxy, bleaching agents, granulation of, with hydratable inorg. compound) IΤ 1941-79-3, Nonanediperoxoic acid 66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid 68575-79-1, Diperoxytridecanedioic acid 104788-63-8, 6-Nonylamino-6oxoperoxyhexanoic acid 104788-71-8, N-Dodecanoyl-6-aminoperoxyhexanoic 104788-72-9, N-Decanoyl-6-aminoperoxyhexanoic acid 4-Nonylamino-4-oxoperoxybutanoic acid 128275-31-0, 6-Phthalimidoperoxyhexanoic acid RL: USES (Uses)

(bleaching agents, granulation of hydratable inorg. compound with)

7757-82-6, Sodium sulfate, uses

ΙT

RL: USES (Uses)

(in granulation of peroxy acids as bleaching agents)

IT 1941-79-3, Nonanediperoxoic acid

66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid 68575-79-1,

Diperoxytridecanedioic acid

RL: USES (Uses)

(bleaching agents, granulation of hydratable inorg. compound with)

RN 1941-79-3 HCAPLUS

CN Nonanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 68575-79-1 HCAPLUS

CN Tridecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 7757-82-6, Sodium sulfate, uses

RL: USES (Uses)

(in granulation of peroxy acids as bleaching agents)

RN 7757-82-6 HCAPLUS

CN Sulfuric acid disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

•2 Na

L83 ANSWER 5 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1990:574519 HCAPLUS

DN 113:174519

ED Entered STN: 09 Nov 1990

TI Granular peroxycarboxylic acid bleaches with less tendency to decompose or detonate

IN Foster, Jeffrey N.; Karpusiewicz, William M.; Irwin, Charles F.; Pham, Hien T.; Aronson, Michael P.

PA Lever Brothers Co., USA

SO U.S., 4 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 246,836, abandoned.

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CODEN: USXXAM
DΤ
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM C11D003-395
     ICS C11D003-39; D06L003-02
NCL
     252095000
CC
     46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
FAN.CNT 2
                 KIND DATE
     PATENT NO.
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                         -----
     -----
                     ----
                    A 19900417
PΙ
    US 4917811
                                        US 1989-292692 19890103 <--
    EP 360323 A2 19901107 CP IT.
                     A 19900417
A2 19900328
                                         EP 1989-202253 19890906 <--
        R: CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE
    CA 1312417 A1 19930112 CA 1989-611487 19890914 <--

AU 8941499 A1 19900329 AU 1989-41499 19890919 <--

AU 616304 B2 19911024
    19890919 <--
                                         JP 1989-244884 19890920 <--
                                         ZA 1989-7182 19890920 <--
PRAI US 1988-246836
                           19880920 <--
     US 1989-292692
                           19890103 <--
    The title compns., useful in laundry detergents, contain 1-45% aliphatic
    peroxy acid and 35-99% alkaline hydratable alkali metal salts forming 1%
     solns. with pH ≥8.5 and are formed by absorbing all water used as
     water of hydration. A dispersion of 24.6 g powdered 61.7:38.3
     diperoxydodecanedioic acid-Na2SO4 in 15 g H2O was sprayed onto
     34.23 g Na2HPO4 in a drum mixer to give granules (60% +35 to -10 mesh)
    with autoignition temperature ≥200°.
     diperoxydodecanedioic acid bleach stable; peroxycarboxylic acid
    bleach stabilization; phosphate stabilization
    peroxycarboxylic bleach; safety peroxycarboxylic bleach; explosion
    prevention peroxycarboxylate bleach
TΤ
    Granulation
        (of peroxycarboxylic acid bleaches, for stability and
        detonation resistance)
ΙT
    Bleaching agents
        (peroxycarboxylic acids, granules, manufacture of detonation-resistant)
IT
     Explosion
        (prevention of, in peroxycarboxylic acid bleach granulation)
     Carboxylic acids, uses and miscellaneous
IΤ
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (peroxy, bleaching agents, manufacture of granular and detonation-resistant)
IT
     66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching agents, manufacture of granular and detonation-resistant)
ΙT
     497-19-8, Carbonic acid disodium salt, uses and miscellaneous
    1330-43-4, Sodium tetraborate 7558-79-4, Dibasic sodium
    phosphate
                11138-47-9, Sodium perborate
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (peroxycarboxylic acid bleach prepn in presence of, for detonation
       resistance)
    66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid
IT
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching agents, manufacture of granular and detonation-resistant)
RN
    66280-55-5 HCAPLUS
ĊN
    Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

IT 497-19-8, Carbonic acid disodium salt, uses and miscellaneous 7558-79-4, Dibasic sodium phosphate

RL: USES (Uses)

(peroxycarboxylic acid bleach prepn in presence of, for detonation resistance)

RN497-19-8 HCAPLUS

CNCarbonic acid disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 Na

RN 7558-79-4 HCAPLUS

CNPhosphoric acid, disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 Na

L83 ANSWER 6 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN1990:403217 HCAPLUS

DN113:3217

Entered STN: 06 Jul 1990 ED

Stable aqueous aromatic percarboxylic acid solution

IN Beilfuss, Wolfgang; Diehl, Karl Heinz

Sterling Drug Inc., USA PA

SO U.S., 5 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DTPatent

LAEnglish

IC ICM C07C179-133

ICS D06L003-02; A01N037-10; A01N043-40

NCL 252186230

CC 10-5 (Microbial Biochemistry)

FAN.	CNT 1								
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
ΡI	US 4917815	A	19900417		US 1988-205133	19880610 <			
	CA 1319581	A1	19930629		CA 1988-569394	19880614 <			
PRAI	US 1988-205133		19880610	<					
OS	CACDEACT 113.321	7							

AΒ An aqueous disinfectant and bleaching agent is claimed comprising an aromatic percarboxylic acid which has been **stabilized** with the corresponding aromatic carboxylic acid and H2O2 or a solution of perglutamic acid **stabilized** with H2O2. Thus, a **stabilized** aromatic percarboxylic acid solution was prepared by mixing 0.2 parts by weight benzoic anhydride with 0.2 parts 2,6-pyridinecarboxylic acid with 99.6 parts of 35% H2O2. The solution (now containing perbenzoic acid and benzoic acid) was active against Staphylococcus aureus, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, and other common bacterial strains in vitro.

ST disinfectant arom percarboxylic acid; bleaching agent arom percarboxylic acid

IT Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics
Bleaching agents

(aromatic percarboxylic acids)

IT Carboxylic acids, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(aryl, peroxy, disinfectant and bleaching agent)

IT 93-59-4, Perbenzoic acid 499-83-2, 2,6-Pyridinedicarboxylic acid 28317-46-6, Perglutaric acid

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(disinfectant containing)

IT 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(disinfectant containing aromatic percarboxylic acids and)

IT 93-97-0, Benzoic anhydride 108-55-4, Glutaric anhydride

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(disinfectant containing hydrogen peroxide and)

IT 28317-46-6, Perglutaric acid RL: BIOL (Biological study) (disinfectant containing)

RN 28317-46-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L83 ANSWER 7 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1989:520661 HCAPLUS

DN 111:120661

ED Entered STN: 01 Oct 1989

TI Anaerobe-selective antibacterial compositions containing 1,12-dodecanedioic peroxy acids

IN Sampathkumar, Padmini

PA Procter and Gamble Co., USA

SO U.S., 7 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K007-20

NCL 424053000

CC 62-7 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
PI	US 4804530	A	19890214		US 1987-75235	19870717 <			
	US 5028414	Α	19910702		US 1988-272669	19881117 <			
PRAI	US 1987-75235		19870717	<					

AB Substituted or unsubstituted 1,12-dodecanedioic peroxyacids, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or esters are useful for treating or

preventing anaerobic bacterial infections such as acne, and especially diseases of the oral cavity such as gingivitis and periodontal diseases. A mouth rinse contained diperoxy 1,12-dodecanedioic acid 0.1, boric acid 0.133, Na saccharin 0.102, Na2B4O7.10H2O 0.680, 1N HC1 1.2, EtOH 15% by weight, and water balance. The composition had an available O concentration of 120 ppm and was

used twice daily within 10 min of mixing the component to treat or prevent gingivitis or periodontal diseases.

ST peroxy dodecanedioate bactericide gingivitis; acne peroxy dodecanedioate bactericide; mouthwash peroxy dodecanedioate bactericide

IT Acne

(treatment of, dodecanedioic peroxyacid-containing body rinses for)

IT Dentifrices

(anticariogenic, dodecanedioic peroxyacids in)

IT Mouthwashes

(bactericidal, dodecanedioic peroxyacids in)

IT Periodontium

(disease, treatment of, dodecanedioic peroxyacid-containing dentifrices for)

IT Gingiva

(disease, gingivitis, treatment of, dodecanedioic peroxyacid-containing dentifrices for)

IT Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics

(medical, dodecanedioic peroxyacids as, dentifrices containing)

IT 53384-55-7D, salts and esters

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(dentifrices containing as anaerobe-selective antibacterial agent, for treatment of periodontal diseases)

IT 53384-55-7 66280-55-5, Dodecanediperoxoic acid

66280-55-5D, Dodecanediperoxoic acid, salts and esters

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(dentifrices containing, as antibacterial agent, for treatment of periodontal diseases)

IT 66280-55-5, Dodecanediperoxoic acid 66280-55-5D,

Dodecanediperoxoic acid, salts and esters

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(dentifrices containing, as antibacterial agent, for treatment of periodontal diseases)

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L83 ANSWER 8 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1982:494461 HCAPLUS

DN 97:94461

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

TI Bleach composition

IN Clements, Anthony H.

```
PA
    Lever Brothers Co., USA
SO
    U.S., 5 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 176,750, abandoned.
    CODEN: USXXAM
DT
    Patent
    English
LA
IC
    C11D009-42
NCL 252096000
CC
    46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
FAN.CNT 2
                   KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
     -----
                                         -----
    US 4337164 A 19820629
PΤ
                                         US 1981-237793 19810224 <--
    US 1980-176750
An organia
                         19790816 <--
PRAI GB 1979-28590
                          19800811 <--
    An organic per acid such as diperisophthalic acid (I) [1786-87-4] or
AB
    peracetic acid [79-21-0] is used with a water-soluble bromide salt for the
    bleaching of soiled fabrics at ≤40° without causing dye
    transfer. Thus, water containing 0.4% powdered detergent, 0.355
     + 10-3 mol/L I, and 0.71 + 10-3 mol/L NaBr was used at
     40° for the bleaching-laundrying of tea-stained fabrics.
    peroxy acid bromide bleaching; carboxylic acid peroxy bleaching; sodium
ST
    bromide peroxide bleaching
IT
    Bleaching agents
        (peroxy acid-sodium bromide, for low temperature use, for fabrics)
     Peroxides, uses and miscellaneous
TΤ
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (organic, bleaching by sodium bromide and, of fabrics at low temperature)
    Carboxylic acids, uses and miscellaneous
IT
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (peroxy, bleaching by sodium bromide and, of fabrics at low temperature)
IT
    7647-15-6, properties
    RL: PRP (Properties)
       (bleaching by peroxy acids and, of fabrics at low temperature)
ΙT
             1786-87-4 1941-79-3
                                   2311-91-3
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching by sodium bromide and, of fabrics at low temperature)
    7647-15-6, properties
    RL: PRP (Properties)
        (bleaching by peroxy acids and, of fabrics at low temperature)
RN
    7647-15-6 HCAPLUS
    Sodium bromide (NaBr) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Br-Na
ΙŢ
    1941-79-3
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching by sodium bromide and, of fabrics at low temperature)
RN
    1941-79-3 HCAPLUS
    Nonanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

L83 ANSWER 9 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1977:156984 HCAPLUS

Entered STN: 12 May 1984

86:156984

AN

DN

ED

TI

Bleach tablet composition

HO-O-C-(CH₂)₇-C-O-OH

RL: USES (Uses)

7757-82-6, uses and miscellaneous

```
Huber, Arthur Elmer
    Procter and Gamble Co., USA
    U.S., 5 pp.
    CODEN: USXXAM
DT
    Patent
    English
LA
IC
    C01B013-00
NCL 252186000
CC
     39-9 (Textiles)
FAN.CNT 1
                                       APPLICATION NO. DATE
                 KIND DATE
     PATENT NO.
     -----
                                          _______
PRAI US 4013581 A 19770322
PRAI US 1975-594910 19750710 <--
                                         US 1975-594910 19750710 <--
                          19750710 <--
    Mixts. of microfine, free-flowing starch [9005-25-8] and
    microcryst. cellulose (I) [9004-34-6] can be combined with solid
    diperazelaic acid (II) [1941-79-3] bleaches or
    perlauric acid [2388-12-7] bleaches and Na2SO4 to provide
     tablets which are storage-stable, durable, and yet
     rapidly disintegrate and disperse on contact with water. Thus, a 1:1 II-
    Na2SO4 mixture was blended with Avicel microcryst. I,
     starch, and Mg stearate, and the composition was formed into a 2.25 in.
    bleach tablet. The tablet rapidly disintegrated and
     dispersed in an automatic washing machine.
     storage stability peroxygen bleach; starch peroxygen bleaching
     tablet; cellulose peroxygen bleaching tablet;
     diperazelaic acid textile bleach
IT
     Bleaching agents
        (peroxygen, storage-stable tablets containing,
        disintegrating agent for)
                2388-12-7
ΙT
     1941-79-3
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching agents, storage-stable tablets containing,
        disintegrating agents for)
     9005-25-8, uses and miscellaneous
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (disintegrating agents, containing microcryst. cellulose, for
        storage-stable peroxygen bleaching tablets)
IT
     9004-34-6, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (microcryst., disintegrating agents, containing starch, for
        storage-stable peroxygen bleaching tablets)
     7757-82-6, uses and miscellaneous
TΤ
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (peroxygen bleaching tablets containing, storage-stable
        , disintegrating agents for)
     1941-79-3
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching agents, storage-stable tablets containing,
        disintegrating agents for)
RN
     1941-79-3 HCAPLUS
     Nonanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

(peroxygen bleaching tablets containing, storage-stable, disintegrating agents for)

RN 7757-82-6 HCAPLUS

CN Sulfuric acid disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L83 ANSWER 10 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

●2 Na

```
1958:56072 HCAPLUS
DN
    52:56072
OREF 52:10152c-f
   Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001
    Organic peracids
TI
    Krimm, Heinrich
IN
PA
    Farbenfabriken Bayer A.-G.
DT
    Patent
    Unavailable
LA
CC
    10 (Organic Chemistry)
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
    US 2813896 19571119
                                        US
PΙ
    Peracids are prepared from carboxylic acids in good yield by 30% aqueous H2O2
AB
     (I) and concentrated H2SO4 sufficient to give a 1:1.5-3 H2SO4-H2O ratio. I
(460
     g.) added dropwise with ice-cooling to 700 g. concentrated H2SO4, 240 g.
glacial
    HOAc added, and the mixture kept overnight and distilled in vacuo from a glass
     apparatus yields 280 g. 82% MeCO3H (II), b15 22-8°; raising the bath
     temperature from 50-90° yields 160 g. 34% II, total yield 91%. Similar
    yields of II are obtained using 204 g. Ac20 (instead of HOAc). Similarly,
    the mixture obtained from 230 g. I, 750 g. concentrated H2SO4, and 190 g.
    ClCH2CO3H is extracted with 800 g. CH2Cl2 to give an 11.8% solution of
ClCH2CO3H,
```

yield 80%. C3H7CO2H gives a 90% yield of 75% C3H7CO3H, b12 26-9°. The products of reaction of 576 g. C7H15CO2H with 460 g. I and 1500 g. concentrated H2SO4 are taken up in petr. ether, dried over Na2SO4, and freed of solvent, leaving 600 g. 71% C7H15CO3H, yield 66%. Reaction of 230 g. I and 500 g. concentrated H2SO4 with 73 g. (CH2)4(CO2H)2 gives 80% crystalline (CH2)4(CO3H)2, filtered from the chilled mixture, m. 114-15° (decomposition) (Et2O or tetrahydrofuran). Similarly, 100 g. (CH2)8(CO2H)2 gives a nearly quant. yield of (CH2)8(CO3H)2, m. 96-7°. Addition of 122 g. BzOH and enough Et2O to give a homogenous mixture to 230 g. I and 500 g. concentrated H2SO4, keeping the mixture 2 days

room temperature, adding an equal volume of ice-H2O, and extracting the aqueous phase with

500 ml. Et20 give a solution of 44 g. (32%) BzO2H in Et20.

IT Peroxy acids

(manufacture of)

IT 93-59-4, Peroxybenzoic acid 13122-71-9, Peroxybutyric acid 123292-90-0, Peroxyacetic acid, 3α -hydroxy-11-oxo-5 β -pregnan-20-

ylidene ester, acetate
 (manufacture of)

IT 816-42-2, Peroxyacetic acid, chloro- 5796-85-0,

Peroxysebacic acid 5824-51-1,

Peroxyadipic acid 33734-57-5, Peroxyoctanoic acid

(preparation of)

IT 5796-85-0, Peroxysebacic acid 5824-51-1, Peroxyadipic acid

(preparation of)

RN 5796-85-0 HCAPLUS

CN Decanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 5824-51-1 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

=> d 185 all hitstr tot

L85 ANSWER 1 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2003:429246 HCAPLUS

DN 138:390861

ED Entered STN: 05 Jun 2003

TI Preparation of composite disinfectant

IN Guo, Ying; Zhang, Tiande; Zhang, Yi

PA Peop. Rep. China

SO Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 4 pp. CODEN: CNXXEV

DT Patent

LA Chinese

IC ICM A01N037-04

CC 63-5 (Pharmaceuticals)

FAN.CNT 1

AΒ

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

CN 1350785 A 20020529 CN 2000~129840 20001030 <--

PI CN 1350785 A
PRAI CN 2000-129840

20001030 <--

The title disinfectant is composed of chlorine dioxide and peroxyglutaric acid. The disinfectant is

highly effective, wide-spectrum, and low in toxicity.

ST disinfectant chlorine dioxide peroxyglutaric acid prepn

IT Antibacterial agents

Disinfectants

(preparation of composite disinfectant)

IT 10049-04-4, Chlorine dioxide 28317-46-6, Peroxyglutaric

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(preparation of composite disinfectant)

IT 28317-46-6, Peroxyglutaric acid RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (preparation of composite disinfectant) 28317-46-6 HCAPLUS Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) L85 ANSWER 2 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AN 2002:664090 HCAPLUS DN 137:175031 Entered STN: 04 Sep 2002 Disinfecting composition containing peroxyalkanedicarboxylates Zhang, Tiande; Guo, Ying; Zhang, Yi IN Peop. Rep. China PA Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 6 pp. CODEN: CNXXEV \mathbf{DT} Patent Chinese LA ICM A01N037-00 IC 63-8 (Pharmaceuticals) CC FAN.CNT 1 KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. PI CN 1320371 A 20011107 PRAI CN 2000-106205 20000425 <--CN 2000-106205 20000425 <--A disinfecting composition is composed of peroxypropane-1,3dicarboxylic acid 0-99, peroxyethane-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 0-99, H3PO4 or urea as stabilizing agent 0.2-0.3, ethanol or nonionics as synergist 0.2-70, and addnl. water to 100%. The composition is prepared by mixing, and treating with ionizing radiation. The product is highly effective, and wide-spectrum. disinfectant dicarboxylic acid peroxyalkane Disinfectants IT(disinfecting composition containing peroxyalkanedicarboxylates) IT 2279-96-1, Butanediperoxoic acid 28317-46-6, Pentanediperoxoic acid RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (disinfecting composition containing peroxyalkanedicarboxylates) 2279-96-1, Butanediperoxoic acid 28317-46-6, TT Pentanediperoxoic acid RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (disinfecting composition containing peroxyalkanedicarboxylates) 2279-96-1 HCAPLUS RN

$$^{\circ}_{\parallel}$$
 но- $^{\circ}_{\text{C-}}$ Сн $_2$ - Сн $_2$ - с- $^{\circ}_{\text{C-}}$ Он

RN 28317-46-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Butanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Detergents

IT

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L85 ANSWER 3 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
    2002:123162 HCAPLUS
DN
    136:169474
    Entered STN: 15 Feb 2002
ED
ΤI
    Pasty peracids
    Shamayeli, Khalil; Merz, Thomas
IN
    Henkel Ecolab G.m.b.H. & Co., o.H.G., Germany
PA
    PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.
SO
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
LΑ
    German
    ICM C11D017-00
TC
     ICS C11D017-04; B65D077-22; C11D003-39; C11D011-00
     46-6 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                           _____
    WO 2002012431
                     A1 20020214
                                          WO 2001-EP9027 20010804 <--
PΙ
        W: AU, BR, CA, JP, PL, US
        RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE, TR
    DE 10039031 A1 20020228
AU 2001082068 A5 20020218
                                          DE 2000-10039031 20000810 <--
                                          AU 2001-82068
                                                           20010804 <--
PRAI DE 2000-10039031 A
                            20000810 <--
    WO 2001-EP9027
                           20010804
OS
    MARPAT 136:169474
    Active O-containing pastes, useful as bleaches, washing agents and
AB
    disinfectants, contain (a) H2O2 and/or ≥1 H2O-soluble
    percarboxylic acids or their anions, (b) ≥1 viscosity-enhancing
     components, e.g., polyvinylpyrrolidone, fatty acids, amine oxides,
     phosphonate esters, fatty alcs. or phthalamidopercarboxylic acid (PAP),
     with the proviso that (a) is different from PAP, (c) H2O and, optionally,
     further adjuvants and active agents. For example, a paste containing H2O2 24,
     phthalimidoperhexanoic acid 40, caprylic acid 8, a phosphate ester
     (unspecified) 5, phosphonate stabilizer (unspecified) 3,
     acrylate-maleate copolymer (Sokalan) 5 and ethoxylated (15 EO) tallow
     alcs. 10% had Brookfield viscosity (25°) 80,000.
     peracid paste manuf viscosity enhancement; hydrogen peroxide paste manuf
ST
     viscosity enhancement; phthalimidoperhexanoic acid paste manuf viscosity
     enhancement; polyvinylpyrrolidone viscosity enhancer hydrogen peroxide
     paste manuf; fatty acid viscosity enhancer peracid paste manuf
     Peroxy acids
IT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (active oxygen-containing pastes with increased viscosity)
ΙT
     Bleaching agents
       Disinfectants
        (active oxygen-containing pastes with increased viscosity for use as)
IT
     Alcohols, uses
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (fatty, viscosity enhancers; active oxygen-containing pastes with increased
        viscosity)
IT
     Amine oxides
     Fatty acids, uses
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (viscosity enhancers; active oxygen-containing pastes with increased
        viscosity)
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qazi - 10/ 052908
        (washing agents; active oxygen-containing pastes with increased viscosity
        for use as)
                                     7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, uses
    124-07-2, Caprylic acid, uses
IT
     9003-39-8, Polyvinylpyrrolidone 128275-31-0, Phthalimidoperhexanoic acid
    398143-67-4
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (active oxygen-containing pastes with increased viscosity)
    7664-38-2D, Phosphoric acid, esters
TT
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (acyclic; active oxygen-containing pastes with increased viscosity)
TT
     15477-76-6D, Phosphonate, esters
    RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (viscosity enhancers; active oxygen-containing pastes with increased
        viscosity)
              THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT 11
RE
(1) Chazard, G; US 4801395 A 1989 HCAPLUS
(2) Colgate Palmolive Co; WO 0023555 A 2000 HCAPLUS
(3) Ellis, E; US 5962392 A 1999 HCAPLUS
(4) Franz-Josef, C; US 4610799 A 1986 HCAPLUS
(5) Henkel Ecolab & Co Ogh; DE 19739333 A 1999
(6) Henkel Kgaa; DE 19750455 C 1999 HCAPLUS
(7) Interox Chemicals Ltd; GB 2255507 A 1992 HCAPLUS
(8) Josa, J; US 5716924 A 1998 HCAPLUS
(9) Ledon, H; US 5616335 A 1997 HCAPLUS
(10) Theis, P; WO 9509770 A 1995
(11) Unilever Nv; EP 0442549 A 1991 HCAPLUS
IT
     398143-67-4
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (active oxygen-containing pastes with increased viscosity)
     398143-67-4 HCAPLUS
RN
     Butanediperoxoic acid, monoethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
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$$\begin{array}{c|c} \mathsf{O} & \mathsf{O} \\ || & || \\ \mathsf{HO}-\mathsf{O}-\mathsf{C}-\mathsf{CH}_2-\mathsf{CH}_2-\mathsf{C}-\mathsf{O}-\mathsf{OEt} \end{array}$$

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ANSWER 4 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L85
     2001:713075 HCAPLUS
AN
     135:253251
DN
     Entered STN: 28 Sep 2001
ED
    Antimicrobial compositions containing hydrogen peroxide and
    peroxycarboxylic acids
    Hilgren, John D.; Richter, Francis L.; Reinhart, Duane J.; Salverda, Joy
IN
    Α.
    Ecolab Inc., USA
PA
     PCT Int. Appl., 74 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
IC
     ICM A01N059-00
         A01N037-16; A01N037-16; A01N059-00; A01N037-36; A01N037-06;
          A01N037-04; A01N037-02; A01N033-12
CC
     5-2 (Agrochemical Bioregulators)
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                      ----
                            -----
                                                            20010307 <--
PΙ
     WO 2001070030
                      A2
                            20010927
                                           WO 2001-US7396
                     A3
     WO 2001070030
                            20020131
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
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CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
             HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
             LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
             SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU,
             ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                            20030930
                                           US 2000-532691
                                                            20000322 <--
     US 6627657
                       B1
                            20021218
                                           EP 2001-913350
                                                            20010307 <--
     EP 1265486
                       A2
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
                            20000322
                                     <--
PRAI US 2000-532691
                      Α
                            20010307
     WO 2001-US7396
     MARPAT 135:253251
os
     Compns. having antimicrobial activity against a variety of microorganisms,
AB
     including vegetative bacteria, bacterial spores, fungi, and fungal spores
     are particularly useful for microbiocidal treatments of a variety of
     substances. More specifically, compns. have antimicrobial activity
     against microorganisms of the Bacillus cereus group such as Bacillus
     cereus, Bacillus mycoides, Bacillus anthracis, and Bacillus thuringiensis
     are particularly useful. Compns. including hydrogen peroxide, a
     carboxylic acid R(COOH)n (R = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alicyclic group, aryl,
     heteroaryl, heterocyclic group; n = 1, 2, 3, and a peroxycarboxylic acid
     R(COOOH)n (R = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alicyclic group, aryl, heteroaryl,
     heterocyclic group; n = 1, 2, 3), in which the weight ratio of the
     peroxycarboxylic acid to the hydrogen peroxide is at least 4:1 are
     effective against microorganisms, particularly bacterial spores. Such
     compns. include a reduced amount of hydrogen peroxide relative to the amount
     of peroxycarboxylic acid as compared to conventional compns.
                                                                   Compns. can
     also include a quaternary ammonium compound, a stabilizing agent,
     a surfactant, a hydrotrope, or other additives. Methods of using a composition
     including hydrogen peroxide, a carboxylic acid, and a peroxycarboxylic
     acid in which the ratio of the peroxycarboxylic acid to the hydrogen
     peroxide is at least 4:1 are useful for reducing the microbial nos. on a
     variety of substances contaminated by microorganisms, particularly of the
     Bacillus cereus group. Such substances include foodstuffs, water,
     general-premise surfaces, specific-equipment surfaces, animal carcasses,
     soil, and textiles.
     antimicrobial hydrogen peroxide peroxycarboxylic acid Bacillus
ST
     Antibacterial agents
IT
     Antimicrobial agents
       Disinfectants
        (antimicrobial compns. containing hydrogen peroxide and peroxycarboxylic
        acids)
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
IT
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
         (antimicrobial compns. containing hydrogen peroxide and peroxycarboxylic
        acids)
IT
     Bacillus anthracis
     Bacillus cereus
     Bacillus mycoides
     Bacillus thuringiensis
         (antimicrobial compns. containing hydrogen peroxide and peroxycarboxylic
        acids against)
IT
     Spore
         (bacterial; antimicrobial compns. containing hydrogen peroxide and
        peroxycarboxylic acids against)
IΤ
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
```

(peroxy; antimicrobial compns. containing hydrogen peroxide and

peroxycarboxylic acids) 107-32-4, Peroxyformic acid 676~08-4, IT 79-21-0, Peroxyacetic acid 818-85-9, Peroxyheptanoic acid 2279-96-1 Peroxyundecanoic acid , Peroxysuccinic acid 2388-12-7, Peroxydodecanoic acid 3058-35-3. Peroxynonanoic acid 4212-43-5, Peroxypropanoic acid 5703-64-0 7722-84-1, hydrogen peroxide,, biological studies 13122-71-9. Peroxybutyric acid 14156-10-6, Peroxydecanoic acid 21860-08-2, Peroxyglycolic acid 28317-46-6, Peroxyglutaric 28384-48-7, Peroxypentanoic acid 33734-57-5, Peroxyoctanoic acid 127542-88-5 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (antimicrobial compns. containing hydrogen peroxide and peroxycarboxylic acids) 2279-96-1, Peroxysuccinic acid 28317-46-6, IT Peroxyglutaric acid RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (antimicrobial compns. containing hydrogen peroxide and peroxycarboxylic acids) 2279-96-1 HCAPLUS RNButanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN- cH₂- CH₂- с- о- он 28317-46-6 HCAPLUS RNPentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN $HO-O-C-(CH_2)_3-C-O-OH$ ANSWER 5 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L85 2001:545466 HCAPLUS ANDN 135:127208 Entered STN: 27 Jul 2001 EDControl of microbial populations in the gastrointestinal tract of animals TI McKenzie, K. Scott; Giletto, Anthony; Hitchens, G. IN Duncan; Hargis, Billy M.; Herron, Kelly L. Lynntech, Inc., USA PA PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp. SO CODEN: PIXXD2 DTPatent LAEnglish ICM A61K031-00 IC ICS A01N037-16; A01N059-00 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals) Section cross-reference(s): 18 FAN.CNT 1 APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE _____ WO 2001052827 A1 WO 2000-US8316 20000329 <--20010726 PΤ AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP,

KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA,

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UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE,
             DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF,
             CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    US 6342528
                      В1
                            20020129
                                           US 2000-487966
                                                            20000118 <--
                                           EP 2000-919803
                                                            20000329 <--
    EP 1248601
                       A1
                            20021016
    EP 1248601
                            20030910
                      В1
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL
                      E
                            20030915
                                          AT 2000-919803
                                                            20000329 <--
    AT 249210
                                           US 2001-981669
                                                            20011017 <--
    US 2002115719
                      A1
                            20020822
                            20030211
    US 6518307
                      B2
PRAI US 2000-487966
                            20000118 <--
                      Α
     WO 2000-US8316
                            20000329 <--
                       W
    MARPAT 135:127208
OS
    Biocides for ingestion by live animals contain an aqueous solution of a peracid
AB
     compound or a mixture of an organic acid and an inorg. peroxide and methods for
     controlling microbial contamination in the gastrointestinal tract of live
     animals. Peroxy compds. such as peracetic acid, perlactic acid, or
    percitric acid were added to drinking water for broiler chickens and the
    biocidal activity evaluated.
    peracid drinking water animal antimicrobial
ST
IT
    Antimicrobial agents
     Campylobacter
     Digestive tract
     Drinking waters
     Escherichia coli
    Helicobacter
    Listeria
     Poultry
     Salmonella
        (control of microbial populations in the gastrointestinal tract of
        animals)
TT
     Peroxy acids
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (control of microbial populations in the gastrointestinal tract of
        animals)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (oral; control of microbial populations in the gastrointestinal tract
        of animals)
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
ΙT
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (peroxy; control of microbial populations in the gastrointestinal tract
        of animals)
                                         79-21-0, Peracetic acid
TΤ
     75-91-2, tert-Butyl hydroperoxide
                                                                   93-59-4D,
                                94-36-0, Benzoyl peroxide, biological studies
     Perbenzoic acid, derivs.
                                123-23-9, Succinyl peroxide 818-85-9,
     107-32-4, Performic acid
     Heptaneperoxoic acid 2388-12-7, Perlauric acid
                                                       3058-35-3, Pernonanoic
            3851-97-6, Monoperglutaric acid 4212-43-5, Perpropionic acid
     13122-71-9, Perbutyric acid
                                   21860-08-2, Perglycolic acid
     28317-46-6, Diperglutaric acid 33734-57-5,
                        75033-25-9, Perlactic acid
                                                     115900-27-1, Magnesium
     Peroctanoic acid
                       127542-88-5
     peroxyphthalate
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (control of microbial populations in the gastrointestinal tract of
     50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
                                                64-19-7, Acetic acid,
TΤ
                         77-92-9, Citric acid, biological studies
                                                                     7664-93-9,
     biological studies
     Sulfuric acid, biological studies 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide,
     biological studies
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
```

(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(control of microbial populations in the gastrointestinal tract of animals)

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

- (1) Aquaclear International Limited; WO 9108981 A 1991 HCAPLUS
- (2) Interox Chemicals Limited; EP 0233731 A 1987 HCAPLUS
- (3) Jean-Paul, H; US 4726948 A 1988 HCAPLUS
- (4) Semper, A; WO 9726908 A 1997 HCAPLUS

IT 28317-46-6, Diperglutaric acid

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(control of microbial populations in the gastrointestinal tract of animals)

RN 28317-46-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L85 ANSWER 6 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2001:489267 HCAPLUS

DN 135:82069

ED Entered STN: 06 Jul 2001

- TI Methods and agents for cleaning and **disinfecting** fragile medical appliances
- IN Biering, Holger; Glasmacher, Rudolf; Schwidden, Hubert; Sorns, Joerg

PA Henkel Ecolab G.m.b.H. + Co. o.H.G., Germany

SO PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA German

IC ICM A61L002-00

CC 63-8 (Pharmaceuticals)

FAN.CNT 1

L'ATA .	~IA T	_																
	PATENT NO.			KI	ND	DATE			AI	PLI	CATI	ON No	٥.	DATE				
PI	WO	WO 2001047565			A:	A2 20010705			WO 2000-EP12693					20001214 <				
	WO	2001	04756	65	A3		20030320											
		W :	AU,	BR,	CA,	CN,	ΗŪ,	ΡL,	SG,	TR,	US,	zA						
		RW:	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,
			PT,	SE,	TR													
	DÈ	DE 19962344 A1				1	20010712			DI	DE 1999-19962344				19991223 <			
	EΡ	EP 1313515			A2 20030528				EI	EP 2000-991186			20001214 <					
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	, NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			ΙE,	FI,	CY,	TR												
	US	2003	1393	11	A	1	2003	0724		US	3 20	02-1	6873	8	2002	1002	<	
PRAI	DE	1999	-1996	62344	4 A		1999	1223	<	-								
	WO	2000	-EP12	2693	W		2000	1214	<	-								

OS MARPAT 135:82069

AB The invention relates to the use of agents, which contain at least one disinfection system based on selected organic peracids and combinations of peracids, in automatically functioning systems, in which fragile medical appliances, in particular, endoscopes, are cleaned and disinfected. According to the invention, the appliances are brought into contact with an aqueous disinfection agent solution after they have been treated and/or at the same time they are being treated with an aqueous cleaning solution. The invention also relates to cleaning and

ST IT

IT

IT

IT

IT

IT

IT

TT

ΙT

```
disinfection agents and methods which are all suited for carrying
 out this purpose.
 peracid disinfection medical instrument endoscope
 Medical equipment
    (instruments; methods and agents for cleaning and disinfecting
    fragile medical appliances)
 Disinfectants
 Endoscopes
  Sterilization and Disinfection
 Surfactants
Temperature effects, biological
    (methods and agents for cleaning and disinfecting fragile
   medical appliances)
Phosphates, biological studies
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process);
USES (Uses)
    (methods and agents for cleaning and disinfecting fragile
   medical appliances)
Fatty acids, biological studies
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic
use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
    (methods and agents for cleaning and disinfecting fragile
   medical appliances)
Carboxylic acids, reactions
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
   (methods and agents for cleaning and disinfecting fragile
   medical appliances)
Carboxylic acids, biological studies
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
   (peroxy; methods and agents for cleaning and disinfecting
   fragile medical appliances)
Siloxanes (nonpolymeric)
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process);
USES (Uses)
   (surfactants; methods and agents for cleaning and disinfecting
   fragile medical appliances)
79-21-0, peracetic acid 2279-96-1, Persuccinic acid
                                                       4212-43-5,
Perpropionic acid 5824-51-1, Peradipic acid
21860-08-2, Perglycolic acid 28317-46-6, Perglutaric
       33734-57-5, Peroctanoic acid 128275-31-0,
Phthalimidoperhexanoic acid 347400-05-9 347400-06-0
347400-07-1
              347839-46-7
                            347839-47-8
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
   (methods and agents for cleaning and disinfecting fragile
   medical appliances)
7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, formation (nonpreparative)
RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)
   (methods and agents for cleaning and disinfecting fragile
   medical appliances)
2279-96-1, Persuccinic acid 5824-51-1, Peradipic
acid 28317-46-6, Perglutaric acid
347400-05-9 347400-06-0 347400-07-1
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
```

(methods and agents for cleaning and disinfecting fragile

medical appliances)

RN 2279-96-1 HCAPLUS

CN Butanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 5824-51-1 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 28317-46-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 347400-05-9 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanediperoxoic acid, monomethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 347400-06-0 HCAPLUS

CN Butanediperoxoic acid, monomethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 347400-07-1 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanediperoxoic acid, monomethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L85 ANSWER 7 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2001:489181 HCAPLUS

DN 135:82067

ED Entered STN: 06 Jul 2001

TI Peroxy acids esters with excellent surface adhesion for surface disinfection and cleaning.

IN Bragulla, Siegfried; Laufenberg, Alfred; Kluschanzoff, Harald

```
PA
     Henkel Ecolab G.m.b.H. + Co. o.H.G., Germany
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     German
TC
     ICM A01N037-16
         A01N025-30; C11D003-48; A01N037-16; A01N059-00; A01N037-16;
          A01N037-04; A01N037-02
     63-8 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 5
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     ---- ----
                           _____
                                           -----
     WO 2001047359 A2
PΙ
                            20010705
                                          WO 2000-EP12689 20001214 <--
     WO 2001047359
                     A3
                            20020516
         W: US
         RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE, TR
     DE 19962342
                      A1
                            20010712
                                          DE 1999-19962342 19991223 <--
     EP 1239730
                      A2
                            20020918
                                          EP 2000-990742
                                                            20001214 <--
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     US 2003133956
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                            20030717
                                          US 2002-168612
                                                           20020624 <--
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                            20040127
     US 2003220216
                       A1
                            20031127
                                          US 2003-462454
                                                          20030616 <--
PRAI DE 1999-19962342 A
                            19991223 <--
     WO 2000-EP12689 W
                            20001214 <--
     US 2002-168612
                      A3
                            20020624
os
     MARPAT 135:82067
AB
     The invention relates to the use of peroxy acid esters for improving
     surface adhesion during the disinfection of surfaces and to
     synergistic antimicrobial combinations of peroxy acid esters and addnl.
     constituents, such as the corresponding alcs. and the free peroxy acids.
ST
     peroxy acid ester surface disinfectant cleanser
IT
     Peroxy acids
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (esters; surface disinfection and cleaning agents containing)
TT
     Peroxides, biological studies
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (fatty alkyl, carboxy; surface disinfection and cleaning
        agents containing peroxy acids esters and)
ΙT
     Fatty acids, biological studies
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (peroxy; surface disinfection and cleaning agents containing
       peroxy acids esters and)
TΤ
    Disinfectants
    Scouring agents
        (surface disinfection and cleaning agents containing peroxy acids
       esters and)
IT
    347400-05-9 347400-06-0 347400-07-1
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (surface disinfection and cleaning agents containing)
IT
    67-56-1, Methanol, biological studies 79-21-0, Peracetic acid
    2279-96-1, Persuccinic acid
                                  4212-43-5, Perpropionic acid
    5824-51-1D, Peradipic acid, 1
    28317-46-6, Perglutaric acid
                                   128275-31-0
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
    (Uses)
        (surface disinfection and cleaning agents containing peroxy acids
```

esters and)

IT 347400-05-9 347400-06-0 347400-07-1

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(surface disinfection and cleaning agents containing)

RN 347400-05-9 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanediperoxoic acid, monomethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 347400-06-0 HCAPLUS

CN Butanediperoxoic acid, monomethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 347400-07-1 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanediperoxoic acid, monomethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 2279-96-1, Persuccinic acid 5824-51-1D,

Peradipic acid, 1 28317-46-6,

Perglutaric acid

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(surface **disinfection** and cleaning agents containing peroxy acids esters and)

RN 2279-96-1 HCAPLUS

CN Butanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 5824-51-1 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 28317-46-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

delicate fabrics)

```
L85 ANSWER 8 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
    2001:488498 HCAPLUS
DN
    135:78599
    Entered STN: 06 Jul 2001
    Peracid-containing disinfecting laundry composition for delicate
    fabrics and its application
IN
    Koerber, Heinz-otto; Merz, Thomas; Roth, Christian; Meyer, Bernhard
    Henkel-Ecolab G.m.b.H. & Co Ohg, Germany
    Ger. Offen., 10 pp.
    CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
    Patent
LA
    German
IC
    ICM D06L003-02
    ICS D06L001-22
    46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
FAN.CNT 1
                     KIND DATE
    PATENT NO.
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
    DE 19962343
ΡI
                    A1 20010705
                                         DE 1999-19962343 19991223 <--
    WO 2001048136 A1 20010705
                                         WO 2000-EP12695 20001214 <--
        W: CA, PL, US
        RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
            PT, SE, TR
    EP 1240300
                     Al
                           20020918
                                         EP 2000-983318
                                                           20001214 <--
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, FI, CY, TR
    US 2003045443
                    A1
                           20030306
                                          US 2002-168426 20020621 <--
    US 6693069
                    B2 20040217
PRAI DE 1999-19962343 A
                           19991223 <--
    WO 2000-EP12695 W
                           20001214
                                    <--
os
    MARPAT 135:78599
    Disinfecting compns. for washing of delicate textiles comprise a
AB
    combination of peracid and at least one fatty acid and/or at least one
    hydrotrope and or at least one surfactant and/or at least one
    complex-forming component. An example comprised 10% perglutaric
    acid monomethyl ester solution 80, alkylbenzenesulfonate 10, and
    water 10 weight%; application to wool showed effectiveness on S. aureus and
    E. coli without excessive adverse effects on the phys. properties of the
    fabric.
    peracid disinfectant laundering delicate fabric
ST
IT
    Surfactants
        (amphoteric; in peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns.
       for delicate fabrics)
TΤ
    Surfactants
        (anionic; in peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for
       delicate fabrics)
IT
    Surfactants
        (cationic; in peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for
       delicate fabrics)
    Amine oxides
TΤ
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (cocoalkyldimethyl; in peracid-containing disinfecting laundry
       compns. for delicate fabrics)
IT
    Disinfectants
       (detergent; peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for
```

IT Detergents (disinfectant; peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for delicate fabrics) IT (in peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for delicate fabrics) ΙT Protein hydrolyzates RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process) (in peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for delicate IT Amine oxides RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (in peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for delicate IT Fatty acids, uses RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (in peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for delicate IT Detergents (laundry; peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for delicate fabrics) TT Surfactants (nonionic; in peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for delicate fabrics) ITAcetate fibers, processes Acrylic fibers, processes Polyamide fibers, processes Rayon, processes RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process) (peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for delicate fabrics) IT Carboxylic acids, uses RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (peroxy; peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for delicate fabrics) IT Rayon, processes RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process) (reconstituted; peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for delicate fabrics) TΤ Textiles (silk; peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for delicate fabrics) Textiles IT (wool; peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for delicate fabrics) TΤ 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, uses RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (in peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for delicate fabrics) TΤ 98-11-3D, Benzenesulfonic acid, alkyl derivs., salts, uses Octanoic acid, uses 3944-72-7D, 1-Octanesulfonic acid, salts 5324-84-5, Sodium 1-octanesulfonate 7440-21-3D, Silicon, compds., uses 7664-38-2D, Phosphoric acid, esters, uses 25155~19-5D, Naphthalenesulfonic acid, salts 25321-41-9D, Xylenesulfonic acid, salts RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (in peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for delicate fabrics) IT 347400-06-0 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered

material use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(monomethyl ester; peracid-containing disinfecting laundry

compns. for delicate fabrics)

TT 79-21-0, Peracetic acid 2279-96-1, Butanediperoxoic acid 4212-43-5, Perpropionic acid 5824-51-1, Hexanediperoxoic

acid 28317-46-6, Pentanediperoxoic

acid 33734-57-5, Peroctanoic acid 128275-31-0

347400-05-9 347400-07-1 347839-46-7

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(peracid-containing **disinfecting** laundry compns. for delicate fabrics)

IT 347400-06-0

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(monomethyl ester; peracid-containing disinfecting laundry compns. for delicate fabrics)

RN 347400-06-0 HCAPLUS

CN Butanediperoxoic acid, monomethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 2279-96-1, Butanediperoxoic acid 5824-51-1,

Hexanediperoxoic acid 28317-46-6,

Pentanediperoxoic acid 347400-05-9

347400-07-1

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(peracid-containing **disinfecting** laundry compns. for delicate fabrics)

RN 2279-96-1 HCAPLUS

CN Butanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$_{\rm HO-O-C-CH_2-CH_2-C-O-OH}^{\rm O}$$

RN 5824-51-1 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN: 28317-46-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 347400-05-9 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanediperoxoic acid, monomethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 347400-07-1 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanediperoxoic acid, monomethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
L85 ANSWER 9 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
```

AN 2000:351405 HCAPLUS

DN 133:3966

ED Entered STN: 26 May 2000

TI Beverage manufacture and cold aseptic bottling using peroxyacid antimicrobial composition

IN Richter, Francis L.; Cords, Bruce R.; Besse, Michael E.; Nogami, Kenji

PA Ecolab Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 57 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61L002-18

ICS B65B055-10

CC 17-4 (Food and Feed Chemistry)

FAN.CNT 1

FAN.	CNT	1																
	PAT	CENT :	NO.		KII	ND	DATE			AP	PLI	CATI	ON NO	ο.	DATE			
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		RW:	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,
			PT,	SE														
	US	6326	032		В:	1	2001	1204		US	19	98-1	9575	C	1998	1118	<	
	ΑU	9965	205		A:	1	2000	0605		AU	19	99-6	5205		1999	1018	<	
	ΑU	7606	79		B	2	2003	0522										
	BR	9915	324		Α		2001	0807		BR	19	99-1	5324		1999	1018	<	
	ΕP	1133	320		A.	1	2001	0919		EP	19	99-9	5323	0	1999	1018	<	
	ΕP	1133	320		B	1	2003	1203										
		R:	AT.	BE.	CH.	DE.	DK.	ES.	FR.	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			IE,		,	,	,	,		•	•	•	•	·		•		
	JΡ	2002	5291	13	T:	2	2002	0910		JP	200	00-5	82083	3	1999	1018	<	
	TW	4318	95		В		2001	0501		TW	19	99-8	8120	049	1999	1210	<	
PRAT		1998			_			1118										
	-	1999						1018										
	,,,	200	002						. `	_				_				

AB A peroxyacid antimicrobial comprises a C1-4 peroxycarboxylic acid or a C1-4 peroxycarboxylic acid combined with a C6-18 peroxy acid in beverage processing. The combination of these materials produces a synergistic effect, providing a much more potent biocide than can be obtained by using these components sep. Other components can be added to the composition such as hydrotrope coupling agents, **stabilizers**, etc. An effective antimicrobial solution is formed at low concns. when the concentrate

composition is

diluted with water to a pH in the range of about 2-8. Thus, the peroxycarboxylic acid may comprise peroxyacetic or peroxyglycolic acids; the peroxy acids may include peroxyoctanoic acid, peroxydecanoic acid, etc. The composition may be used to sanitize fixed, "in-place" processing lines in dairies, breweries, and other food and beverage processing operations. A further use is in processes including aseptic cold filling

```
of beverage containers such as cans, glass bottles or 2-L PET bottles.
    beverage bottling antimicrobial peroxy acid
ST
IT
    Peroxy acids
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study);
     USES (Uses)
        (C6-18; beverage manufacture and cold aseptic bottling using peroxyacid
        antimicrobial composition)
IT
    Fatty acids, biological studies
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (C8-10; beverage manufacture and cold aseptic bottling using peroxyacid
        antimicrobial composition)
IT
     Antimicrobial agents
     Arthrinium
     Arthrinium sacchari
     Bottles
     Canning
     Chaetomium
     Chaetomium bostrychodes
       Cleaning
     Escherichia coli
     Fungicides
     Hydrotropes
     Staphylococcus aureus
        (beverage manufacture and cold aseptic bottling using peroxyacid
        antimicrobial composition)
ΤТ
     Tea products
        (beverages; beverage manufacture and cold aseptic bottling using peroxyacid
        antimicrobial composition)
IT
     Beverages
        (carbonated; beverage manufacture and cold aseptic bottling using peroxyacid
        antimicrobial composition)
IT
     Beverages
        (fruit drinks; beverage manufacture and cold aseptic bottling using
        peroxyacid antimicrobial composition)
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
TT
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study);
     USES (Uses)
        (peroxy, C1-4; beverage manufacture and cold aseptic bottling using
        peroxyacid antimicrobial composition)
IΤ
     Beverages
        (plant; beverage manufacture and cold aseptic bottling using peroxyacid
        antimicrobial composition)
     79-21-0, Peroxyacetic acid
                                  5106-46-7, Peroxyhexanoic acid
IT
     5796-85-0, Diperoxysebacic acid
     5824-51-1, Diperoxyadipic acid
                                      7722-84-1,
                                            14156-10-6, Peroxydecanoic acid
     Hydrogen peroxide, biological studies
                                      33734-57-5, Peroxyoctanoic acid
     21860-08-2, Peroxyglycolic acid
                  93691-93-1
     77155-29-4
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study);
     USES (Uses)
         (beverage manufacture and cold aseptic bottling using peroxyacid
        antimicrobial composition)
     270904-17-1, NAS 8D
IT
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (beverage manufacture and cold aseptic bottling using peroxyacid
        antimicrobial composition)
     2809-21-4, Dequest 2010
IT
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
```

(chelating agent; beverage manufacture and cold aseptic bottling using

peroxyacid antimicrobial composition)

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

- (1) Ecolab Incorporated; WO 9201669 A1 1992 HCAPLUS
- (2) Henkel KGAA; DE 4443177 A1 1996 HCAPLUS
- (3) Interox Chemicals Limited; GB 2257630 A 1993 HCAPLUS
- 5796-85-0, Diperoxysebacic acid 5824-51-1, Diperoxyadipic acid

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(beverage manufacture and cold aseptic bottling using peroxyacid antimicrobial composition)

5796-85-0 HCAPLUS RN

Decanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

RN 5824-51-1 HCAPLUS

Hexanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L85 ANSWER 10 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

2000:140634 HCAPLUS $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{N}$

DN 132:179839

Entered STN: 01 Mar 2000 ED

Sterilization of meat products and antimicrobial compositions TI

Gutzmann, Timothy A.; Anderson, Brian J.; Reed, Pamela J.; Cords, Bruce R.; Grab, Lawrence A.; Richardson, Edward H.

PAEcolab Inc., USA

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 65 pp. so CODEN: JKXXAF

Patent DT

Japanese

IC ICM A23B004-12

ICS A23B004-14

CC 17-4 (Food and Feed Chemistry)

FAN.CNT 4

		*								
	PA"	TENT NO.	KIND	DATE		AP	PLICATION NO.	DATE		
PI	JP	2000060418	A2	20000229		JP	1999-231086	19990818	<	
	US	6010729	Α	20000104		US	1998-137242	19980820	<	
	US	6113963	A	20000905		US	1999-368452	19990820	<	
PRAI	US	1998-137242	Α	19980820	<					
	US	1999-368452	Α	19990820	<					

AB Microbial population in meat products is reduced by treating the products with an antimicrobial composition comprising (i) an effective antimicrobial amount comprising ≥2 ppm of ≥1 C≤12 mono- or diperoxycarboxylic acids and (ii) an effective antimicrobial amount

comprising ≥20 ppm of ≥1 C≤18 carboxylic acids.

Treatment of prerigor beef samples with a combination of (a) steam, (b) a composition containing H2O, peroxyacetic acid-peroxyoctanoic acid mixture, H202,

AcOH, octanoic acid, hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid, and Na

```
octane-mixed mono- and (d) sterile water rinse reduced average CFU
     at log10 reduction 2.55.
ST
     meat product sterilization peroxycarboxylic acid lactate
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study);
     USES (Uses)
        (C1-18; sterilization of meat products with antimicrobial
        compns. containing mono- or diperoxycarboxylic acids and
        carboxylic acids)
IT
     Meat
        (beef; sterilization of meat products with antimicrobial
        compns. containing mono- or diperoxycarboxylic acids and carboxylic acids)
TT
        (chicken; sterilization of meat products with antimicrobial
        compns. containing mono- or diperoxycarboxylic acids and carboxylic acids)
TT
     Meat
        (game hen; sterilization of meat products with antimicrobial
        compns. containing mono- or diperoxycarboxylic acids and carboxylic acids)
IT
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study);
     USES (Uses)
        (hydroxy, C3-6; sterilization of meat products with
        antimicrobial compns. containing mono- or diperoxycarboxylic
        acids and carboxylic acids)
IT
    Meat
        (lamb; sterilization of meat products with antimicrobial
        compns. containing mono- or diperoxycarboxylic acids and carboxylic acids)
IT
     Buffalo
     Buffalo
     Pheasant
     Struthio camelus
        (meat; sterilization of meat products with antimicrobial
        compns. containing mono- or diperoxycarboxylic acids and carboxylic acids)
     Solvents
IT
        (organic; sterilization of meat products with antimicrobial
        compns. containing mono- or diperoxycarboxylic acids and carboxylic acids)
TT
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study);
    USES (Uses)
        (peroxy, C≤12; sterilization of meat products with
        antimicrobial compns. containing mono- or diperoxycarboxylic
        acids and carboxylic acids)
IT
        (pork; sterilization of meat products with antimicrobial
        compns. containing mono- or diperoxycarboxylic acids and carboxylic acids)
IT
    Antibacterial agents
    Antimicrobial agents
    Crab
    Escherichia coli
    Gelation agents
    Hydrotropes
    Lobster
    Mussel
    Octopus (molluscan common name)
    Pathogen
    Scallop
    Sequestering agents
    Shrimp
    Squid
       Sterilization and Disinfection
```

```
Thickening agents
        (sterilization of meat products with antimicrobial compns.
        containing mono- or diperoxycarboxylic acids and carboxylic acids)
IT
     Meat
        (turkey; sterilization of meat products with antimicrobial
        compns. containing mono- or diperoxycarboxylic acids and carboxylic acids)
IT
     Meat
        (veal; sterilization of meat products with antimicrobial
        compns. containing mono- or diperoxycarboxylic acids and carboxylic acids)
IT
     Meat
     Meat
        (water buffalo; sterilization of meat products with
        antimicrobial compns. containing mono- or diperoxycarboxylic acids and
        carboxylic acids)
IT
     2809-21-4, 1-Hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid
     RL: FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (sequestering agent; sterilization of meat products with
        antimicrobial compns. containing mono- or diperoxycarboxylic acids and
        carboxylic acids)
TT
     50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
                                                64-19-7, Acetic acid,
                          79-21-0, Peroxyacetic acid 124-07-2, Octanoic acid,
     biological studies
                          7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, biological studies
     biological studies
     14156-10-6, Peroxydecanoic acid
                                      33734-57-5, Peroxyoctanoic acid
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study);
     USES (Uses)
        (sterilization of meat products with antimicrobial compns.
        containing mono- or diperoxycarboxylic acids and carboxylic acids)
L85 ANSWER 11 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
    1999:808289 HCAPLUS
DN
    132:85125
    Entered STN: 23 Dec 1999
ED
     Corrosion resistance of medical steels in peroxidate-based
     disinfecting solutions
ΑU
    Roi, I. D.; Sevidova, E. K.; Blazheevskii, N. E.; Levitin, E. Ya.
     Ukrainian Pharmaceutical Academy, Kharkov, 310002, Ukraine
CS
     Protection of Metals (Translation of Zashchita Metallov) (1999),
SO
     35(6), 589-591
     CODEN: PTNMAR; ISSN: 0033-1732
PΒ
    MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing
DT
    Journal
    English
LA
CC
    72-6 (Electrochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 55, 63
     The results of electrochem. and gravimetric studies of the corrosion
AΒ
    resistance of medical steels of the 12Kh18N10T and 4Kh13 types in
    disinfecting solns. containing carboxylic acid peroxides are set
     forth. Solns. based on diperoxyadipic acid (Nebis)
     and water-tert-butanol mixture of monoperoxycarboxylic acids (C7-C9)
     (Peronix) were characterized by a lower corrosivity than those based on
     formic and acetic acids.
ST
     corrosion resistance medical steel peroxidate based disinfecting
    Peroxy acids
IT
    RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
    process); PRP (Properties); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (C7-9; corrosion resistance of medical steels in disinfecting
        solns. containing a mixture of C7-C9 monoperoxycarboxylic acids in
        tert-Butanol/H2O (Peronix))
    Disinfectants
ΙT
```

(corrosion resistance of medical steels in solns. containing)

IT

Tools

(medical; corrosion resistance of medical steels in peroxidate-based disinfecting solns.)

IT Corrosion

Electrolytic polarization

(of medical steels in disinfecting solns.)

IT '7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, uses

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(corrosion resistance of medical steels in **disinfecting** solns. containing)

IT 59593-05-4, Desoxon

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (corrosion resistance of medical steels in disinfecting

solns. containing Desoxon)

IT 79-21-0, Desoxon 1

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(corrosion resistance of medical steels in **disinfecting** solns. containing Desoxon-1)

IT 254106-20-2, Nebis

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(corrosion resistance of medical steels in **disinfecting** solns. containing Nebis)

IT 60918-61-8, Pervomur

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (corrosion resistance of medical steels in **disinfecting**

solns. containing Pervomur)

solns. containing aqueous tert-Bu alc. and Peronix)

IT 12597-69-2, Steel, properties 39412-98-1, 4Kh13 50947-31-4, 12Kh18N10T RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PROC (Process)

(corrosion resistance of medical steels in peroxidate-based ${\bf disinfecting}$ solns.)

RE.CNT 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE

- (1) Anon; OST (Branch Standard) 251-005-87 1988
- (2) Anon; OST (Branch Standard) 42-21-2-85 1985
- (3) Blazheevskii, N; UA 95020605 1995
- (4) Blazheevskii, N; Promislova vlasnost 1995, 1, P3.11
- (5) Chekhina, T; Zashch Met 1987, V23(2), P275
- (6) Freiman, L; Potentiostatic Methods in the Study of Corrosion and Electrochemical Protection 1972
- (7) Freiman, L; Potentsiostaticheskie metody v korrozionnykh issledovaniyakh i elektrokhimicheskoi zashchite 1972
- (8) Kazhdan, V; Instruction for the Application of Pervomur in the Sterilization of Surgical Tools Suture Materials and Surgeon's Gloves 1972
- (9) Kazhdan, V; Instruktsiya po primeneniyu Pervomura dlya sterilizatsii khirurgicheskikh instrumentov shovnogo materiala i khirurgicheskikh perchatok 1972
- (10) Khachatryan, E; Zashch Met 1978, V14(3), P326 HCAPLUS
- (11) Kuznetsov, S; Zashch Met 1975, V11(6), P726
- (12) Marshakov, A; Zashch Met 1994, V30(3), P238 HCAPLUS
- (13) Mikhailovskii, Y; Zashch Met 1986, V22(5), P692 HCAPLUS
- (14) Molodov, A; Elektrokhimiya 1982, V18(8), P1068 HCAPLUS
- L85 ANSWER 12 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

```
AN
    1999:113923 HCAPLUS
DN
     130:172756
ED
    Entered STN: 19 Feb 1999
ΤI
    Agent for oxidative treatment of human hair
    Till, Lothar; Guenther, Dirk; Goebe, Matthias
IN
PΑ
    Germany
    Ger. Offen., 4 pp.
SO
    CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
    Patent
    German
T.A
IC
     ICM A61K007-135
     62-3 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     -----
    DE 19733841
                     A1 19990211
                                         DE 1997-19733841 19970805 <--
PΤ
PRAI DE 1997-19733841
                          19970805 <--
    Peroxy derivs. of carboxylic acids are stable sources of active
     (nascent) O in dry compns. for bleaching, lightening, blonding, and
     decolorizing the hair. These compds. show good dermatol. properties,
    water solubility, and biodegradability. Release of active O from the compds.
     is regulated by constituents in the composition which regulate the alkalinity,
so as
     th prevent the decrease in O release rate which otherwise occurs in the
     2nd half of the treatment time. These constituents comprise pH
    regulators, pH buffers, and catalysts. Thus, an 8% aqueous solution of Mg
    monoperphthalate bleached hair approx. as rapidly as 8% aqueous H2O2 solution,
    but did so more uniformly, and oxidative damage to the hair was more
     isotropic than with H2O2. A suitable bleaching composition contained Mg
    monoperphthalate 30, calcined Na2CO3 10, NaH2PO4 10, ferrous gluconate
    0.05, and excipients to 100 weight% in powdered or granular form.
ST
    hair bleach peroxy acid; org peroxy acid hair bleach
    Buffers
TΤ
    Catalysts
    Grains (particles)
        (agent for oxidative treatment of human hair)
IT
    Carbonates, biological studies
    Per compounds
    Phosphates, biological studies
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (agent for oxidative treatment of human hair)
IT
    Reactive oxygen species
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (agent for oxidative treatment of human hair)
    Carboxylic acids, biological studies
IT
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (aromatic, peroxy; agent for oxidative treatment of human hair)
IT
    Hair preparations
        (bleaches; agent for oxidative treatment of human hair)
IT
    Carboxylic acids, biological studies
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (dicarboxylic, peroxy; agent for oxidative treatment of human hair)
IT
    Carboxylic acids, biological studies
    RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (peroxy; agent for oxidative treatment of human hair)
ΙT
    Cosmetics
        (powders; agent for oxidative treatment of human hair)
```

IT

(regulators of; agent for oxidative treatment of human hair) TT Carboxylic acids, biological studies RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (unsatd., dicarboxylic, peroxy; agent for oxidative treatment of human hair) ΤŢ 497-19-8, Sodium carbonate, biological studies 2311-91-3, Monoperoxyphthalic acid 3504-13-0 4565-24-6, Peroxymaleic acid 7558-80-7, Sodium dihydrogen phosphate 13252-21-6 21860-08-2, Peroxyglycolic acid 75033-25-9 109536-69-8 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (agent for oxidative treatment of human hair) 299-29-6, Ferrous gluconate IT RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); CAT (Catalyst use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (agent for oxidative treatment of human hair) IT 497-19-8, Sodium carbonate, biological studies 4565-24-6 , Peroxymaleic acid RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (agent for oxidative treatment of human hair) RN497-19-8 HCAPLUS CN Carbonic acid disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 Na

RN 4565-24-6 HCAPLUS CN 2-Butenediperoxoic acid, (2Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L85 ANSWER 13 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

Double bond geometry as shown.

AN1999:26332 HCAPLUS DN130:53987 ED Entered STN: 14 Jan 1999 TT Peracid-based composition for cleaning, disinfection, and decontamination of surfaces contaminated by toxic agents INLeuthy, Michel PAQuadrimex S. A., Fr. SO Fr. Demande, 18 pp. CODEN: FRXXBL DT Patent LA French IC ICM C11D003-39 ICS C11D001-835 CC 46-6 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents) FAN.CNT 1

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PATENT NO.
                   KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
     _____
                                         -----
    FR 2761080 A1 19980925
                                         FR 1997-3479 19970321 <--
PΙ
    FR 2761080
                    B1 20020719
PRAI FR 1997-3479
                      19970321 <--
    MARPAT 130:53987
AB
    Title compns., which are effective against toxic organophosphorus and
    organosulfur compds., contain organic peracids, quaternary ammonium
     surfactants, and nonionic surfactants.
     disinfectant detergent peracid surface; nonionic surfactant
ST
     disinfectant detergent surface; quaternary ammonium surfactant
     disinfectant detergent surface
     Phenols, uses
TΤ
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (alkyl; peracid-based composition for cleaning, disinfection, and
        decontamination of surfaces contaminated by toxic agents)
ΤТ
    Disinfectants
      Disinfectants
        (detergent; peracid-based composition for cleaning, disinfection,
        and decontamination of surfaces contaminated by toxic agents)
IΤ
    Detergents
    Detergents
        (disinfectant; peracid-based composition for cleaning,
        disinfection, and decontamination of surfaces contaminated by
        toxic agents)
TT
    Fatty acids, uses
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (esters; peracid-based composition for cleaning, disinfection, and
        decontamination of surfaces contaminated by toxic agents)
IT
    Fatty acids, uses
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (ethoxylated; peracid-based composition for cleaning, disinfection
        , and decontamination of surfaces contaminated by toxic agents)
IT
    Surfactants
        (nonionic; peracid-based composition for cleaning, disinfection,
        and decontamination of surfaces contaminated by toxic agents)
IT
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
    Quaternary ammonium compounds, uses
    Thiols (organic), uses
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (peracid-based composition for cleaning, disinfection, and
        decontamination of surfaces contaminated by toxic agents)
ΙT
    Carboxylic acids, uses
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (peroxy, organic; peracid-based composition for cleaning, disinfection
         and decontamination of surfaces contaminated by toxic agents)
IT
     57-09-0, Cetyltrimethylammonium bromide 79-21-0, Peracetic acid
     112-02-7, Cetyltrimethylammonium chloride
                                              122-18-9,
                                         2388-12-7, Perdodecanoic acid
    Benzylcetyldimethylammonium chloride
    3529-04-2, Cetylbenzyldimethylammonium bromide 4212-43-5, Perpropionic
           5880-39-7
                      14156-10-6, Perdecanoic acid 15630-89-4,
    Sodium percarbonate 19816-73-0, Pertetradecanoic acid 24625-03-4,
    Cetyldimethyl-2-hydroxyethylammonium chloride
                                                   25322-68-3, Polyethylene
             36411-33-3 62634-16-6, Cetyl-1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octylammoni
    um bromide 66280-55-5, Dodecanediperoxoic acid 78948-87-5,
    Magnesium monoperoxyphthalate
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (peracid-based composition for cleaning, disinfection, and
        decontamination of surfaces contaminated by toxic agents)
IT
    15630-89-4, Sodium percarbonate 66280-55-5,
    Dodecanediperoxoic acid
```

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(peracid-based composition for cleaning, **disinfection**, and decontamination of surfaces contaminated by toxic agents)

RN 15630-89-4 HCAPLUS

CN Carbonic acid disodium salt, compd. with hydrogen peroxide (H2O2) (2:3) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 7722-84-1 CMF H2 O2

HO-OH

CM 2

CRN 497-19-8 CMF C H2 O3 . 2 Na

●2 Na

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L85 ANSWER 14 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1998:105975 HCAPLUS

DN 128:155842

ED Entered STN: 21 Feb 1998

TI Forming a peracids and compositions containing the same, useful in laundry and general cleaning and disinfection

IN Bianchetti, Giulia Ottavia; Campestrini, Sandro; Di Furia, Fulvio; Scialla, Stefano

PA Procter and Gamble Company, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C11D

CC 46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)

FAN.CNT 8

ΡĮ

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 9804659 A2 19980205 WO 1997-US12824 19970722 <-WO 9804659 A3 19980514

W. AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ

W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,

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LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NZ, PL, PT,
             RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ,
             VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN,
             ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     EP 822183
                       A2
                            19980204
                                           EP 1996-202168
                                                            19960731 <--
     EP 822183
                            19980729
                       A3
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI
     AU 9738084
                            19980220
                                           AU 1997-38084
                      A1
                                                            19970722 <--
     CN 1231599
                            19991013
                                           CN 1997-198352
                                                            19970722 <--
                       Α
                       T2
                            19991130
                                           JP 1997-508934
     JP 11514040
                                                            19970722 <--
                                           US 1997-981372
     US 5968885
                       Α
                            19991019
                                                            19971218 <--
PRAI EP 1996-202168
                      Α
                            19960731 <--
     EP 1996-870054
                            19960422 <--
                      Ά
                            19960626 <--
     WO 1996-US10906
                      W
                            19970722 <--
     WO 1997-US12824
                       W
OS
     MARPAT 128:155842
AΒ
     The title process comprises reacting in an aqueous medium an alpha mono
     alkylated carboxylic acid and/or an alpha mono alkoxylated carboxylic acid
     with hydrogen peroxide or a water-soluble source thereof. The title compns.
     comprise an alpha mono alkylated percarboxylic acid and/or alpha mono
     alkoxylated percarboxylic acid; or an alpha mono alkylated carboxylic acid
     and/or alpha mono alkoxylated carboxylic acid and hydrogen peroxide or a
     water-soluble source thereof. A composition comprised Dobanol 91-10 1.2,
Dobanol
     91-2.5 4.8, hydrogen peroxide 7, 2-methylperglutaric acid 1.8, citric acid
     6, sulfuric acid 1.9, perfume 0.5, and water to 100%.
ST
     peracid compn laundry cleaning disinfection; carboxylic acid
     peracid compn
ΙT
     Alcohols, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (C9-11, ethoxylated, Dobanol 91-10; forming a peracids and compns.
        containing the same, useful in laundry and general cleaning and
        disinfection)
ΙT
     Carboxylic acids, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (dicarboxylic; forming a peracids and compns. containing the same, useful
        in laundry and general cleaning and disinfection)
IT
     Detergents
       Disinfectants
        (forming a peracids and compns. containing the same, useful in laundry and
        general cleaning and disinfection)
ΙT
     Detergents
        (laundry; forming a peracids and compns. containing the same, useful in
        laundry and general cleaning and disinfection)
ΙT
     Carboxylic acids, uses
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (peroxy; forming a peracids and compns. containing the same, useful in
        laundry and general cleaning and disinfection)
IΤ
     202478-88-4P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (forming a peracids and compns. containing the same, useful in laundry and
        general cleaning and disinfection)
IT
     79-31-2, 2-Methylpropionic acid
                                      116~53-0
                                                498-21-5, 2-Methylsuccinic
          617-26-5, 2-Ethylglutaric acid
                                           617-62-9, 2-Methylglutaric acid
     626-70-0, 2-Methyladipic acid
                                    1726-80-3, 2-Methoxysuccinic acid
     2121-67-7, 2,4-Dimethylglutaric acid
                                            2874-74-0, 2-Methyllauric acid
     2874-75-1, 2-Ethyllauric acid
                                    3004-93-1, 2-Methyloctanoic acid
     4536-23-6, 2-Methylhexanoic acid 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, reactions
     13545-04-5, 2,3-Dimethylsuccinic acid
                                             52017-57-9, 2-Methylpimelic acid
```

66018-23-3, 2-Methoxyoctanoic acid 86797-93-5 101452-98-6

202478-89-5 202478-90-8

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(forming a peracids and compns. containing the same, useful in laundry and general cleaning and disinfection)

IT 77-92-9, Citric acid, uses 5615-78-1, 2-Methylpersuccinic acid

5695-92-1, 2-Methylperglutaric acid

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(forming a peracids and compns. containing the same, useful in laundry and general cleaning and disinfection)

IT 202478-88-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(forming a peracids and compns. containing the same, useful in laundry and general cleaning and disinfection)

RN 202478-88-4 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanediperoxoic acid, 2,4-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
L85 ANSWER 15 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
```

AN 1997:384253 HCAPLUS

DN 127:6370

ED Entered STN: 20 Jun 1997

TI Bleaching or washing composition for a fabric or dishes

IN Reinehr, Dieter; Metzger, Georges

PA CIBA Ltd., Switz.; Reinehr, Dieter; Metzger, Georges

SO PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C11D003-39

ICS C07F015-06; C07C251-24; C07C215-50; C07C215-76

CC 46-6 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)

Section cross-reference(s): 29

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.			KI	KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.					DATE					
										-									
PI	WO	9714	779		A	1	1997	0424		W	19	96-E	P435	3	1996	1007	<		
		W:	AL,	AU,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	CA,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	EE,	GE,	HU,	IL,	IS,	JP,	
			KΡ,	KR,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LT,	LV,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	RO,	SG,	
			SI,	SK,	TR,	TT,	UA,	US,	UZ,	VN,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM
		RW:	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	ŪĠ,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	
			ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	ML,	
			MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG												
	ΑU	9672	872		A:	1	1997	0507		Αl	J 19:	96-7	2872		1996	1007	<		
	EP	8764	64		A	1	1998	1111		E	2 19	96-93	3456	7	1996	1007	<		
		R:	BE,	CH,	DE,	FR,	GB,	ΙT,	LI,	NL									
	JP	1151	5049		\mathbf{T}_{i}^{2}	2	1999	1221		J	2 19	96-5	1547	8	1996	1007	<		
	US	6228	127		B	1	2001	0508		U	3 199	98-5	1464		19980	0410	<		
PRAI	GB	1995	-2143	31	Α		1995	1019	< -	_									
	GB	1996	-954	9	Α		1996	0508	<	-									
	WO	1996	-EP4	353	W		1996	1007	<										
os	MAF	RPAT	127:6	5370															

GI

AB A bleaching or washing composition comprises a peroxy compound and a specified Co

Ι

complex bleach activator (0.005-0.05%). CoCl2 aqueous solution was added to aqueous

solution containing 5-sulfosalicylaldehyde disodium salt and refluxed 3 h, followed by coupling with ethylenediamine to give the Co complex I. A wash composition containing H2O2, I (5 μ mol), and surfactant wash powder was used to wash a soiled cotton test swatch; showing brightness value 15.0, vs. <10 using 10 μ mol H2O2 only.

ST cobalt complex bleach activator; sulfosalicylaldehyde cobalt complex diamine manuf use

IT Bleaching agents

(activator; cobalt complex bleach activator in bleaching or washing composition for a fabric or dishes)

IT Detergents

(bleach activator in bleaching or washing composition for a fabric or dishes)

IT 15306-22-6P 81670-29-3P 81670-30-6P 81704-61-2P 190013-82-2P 190013-83-3P 190013-84-4P 190013-85-5P 190013-86-6P 190013-87-7P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(bleach activator in bleaching or washing composition for a fabric or dishes)

IT 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (bleach activator in bleaching or washing composition for a fabric or dishes)

IT 93-59-4, Peroxybenzoic acid 124-43-6 1786-87-4, Diperoxyisophthalic acid 2388-12-7, Peroxylauric acid 3313-92-6, Sodium percarbonate 7632-04-4, Sodium perborate 10543-57-4, N,N,N',N'-Tetraacetyl ethylenediamine 39186-66-8 56265-04-4, Sodium 4-benzoyloxy benzenesulfonate 66280-55-5, 1,12-Diperoxydodecanedioic acid 91125-43-8 125729-84-2 173062-54-9 174829-11-9 190013-88-8 190088-08-5

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (bleach agent; bleach activator in bleaching or washing composition for a fabric or dishes)

IT 95-54-5, 1,2-Diaminobenzene, reactions 107-15-3, Ethylenediamine, reactions 109-76-2, 1,3-Diaminopropane 110-60-1, 1,4-Diaminobutane 39070-63-8, 3,4-Diaminobenzophenone

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(coupling with cobalt complex; bleach activator in bleaching or washing composition for a fabric or dishes)

IT 1194-98-5, 2,5-Dihydroxybenzaldehyde

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction with diamino-m-xylene for intermediate for bleach activator; bleach activator in bleaching or washing composition for a fabric or dishes)

IT 1477-55-0, α,α' -Diamino-m-xylene

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reaction with dihydroxybenzaldehyde for intermediate for bleach
activator; bleach activator in bleaching or washing composition for a fabric
or dishes)

IT 3313-92-6, Sodium percarbonate 7632-04-4, Sodium perborate 66280-55-5, 1,12-Diperoxydodecanedioic acid

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (bleach agent; bleach activator in bleaching or washing composition for a fabric or dishes)

RN 3313-92-6 HCAPLUS

CN Peroxydicarbonic acid, disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO2C-0-0-CO2H

●2 Na

RN 7632-04-4 HCAPLUS
CN Perboric acid (HBO(O2)), sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

O==B-O-OH

Na

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS
CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L85 ANSWER 16 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1996:376859 HCAPLUS

DN 125:36377

ED Entered STN: 28 Jun 1996

TI Aqueous solutions containing perdicarboxylic acids

IN Abe, Ritsuo; Hashimoto, Shinpei; Oohashi, Hideko

PA Nippon Peroxide Co Ltd, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM C07C409-34

ICS C02F001-50; D06L001-12; D06L003-02

ICA A01N037-16; C11D007-38

CC 46-6 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
Section cross-reference(s): 23

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI JP 08067667 A2 19960312 JP 1995-144136 19950519 <-PRAI JP 1994-162956 19940622 <--

Title solns., useful for bleaching, washing, sterilization, etc., from composite dicarboxylic acids containing glutaric acid (I) and succinic acid (II) optionally associated with adipic acid (III), which contain 0.05-1.0 mol/(kg solution) (based on dicarboxylic acid conversion) perdicarboxylic acids (A), 0.2-2.2 mol/(kg solution) total dicarboxylic acids except A, 1.0-12.0 mol/(kg solution) H2O2, and 0.01-3.0% stabilizers at 0.1-0.7 mol/(kg solution) II optionally associated with 0.02-0.2 mol/(kg

solution) III and at 0.1-2.0 mol (based on 1 mol I including perglutaric acid) dicarboxylic acids except I, are prepared by treating aqueous dicarboxylic acids with ion-exchanger resins or chelating agent resins to reduce total concentration of Fe, Cu, Ni, Cr, Mn, and Zn to ≤ 2.0 mg/kg and treating with H2O2 in the presence of stabilizers. Thus, aqueous mixture of I 0.50, II 0.56, and III 0.14 mol/(kg solution) was treated by Amberlite IR 124, and then the resulting solution with heavy metal content ≤1 mg/(kg solution) was treated with 60% aqueous H2O2 and 60% aqueous 1-hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid at 50° for 72 h and left at 2-3° for 4 days to show no precipitation ST aq soln perdicarboxylic acid prepn; hydrogen peroxide dicarboxylic acid oxidn; perglutaric acid mixt aq soln; persuccinic acid mixt aq soln; peradipic acid mixt aq soln; heavy metal removal dicarboxylic acid; bleaching agent perdicarboxylic acid prepn; sterilization perdicarboxylic acid prepn; detergent perdicarboxylic acid prepn; ion exchanging resin pretreatment; chelating agent resin pretreatment IT Chelating agents Ion exchangers Stabilizing agents (for preparation of aqueous solns. of mixed perdicarboxylic acids by using hydrogen peroxide after removal of heavy metals) IT Transition metals, processes RL: REM (Removal or disposal); PROC (Process) (for preparation of aqueous solns. of mixed perdicarboxylic acids by using hydrogen peroxide after removal of heavy metals) IT Bleaching agents Sterilization and Disinfection (preparation of aqueous solns. of mixed perdicarboxylic acids by using hydrogen peroxide after removal of heavy metals for) IT Acrylic polymers, uses RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (quaternized amine group-containing, ion exchangers; for preparation of aqueous solns. of mixed perdicarboxylic acids by using hydrogen peroxide after removal of heavy metals) ITQuaternary ammonium compounds, uses RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (polymers, acrylic; for preparation of aqueous solns. of mixed perdicarboxylic acids by using hydrogen peroxide after removal of heavy metals) IT7439-89-6, Iron, processes 7439-96-5, Manganese, processes 7440-02-0, Nickel, processes 7440-47-3, Chromium, processes 7440-50-8, Copper, processes 7440-66-6, Zinc, processes RL: REM (Removal or disposal); PROC (Process) (for preparation of aqueous solns. of mixed perdicarboxylic acids by using hydrogen peroxide after removal of heavy metals) IΤ 9084-78-0, Amberlite ira 458 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (ion-exchangers; for preparation of aqueous solns. of mixed perdicarboxylic acids by using hydrogen peroxide after removal of heavy metals) TT 9050-96-8, Amberlite IR 124 54077-23-5, Amberlite 200c RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (ion-exchangers; for preparation of aqueous solns. of mixed perdicarboxylic acids by using hydrogen peroxide after removal of heavy metals) ΙT 2279-96-1P, Persuccinic acid 5824-51-1P, Peradipic acid 28317-46-6P, Perglutaric acid RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of aqueous solns. of mixed perdicarboxylic acids by using

hydrogen

peroxide after removal of heavy metals)

IT 110-15-6P, Succinic acid, preparation 110-94-1P, Glutaric acid

124-04-9P, Adipic acid, preparation

RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of aqueous solns. of mixed perdicarboxylic acids by using hydrogen

peroxide after removal of heavy metals)

IT 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

 $\hbox{ (preparation of aqueous solns. of mixed perdicarboxylic acids by using hydrogen}$

peroxide after removal of heavy metals)

IT 2809-21-4, 1-Hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(stabilizers; for preparation of aqueous solns. of mixed perdicarboxylic acids by using hydrogen peroxide after removal of heavy metals)

IT 2279-96-1P, Persuccinic acid 5824-51-1P,

Peradipic acid 28317-46-6P,

Perglutaric acid

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of aqueous solns. of mixed perdicarboxylic acids by using hydrogen

peroxide after removal of heavy metals)

RN 2279-96-1 HCAPLUS

CN Butanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 5824-51-1 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 28317-46-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L85 ANSWER 17 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1996:345683 HCAPLUS

DN 125:110127

ED Entered STN: 14 Jun 1996

TI Efficacy of peroxide-containing solutions against microorganisms in biofilms

AU Goroncy-Bermes, Peter; Gerresheim, Sandra

CS Biol. Lab., Schuelke und Mayr G.m.b.H., Norderstedt, D-22840, Germany

SO Zentralblatt fuer Hygiene und Umweltmedizin (1996), 198(5), 473-7
CODEN: ZHUMEO; ISSN: 0934-8859

PB Fischer

DT Journal

LA German

CC 10-5 (Microbial, Algal, and Fungal Biochemistry) Section cross-reference(s): 63

AB The bactericidal efficacy of a 1% H2O2 solution was not sufficient against Achromobacter xylosoxidans, Flavobacterium meningosepticum, Klebsiella pneumoniae, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, P. cepacia, P. fluorescens, and P. putida after 1 h of contact time to solve the hygiene problem in hospitals. A 1% solution (10% perglutaric acid, 28% H2O2, < 0.5% perbenzoic acid) was highly and uniformly effective. A 3% solution (10% tertiary butylhydroperoxide, 20% phenoxypropanols, 48% dipropylene glycol) achieved a reduction in bacterial count of more than 5 log steps against all species after 3 h of contact time, unlike the 1% H2O2 solution Before cleaning piping systems, the effectiveness test of the disinfectant solution with the isolates is suggested.

ST hydrogen peroxide aq disinfectant biofilm microorganism

IT Bacteria

IT

IT

RN

Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics

Hospitals Hygiene

(efficacy of peroxide-containing solns. against microorganisms in biofilms) Pharmaceutical dosage forms

(films, efficacy of peroxide-containing solns. against microorganisms in biofilms)

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(efficacy of peroxide-containing solns. against microorganisms in biofilms) 28317-46-6, Perglutaric acid

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(efficacy of peroxide-containing solns. against microorganisms in biofilms) 28317-46-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L85 ANSWER 18 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1996:194718 HCAPLUS

DN 124:231856

ED Entered STN: 05 Apr 1996

TI Preparation of alkanedicarboxylic monoester peracids as microbicides and disinfectants

IN Carr, Graham; James, Alun Pryce

PA Solvay Interox Ltd., UK

SO PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C07C409-24

```
ICS C07C407-00; A01N037-16
     23-17 (Aliphatic Compounds)
     Section cross-reference(s): 45
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                          -----
PΙ
     WO 9534537
                     A1 19951221
                                          WO 1995-GB1398 19950615 <--
         W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI,
             GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD,
             MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ,
             TM, TT
         RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,
             LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE,
             SN, TD, TG
                            19960105
     AU 9526794
                      Α1
                                          AU 1995-26794
                                                           19950615 <--
     AU 693563
                      B2
                            19980702
     EP 765309
                      A1
                            19970402
                                          EP 1995-921921
                                                           19950615 <--
     EP 765309
                      B1
                           19990407
        R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, NL, SE
     JP 10501805 T2 19980217
                                           JP 1995-501809
                                                           19950615 <--
     ES 2132676
                      Т3
                           19990816
                                          ES 1995-921921
                                                           19950615 <--
                      B1
     US 6207108
                           20010327
                                          US 1997-750535
                                                           19970228 <--
PRAI GB 1994-12051
                      Α
                           19940616 <--
     WO 1995-GB1398
                      W
                           19950615 <--
     MARPAT 124:231856
OS
     Storage stable, aqueous acidic solns. having a pH range of 1-5
AB
     comprising at least one ester peracid RO2C(CH2)xCO3H (R = C1-4 alkyl; x =
     1-4), useful as domestic and industrial disinfectants with
     reduced odor compared with C1-3 aliphatic peracids, are prepared by contacting
     an aqueous solution of a carboxylic acid RO2C(CH2)xCO2H (R, x = same as above)
     with an inorg. peroxygen compound, preferably hydrogen peroxide, at a pH of
     less than 4 until at least some ester peracid is produced, and thereafter
     adjusting the pH to be in the range of from 1 to 5, if necessary. Thus,
     an aqueous solution (pH 1.5-2) comprising 10 weight% monomethyl glutarate and
20
     weight% H2O2 was prepared by dissolving monomethyl glutarate in H2O and adding
     the required amount of 85 weight% H2O2 over a period of 10 min, the stored at
     ambient temperature for 21 days, and analyzed by HPLC at intervals during
     storage. The anal. of the sample solution showed that monomethyl glutarate,
     glutaric acid, perglutaric acid, and monomethyl
     perglutaric acid content of 18.5, 1.1, trace, and 0.36
     weight%, resp. after 1 day and 12.56, 2.77, 1.73, and 2.92 weight%, resp.,
after
              This solution comprising 20 weight% H2O2 was particularly
     21 days.
advantageous
     compared to the 10, 15, 25, and 30 weight% solns.
                                                       In another example, a
     solution (solution A) of monomethyl glutarate plus stabilizer was by
     dissolving 5.39 g monomethyl glutarate and 0.189 g
     hydroxyethylidenephosphonic acid (DEQUEST 2010) (stabilizer) in
     27.59 g demineralized water and adding to this solution 5.99 g 85 weight% H2O2
     over a period of 10 min with gentle stirring. The solution was stored for
     .apprx.2 wk and found to have no discernible odor. Also prepared were a
     solution of monomethyl persuccinate and that of a mixture of monomethyl ester
     peracids of adipic, glutaric, and succinic acids. These peracids were
     screened for activity against Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Staphylococcus
     aureus, and Saccharomyces cerevisiae and yeast Saccharomyces cerevisiae
     and showed a disinfection performance broadly comparable to that
     of peracetic acid.
ST
     alkanedicarboxylic monoester peracid prepn microbicide
     disinfectant; aliph dicarboxylic monoester peracid prepn
```

Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics
(preparation of alkanedicarboxylic monoester peracids as microbicides and

microbicide

IT

disinfectants)

IT Carboxylic acids, preparation

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(di-, aliphatic, preparation of alkanedicarboxylic monoester peracids as microbicides and disinfectants)

IT Carboxylic acids, preparation

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(peroxy, preparation of alkanedicarboxylic monoester peracids as microbicides and **disinfectants**)

IT 55656-52-5P, Monomethyl persuccinate 62103-20-2P, Monomethyl peradipate 65566-30-5P, Monomethyl perglutarate

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of alkanedicarboxylic monoester peracids as microbicides and disinfectants)

IT 627-91-8, Monomethyl adipate 1501-27-5, Monomethyl glutarate 3878-55-5, Monomethyl succinate 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, reactions RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of alkanedicarboxylic monoester peracids as microbicides and disinfectants)

IT 2809-21-4

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(stabilizer; preparation of alkanedicarboxylic monoester peracids as microbicides and disinfectants)

L85 ANSWER 19 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1995:822989 HCAPLUS

DN 123:202988

ED Entered STN: 30 Sep 1995

TI Use of peroxy acid or precursor in process for wet cleaning of textiles

IN Lemaire, Petrus Joseph

PA Stichting Instituut Voor Reinigingstechnieken TNO, Neth.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C11D011-00

CC 46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)

FAN CNT 1

FAN.	CNT 1		
	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI	WO 9504128	A1 19950209	WO 1994-NL177 19940729 <
	W: AU, BR,	CA, FI, JP, NO, US	
	RW: AT, BE,	CH, DE, DK, ES, FR	, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
•	NL 9301339	A 19950216	NL 1993-1339 19930730 <
	AU 9476251	A1 19950228	AU 1994-76251 19940729 <
	EP 711337	A1 19960515	EP 1994-926403 19940729 <
	R: BE, DE,	FR, GB, NL	
PRAI	NL 1993-1339	19930730 <	
	WO 1994-NL177	19940729 <	

OS MARPAT 123:202988

AB Textiles are cleaned (especially in industrial laundering using a washing tube) by using soaking, ≥1 sudsing, rinsing, bleaching, and neutralization steps and including in a second sudsing step or in the rinsing step a peroxy acid having ≥6 C atoms (e.g.,

diperoxydodecanedioic acid) or a compound converted in situ into such a peroxy acid. The process gives good washing and **disinfecting** efficiency and minimizes water and energy use.

ST bleaching peroxy acid industrial laundering; **disinfecting** peroxy acid industrial laundering; diperoxydodecanedioic acid bleaching industrial laundering

IT Laundering

(industrial; peroxy acids for bleaching and disinfecting textiles in)

IT Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics

Bleaching agents

(peroxy acids; for bleaching and disinfecting textiles in industrial laundering)

IT 66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(for bleaching and **disinfecting** textiles in industrial laundering)

IT 66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(for bleaching and **disinfecting** textiles in industrial laundering)

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L85 ANSWER 20 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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AN 1995:277095 HCAPLUS

DN 122:34037

ED Entered STN: 07 Jan 1995

TI Lavatory cleansing blocks containing active oxygen and acid

IN Scialla, Stefano

PA USA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 8 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C11D017-00

ICS C11D003-39; C11D003-20

CC 46-6 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)

FAN.CNT 1

T T TT	11111 CN1 1										
	PAT	CENT NO	•	KIND	DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
PI	ΕP	619366		A1	19941012		EP 1993-200961	19930405	<		
		R: A'	T, BE,	CH, DE	, DK, ES,	FR,	GB, GR, IE, IT, LI	, LU, NL,	PT, SE		
	WO	942300	2	A1	19941013		WO 1994-US3163	19940323	<		
		W: A	U, CA,	CZ, JP	, PL, RU,	US					
	CA	215982	1	AA	19941013		CA 1994-2159821	19940323	<		
	ΑU	946414	6	A1	19941024		AU 1994-64146	19940323	<		
	JP	085087	69	T2	19960917		JP 1994-522178	19940323	<		
PRAI	ΕP	1993-20	00961		19930405	<	_				
	WO	1994-U	S3163		19940323	<	-				

AB The title blocks contain H2O2 or a source of H2O2, an acid, and a surfactant and are suitable for in-rim and in-cistern use, giving good cleaning and **disinfecting** and removing scale, odors, and stains.

A block contained Na dodecylbenzenesulfonate 55, lauryl ether sulfate 2,

Na persulfate 13, Na2SO4 10, citric acid 15, perfume 4, and colorant-water 1%.

ST lavatory block cleaning acid peroxide; hydrogen peroxide lavatory cleaning block; toilet cleaning block acid peroxide; citric acid peroxide lavatory block; scale inhibitor lavatory cleansing block

IT Toilets

(cleansing blocks containing acids and peroxides for)

IT Peroxides, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(lavatory cleansing blocks containing acids and)

IT Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics
Detergents

(lavatory cleansing blocks containing acids and peroxides)

IT Scale inhibitors

(lavatory cleansing blocks containing acids and peroxides as)

IT Incrustations

(lavatory cleansing blocks containing acids and peroxides for prevention of)

IT Carboxylic acids, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(lavatory cleansing blocks containing peroxides and)

IT Bleaching agents

(peroxides; lavatory cleansing blocks containing acids and)

IT Toilets

(urinals, cleansing blocks containing acids and peroxides for)

IT 80-43-3, Dicumyl peroxide 93-59-4, Perbenzoic acid 94-36-0, Dibenzoyl peroxide, uses 105-74-8, Dilauroyl peroxide 1941-79-3, Diperoxyazelaic acid 2388-12-7, Perlauric acid 4452-58-8, Sodium percarbonate 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, uses 7775-27-1, Sodium persulfate 15593-29-0, Sodium persulfate 28831-12-1, Sodium persulfate 66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid 78948-87-5

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(lavatory cleansing blocks containing acids and)

IT 77-92-9, Citric acid, uses 87-69-4, Tartaric acid, uses 110-15-6, Succinic acid, uses 110-16-7, Maleic acid, uses 144-62-7, Oxalic acid, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (lavatory cleansing blocks containing peroxides and)

IT 1941-79-3, Diperoxyazelaic acid

66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(lavatory cleansing blocks containing acids and)

RN 1941-79-3 HCAPLUS

CN Nonanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
AN
     1994:654356 HCAPLUS
DN
     121:254356
ED
     Entered STN: 26 Nov 1994
ΤI
     Inhibition of microbial growth in food-industry aqueous streams.
IN
     Lokkesmoe, Keith D.; Olson, Keith E.
PA
     Ecolab Inc., USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A01N037~16
     ICS C02F001-72
     17-4 (Food and Feed Chemistry)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 5
FAN.CNT 3
     PATENT NO.
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
     WO 9421122 A1 19940929
PΤ
                                              WO 1993-US7952 19930824 <--
          W: AU, BR, CA, JP, KR, NZ
          RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
WY: AI, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, 1E, 1T, LO, MC, NL, PT,
US 5409713 A 19950425 US 1993-32624 19930317 <--
CA 2156299 AA 19940929 CA 1993-2156299 19930824 <--
AU 9350888 A1 19941011 AU 1993-50888 19930824 <--
AU 675975 B2 19970227
CN 1092385 A 19940921 CN 1993-120580 19931201 <--
PRAI US 1993-32624 A 19930317 <--
WO 1993-US7952 W 19930824 <--
     Microbial growth is inhibited in food-industry aqueous steams with
AΒ
     percarboxylic acids, such as peracetic acid, and, optionally, H2O2. The
     aqueous streams are used i.a. in the transport of fruits or vegetables for
     processing.
ST
     food industry aq stream microbicide percarboxylate
IT
     Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics
     Fungicides and Fungistats
         (inhibition of microbial growth in food-industry aqueous streams)
ΙT
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study);
     USES (Uses)
         (peroxy, inhibition of microbial growth in food-industry aqueous streams)
IT
     79-21-0, Peracetic acid. 2279-96-1, Persuccinic acid.
     7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, biological studies 14156-10-6, Perdecanoic
     acid. 28317-46-6, Perglutaric acid.
     33734-57-5, Peroctanoic acid.
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study);
         (inhibition of microbial growth in food-industry aqueous streams)
IΤ
     2279-96-1, Persuccinic acid. 28317-46-6,
     Perglutaric acid.
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study);
     USES (Uses)
         (inhibition of microbial growth in food-industry aqueous streams)
RN
     2279-96-1 HCAPLUS
CN
     Butanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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RN 28317-46-6 HCAPLUS
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CN Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L85 ANSWER 22 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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AN 1994:633512 HCAPLUS

DN 121:233512

ED Entered STN: 12 Nov 1994

TI Preparation of particles containing water-insoluble organic peroxy acid for use in laundry detergents

IN Chapman, Benjamin Edgar; Gabriel, Steven Matthew; Boucher, Jeffrey Edward; Strauss, Daniel Lewis

PA The Procter and Gamble Co., USA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C11D003-39

CC 46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PΙ	EP 592033	A1 199404	.3 EP 1993-202780	19930928 <
	R: AT, BE,	CH, DE, DK, E	S, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI,	LU, NL, PT, SE
	CA 2107450	AA 199404	08 CA 1993-2107450	19930930 <
	JP 06212194	A2 199408	JP 1993-276069	19931007 <
	US 5536435	A 199607	.6 US 1993-157494	19931123 <
PRAI	US 1992-957578	199210	07 <	
os	MARPAT 121:2335	12		

AB A substantially water-insol. peroxy acid such as Me(CH2)8NHCO(CH2)4C(0)0OH is mixed with a peroxy acid-stable, water-soluble surfactant such as an alkylbenzenesulfonate and with a crystalline peroxy acid-compatible material (e.g., Na2SO4), and the mixture is formed into particles which show good solubility/dispersibility in water and are useful in laundry detergents.

ST bleach peroxycarboxylic acid dispersibility soly; peroxyadipic acid nonylamide bleach dispersibility; laundry detergent bleach peroxycarboxylic; alkylbenzenesulfonate peroxy acid bleach dispersibility; sulfate peroxy acid bleach dispersibility; dispersant peroxy acid bleach laundering

IT Dispersing agents

(granules containing water-insol. peroxycarboxylic acid bleach and, for detergents)

IT Surfactants

(granules containing water-insol. peroxycarboxylic acid bleach and, water-dispersible)

IT Granulation

(of water-insol. peroxycarboxylic acid bleach, for detergents)

IT Bleaching agents

(peroxycarboxylic acids, water-insol., water-dispersible granules containing)

IT Detergents

(laundry, peroxycarboxylic acid bleach for, water-insol., granules containing)

IT Carboxylic acids, uses

RL: USES (Uses)

(peroxy, bleaching agents, water-insol., water-dispersible granules containing)

IT 66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid 104788-63-8, 6-Nonylamino-6-oxoperoxycaproic acid 111875-82-2, 4-Nonylamino-4-oxoperoxybutyric acid 116710-02-2 131651-53-1 131651-54-2 131651-55-3 131651-56-4 158382-96-8 RL: USES (Uses)

(bleaching agents, water-insol., water-dispersible granules containing) IT 127-09-3, Sodium acetate 556-63-8, Lithium formate

7601-54-9, Sodium phosphate 7632-04-4, Sodium perborate

7757-82-6, Sodium sulfate, uses 7779-88-6,

Zinc nitrate 10377-48-7, Lithium sulfate 15475-67-9, Sodium phosphite RL: USES (Uses)

(granules containing water-insol. peroxy acid bleach and, water-dispersible)

IT 66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid

RL: USES (Uses)

(bleaching agents, water-insol., water-dispersible granules containing)

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 127-09-3, Sodium acetate 7601-54-9, Sodium phosphate
7632-04-4, Sodium perborate 7757-82-6, Sodium
sulfate, uses
RL: USES (Uses)

(granules containing water-insol. peroxy acid bleach and, water-dispersible)

RN 127-09-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, sodium salt (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Na

RN 7601-54-9 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphoric acid, trisodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●3 Na

RN 7632-04-4 HCAPLUS
CN Perboric acid (HBO(O2)), sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

O==B-O-OH

Na

RN 7757-82-6 HCAPLUS CN Sulfuric acid disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 Na

acid

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L85 ANSWER 23 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
    1994:292139 HCAPLUS
DN
    120:292139
ED
    Entered STN: 11 Jun 1994
TI
    Peracids-containing microbicidal compositions.
    Wright, Christopher Thomas; Davies, Sandra Joyce
IN
    Solvay Interox Ltd., UK
PA
    PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.
SO
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
    English
LA
IC
    ICM A01N037-16
ICI A01N037-16, A01N059-00, A01N037-02
    5-2 (Agrochemical Bioregulators)
    Section cross-reference(s): 17, 63
FAN.CNT 1
                   KIND DATE
    PATENT NO.
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
     -----
                                        -----
PΙ
    WO 9406294
                    A1 19940331
                                        WO 1993-GB1823 19930826 <--
        W: AU, BR, CA, FI, JP, US
        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                     A1 19950705 EP 1994-910253 19930826 <--
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, NL, PT, SE
                    B2 19970814
    AU 680831
                                       AU 1993-49709
                                                        19930826 <--
    AU 9349709
                    A1 19940412
    BR 9307056
                          19990629
                                        BR 1993-7056
                                                         19930826 <--
                    \mathbf{A}
                    A 19950315
    FI 9501197
                                        FI 1995-1197
                                                         19950315 <--
    GB 1992-19465 A 19920915 <--
WO 1993-GB1823 W 19930826 <--
PRAI GB 1992-19465
    Microbicidal compns. comprise aliphatic peracids, the corresponding aliphatic
AB
    acid, H2O2 and, optionally, other aliphatic acid(s). The mol. ratio of
aliphatic
    acid to peracid is >5:1. The compns. have improved activity as virucides,
    superior stability when diluted with hard water, improved residual
    activity, and superior disinfection performance for vegetables.
    Preferably, the peracid is peracetic acid and the optional aliphatic acid is
```

acetic or propionic acid. A composition containing peracetic acid 4, acetic

qazi - 10/ 052908 47, and H2O2 2% weight/weight was used for lettuce disinfection.,. ST aliph acid peracid microbicide IT Vegetable (disinfectants for, peracids-containing compns. as) IT Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics Fungicides and Fungistats Virucides and Virustats (peracids-containing compns.) IT Carboxylic acids, uses RL: USES (Uses) (aliphatic, microbicidal compns. containing) IT Carboxylic acids, uses RL: USES (Uses) (peroxy, microbicidal compns. containing) 64-19-7, Acetic acid, uses 79-09-4, Propionic acid, uses 79-21-0, TT Peracetic acid 2279-96-1, Persuccinic acid 4212-43-5, Perpropionic acid 5824-51-1, Peradipic acid 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, uses 13122-71-9, Perbutyric acid 28317-46-6, Perglutaric acid RL: USES (Uses) (microbicidal compns. containing) ΙT 2279-96-1, Persuccinic acid 5824-51-1, Peradipic acid 28317-46-6, Perglutaric acid RL: USES (Uses) (microbicidal compns. containing) RN 2279-96-1 HCAPLUS CNButanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) RN 5824-51-1 HCAPLUS CN Hexanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 28317-46-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L85 ANSWER 24 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AN 1994:14963 HCAPLUS DN 120:14963 ED Entered STN: 08 Jan 1994 \mathtt{TI} Disinfectant compositions containing peroxy and organic acids INBenjamins, Peter; De Boer, Robbert PAUnilever N. V., Neth.; Unilever PLC Eur. Pat. Appl., 9 pp. SO CODEN: EPXXDW DTPatent

```
LA
     English
IC
     ICM A01N037-16
ICI A01N037-16, A01N037-02, A01N037-04, A01N025-04
     63-8 (Pharmaceuticals)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE
                     KIND DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO. DATE
     EP 569066 A1 19931110
EP 569066 B1 19951025
ΡĪ
                                            EP 1993-200974 19930402 <--
        R: CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE
     ES 2079940 T3 19960116 ES 1993-200974 19930402 <--
CA 2093888 AA 19931017 CA 1993-2093888 19930413 <--
AU 9336842 A1 19931021 AU 1993-36842 19930413 <--
AU 667085 B2 19960307
     AU 667085 BZ 19931019
BR 9301552 A 19931019
ZA 9302689 A 19941016
FD 1992-201093 19920416 <--
                                            BR 1993-1552 19930415 <--
ZA 1993-2689 19930416 <--
PRAI EP 1992-201093
     MARPAT 120:14963
     A concentrated disinfectant compns., pH=2-6, comprises (a) a solid and
AB
     substantially water-insol. organic peroxy acid 0.1-50, and (b) a water-soluble
     organic acid 0.1-50%. The disinfectants are suitable for
     disinfecting objects and surfaces at locations where microbial
     contamination is of major concern, such as in hospitals and the food and
     drinks industry. A disinfectant compns. contained water 60.50,
     dobanoic acid-103 7.00, Marlipal 3.33, citric acid (I) 5.5, 27%
     1,12-diperoxydodecane dioic acid 18.52, and minor ingredients 0.05 parts.
     The logarithmic decimal reduction of the composition was 1.14 as compared to
0.03
     for the controls containing no I.
ST
     disinfectant peroxy acid org acid; citric acid peroxydodecane
     dioic acid disinfectant
IT
     Sequestering agents
         (disinfectant compns. containing peroxy acids and organic acids and)
     Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics
IT
         (peroxy acids and organic acids in)
IT
     Amines, biological studies
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
         (polycarboxy derivative, disinfectant compns. containing peroxy acids
        and organic acids and)
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
IT
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
         (di-, C8-13, disinfectant compns. containing organic acids and)
     Acids, biological studies
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (organic, peroxy, disinfectant compns. containing organic acids and)
IT
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
         (peroxy, disinfectant compns. containing organic acids and)
IT
     Amines, biological studies
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
         (poly-, polycarboxy derivative, disinfectant compns. containing
        peroxy acids and organic acids and)
TΤ
     66280-55-5, Dodecanediperoxoic acid
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (disinfectant compns. containing organic acids and)
ΙT
     64-19-7, Acetic acid, biological studies
                                                  77-92-9, Citric acid,
     biological studies 79-09-4, Propionic acid, biological studies
     110-15-6, Succinic acid, biological studies
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (disinfectant compns. containing peroxy acids and)
IT
     139-13-9
                 7664-38-2, Phosphoric acid, biological studies
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (disinfectant compns. containing peroxy acids and organic acids and)
```

IT 66280-55-5, Dodecanediperoxoic acid

RL: USES (Uses)

(disinfectant compns. containing organic acids and)

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
L85 ANSWER 25 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ΑN
    1993:175895 HCAPLUS
DN
    118:175895
ED
    Entered STN: 01 May 1993
TI
    Peroxy acid-containing synergistic antimicrobial composition
IN
    Oakes, Thomas R.; Stanley, Patricia M.; Keller, Jerome D.
PA
    ECOLAB Inc., USA
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 54 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
    English
LA
IC
    ICM A01N037-16
ICI A01N037-16
CC
    63-8 (Pharmaceuticals)
FAN.CNT 3
    PATENT NO.
                                    APPLICATION NO. DATE
                  KIND DATE
                  ____
                                     -----
    WO 9301716
                   A1 19930204
                                     WO 1992-US4519 19920529 <--
PΙ
       W: AU, BR, CA, FI, JP, KR, NO
       RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE
    US 5200189
                  A 19930406 US 1991-734580 19910723 <--
    ZA 9202751
                   Α
                       19921230
                                     ZA 1992-2751
                                                     19920415 <--
                                     CA 1992-2108177 19920529 <--
                   AA 19930124
    CA 2108177
                   A 19930210
                                     CN 1992-103834
    CN 1068705
                                                     19920529 <--
    CN 1050734
                   В
                       20000329
    AU 9221769
                   A1 19930223
                                     AU 1992-21769
                                                    19920529 <--
    AU 652274
                  B2 19940818
    EP 597877
                   A1 19940525
                                     EP 1992-913905 19920529 <--
    EP 597877
                   B1 19971217
    EP 597877
                   B2 20020828
       R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, SE
    JP 06510526
                  T2 19941124 JP 1992-502771 19920529 <--
    JP 2874041
                   B2 19990324
                                    AT 1992-913905
    AT 161142
                   \mathbf{E}
                       19980115
                                                   19920529 <--
                   T3 19980416
    ES 2112908
                                    ES 1992-913905
                                                   19920529 <--
    US 5314687
                  A 19940524
                                    US 1992-932612
                                                   19920820 <--
    US 5718910
                  A 19980217
                                     US 1993-4075
                                                     19930113 <--
    NO 9304217
                   A 19931122
                                     NO 1993-4217
                                                     19931122 <--
                   A 19940317
    FI 9400231
                                     FI 1994-231
                                                     19940117 <--
PRAI US 1991-734580 A
                      19910723 <--
```

WO 1992-US4519 A 19920529 <-
AB Mixts. of C1-4 peroxycarboxylic acids with C6-18 aliphatic peroxy acids are synergistic microbicides. Concs. comprising the above components, diluted with water, give solns. (pH 2-8) usable as disinfectants in hospitals, food service, etc. A concentrate comprised peracetic acid 50, HACO 22, percaprylic acid 3.75, percapric acid 1.25, NAS 8D (n-octanesulfonate hydrotrope coupler) 10, and water 13% by weight The peracetic acid was a 10.42% solution containing 34% HACO and 10% H2O2. The concentrate diluted to 1000 ppm

and adjusted to pH 3.5, controlled Staphylococcus aureus and Escherichia

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coli, in vitro.
ST
     microbicide synergism peroxycarboxylate peroxy acid; disinfectant
     synergistic food service hospital
IT
     Hospitals
     Textiles
        (disinfectants for, synergistic, peroxycarboxylic acid- and
        peroxy acid-containing)
IT
     Food
        (processing of, disinfectants for, synergistic,
        peroxycarboxylic acid- and peroxy acid-containing compns.)
IT
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (aliphatic, peroxy, C6-18, microbicidal compns. containing)
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
IT
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (peroxy, C1-4, microbicidal compns. containing)
     Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics
TΤ
     Fungicides and Fungistats
        (synergistic, peroxycarboxylic acid mixts. with peroxy fatty
        acids)
                   147018-69-7 147018-70-0 147018-71-1
                                                             147018-72-2
IT
     147018-68-6
     147018-73-3
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (microbicide, synergistic)
IT
     79-21-0D, Peroxyacetic acid, mixts. with peroxy fatty acids
     2279-96-1D, Peroxysuccinic acid, mixts. with peroxy fatty acids
     4212-43-5D, Peroxypropionic acid, mixts. with peroxy fatty acids
     5796-85-0D, Decanediperoxoic acid, mixts. with
     C1-4 peroxycarboxylic acids 5824-51-1D, Diperoxyadipic
     acid, mixts. with C1-4 peroxycarboxylic acids
     Peroxydecanoic acid, mixts. with C1-4 peroxycarboxylic acids
     21860-08-2D, Peroxyglycolic acid, mixts. with peroxy fatty acids
     33734-57-5D, Peroxyoctanoic acid, mixts. with C1-4 peroxycarboxylic acids
     77155-29-4D, mixts. with C1-4 peroxycarboxylic acids 93691-93-1D, mixts.
     with C1-4 peroxycarboxylic acids
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (microbicides, synergistic)
     2279-96-1D, Peroxysuccinic acid, mixts. with peroxy fatty acids
IT
     5796-85-0D, Decanediperoxoic acid, mixts. with
     C1-4 peroxycarboxylic acids 5824-51-1D, Diperoxyadipic
     acid, mixts. with C1-4 peroxycarboxylic acids
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (microbicides, synergistic)
RN
     2279-96-1 HCAPLUS
CN
    Butanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
    5796-85-0 HCAPLUS
RN
    Decanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

RN

CN

5824-51-1 HCAPLUS

Hexanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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О О О П
НО-О-С-(СН<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-С-О-ОН
```

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L85 ANSWER 26 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
    1992:221658 HCAPLUS
DN
    116:221658
ED
    Entered STN: 31 May 1992
ΤI
    Aqueous disinfectant compositions containing peroxy acids and
     sequestering agents as activity enhancers
IN
    Ploumen, Jan Joseph Hubert; Borgmann-Strahsen, Renate
    AKZO N. V., Neth.
PA
SO
    Eur. Pat. Appl., 10 pp.
    CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
    Patent
    English
LA
IC
    ICM A01N037-16
ICI A01N037-16, A01N037-44, A01N025-04
CC
    63-8 (Pharmaceuticals)
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                   KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
     _______
                                         -----
    EP 461700 A1 19911218
PΙ
                                        EP 1991-201348 19910604 <--
       R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
    JP 06316505 A2 19941115
                                         JP 1991-166224 19910612 <--
PRAI EP 1990-201510
                          19900612 <--
    An aqueous disinfectant composition comprising a solid substantially
    water-insol. organic peroxy acid and an effective amount of a sequestering
    agent has enhanced effectiveness against Pseudomonas aeruginosa and
    various bacteria. The disinfectants are intended to be used for
    disinfecting objects and surfaces in domestic, industrial, and
    medical uses. A disinfectant liquid comprising 1,12-diperoxy
    dodecanedioic acid 176, nitrilotriacetic acid 200 ppm, Na2B4O7.10H2O 14,
    K2HPO4 13.3, NaAcO 8.4, a linear alkylbenzene sulfonate 0.5 g/L, pH 5
    killed all of the P. aeruginosa in <1 min in the qual. DGHM suspension
ST
    disinfectant peroxy acid sequestering agent;
    peroxydodecanedioate nitrilotriacetate disinfectant; Pseudomonas
    peroxy acid sequestering agent
IT
    Borates
    RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (buffers containing, in disinfectant mixture containing peroxy acids
       and sequestering agents)
IT
    Phosphates, biological studies
    RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (buffers containing, in disinfecting composition of peroxy acids and
       sequestering agents)
ΙT
    Pseudomonas aeruginosa
        (inhibition of, by peroxy acid and sequestering agent combinations)
IT
    Sequestering agents
        (mixts. with peroxy acids, disinfectant)
IT
    Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics
        (peroxy acids and sequestering agents and surfactants in)
IT
    Sulfonates
    RL: BIOL (Biological study)
       (alkylarene, with alkali metal, as surfactant for
       peroxy acid disinfectant)
IT
    Carboxylic acids, biological studies
    RL: BIOL (Biological study)
```

(di-, C8-13, diperoxy, as disinfectants, activity enhancement by sequestering agent of) TΤ Surfactants (ionic, disinfectant solns. containing peroxy acids and sequestering agents and) Surfactants IT (nonionic, disinfectant solns. containing peroxy acids and sequestering agents and) Carboxylic acids, compounds IT RL: BIOL (Biological study) (peroxy, mixts. with sequestering agents, disinfectant) IT Acids, compounds RL: BIOL (Biological study) (peroxy, mixts., with sequestering agents, disinfectant) Amino acids, polymers ΙT RL: BIOL (Biological study) (polymers, as sequestering agent for peroxy acid disinfectant ΙT 64-19-7D, Acetic acid, salts RL: USES (Uses) (buffers containing, in disinfectant mixture containing peroxy acids and sequestering agents) 64-19-7D, Acetic acid, salts 127-09-3 1330-43-4, Boron sodium ΙT 7664-38-2D, Phosphoric acid, salts 7758-11-4 oxide (B4Na207) 10043-35-3D, Boric acid, salts RL: USES (Uses) (buffers containing, in disinfecting composition of peroxy acids and sequestering agents) 60-00-4D, EDTA, mixture with peroxy acids 139-13-9D, Nitrilotriacetic IT acid, mixture with peroxy acids 66280-55-5D, Dodecanediperoxoic acid, mixture with sequestering agents 141178-64-5 141178-65-6 RL: USES (Uses) (disinfectant) 127-09-3 RL: USES (Uses) (buffers containing, in disinfecting composition of peroxy acids and sequestering agents) 127-09-3 HCAPLUS RN Acetic acid, sodium salt (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) HO-C-CH3

Na

IT 66280-55-5D, Dodecanediperoxoic acid, mixture with sequestering
 agents
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (disinfectant)
RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS
CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
L85 ANSWER 27 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
    1991:526991 HCAPLUS
NΑ
    115:126991
DN
    Entered STN: 05 Oct 1991
ED
TТ
    Noncontaminating antimicrobial composition
    Schmidt, William
IN
    Ecolab, Inc., USA
PA
SO
    Eur. Pat. Appl., 12 pp.
    CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
    Patent
LA
    English
    ICM A01N059-00
IC
ICI A01N059-00, A01N037-36
    1-5 (Pharmacology)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
                                      APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                 KIND DATE
                                        _____
     ______
                   A1 19910424
                                        EP 1990-307191 19900702 <--
PΙ
    EP 423922
                    B1 19961211
    EP 423922
       R: AT, BE, DE, DK, FR, GB, IT, SE
    AU 9057830 A1 19910426
                                        AU 1990-57830
                                                        19900626 <--
    AU 623022
                    B2 19920430
                   A1 19910424
    GB 2236951
                                        GB 1990-14264
                                                         19900627 <--
                                        FI 1990-3231
                                                         19900627 <--
    FI 97855
                    B 19961129
    FI 97855
                    C 19970310
                    E
                         19961215
                                        AT 1990-307191
                                                         19900702 <--
    AT 146036
    CA 2021631
                    AA 19910418
                                        CA 1990-2021631 19900719 <--
    CA 2021631
                    C 19970930
                    A 19920818
                                        US 1990-569237
                                                        19900817 <--
    US 5139788
PRAI US 1989-422778
                          19891017 <--
    An antimicrobial surface sanitizing composition comprises a major portion of
    diluent and an active antimicrobial agent (e.g. 0.1-3% H2O2 and 0.25-3%
    C3-6 \alpha-OH substituted mono- or di-carboxylic acid (e.g. lactic
    acid). The composition leaves a noncontaminating residue upon the surface
    after contact with the intended surface (e.g. a mammalian teat dip).
    lactic acid hydrogen peroxide antimicrobial; hydroxycarboxylic acid
ST
    hydrogen peroxide antimicrobial; carboxylate hydroxy hydrogen peroxide
    antimicrobial
    Alcohols, biological studies
IT
    RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (carboxy, microbicides containing hydrogen peroxide and)
    Carboxylic acids, biological studies
IT
    RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (di-, α-hydroxy substituted mono- or, microbicides
       containing hydrogen peroxide and)
IT
    Carboxylic acids, biological studies
    RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (hydroxy, microbicides containing hydrogen peroxide and)
    Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics
    Fungicides and Fungistats
        (medical, lactic acid- and hydrogen peroxide-containing, noncontaminating
       residue)
    50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies
    RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (noncontaminating residue antimicrobial mixture containing hydrogen peroxide
    7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, biological studies
IT
    RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (noncontaminating residue antimicrobial mixture containing lactic acid and)
L85
   ANSWER 28 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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AN

1991:474596 HCAPLUS

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DN
    115:74596
ED
    Entered STN: 23 Aug 1991
ΤI
     Manufacture of peroxoniobic acid sols
     Terada, Yasuhiko; Uno, Hajime; Abe, Kazunobu; Shirasaki, Shinichi
IN
     Sakai Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Sakai, Japan; National Institute for
PA
     Research in Inorganic Materials
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 9 pp.
SO
     CODEN: EPXXDW
DΤ
    Patent
LA
    English
     ICM C01B015-00
IC
     49-2 (Industrial Inorganic Chemicals)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 57
FAN.CNT 1
                                       APPLICATION NO. DATE
                  KIND DATE
     PATENT NO.
    EP 428388
                    A1 19910522
                                         EP 1990-312386 19901113 <--
PΙ
     EP 428388 B1 19950426
        R: DE, FR, GB
    JP 03153527 A2 19910701
JP 08000701 B4 19960110
                                          JP 1989-294184
                                                          19891113 <--
                  Α
                                          US 1990-611265
                                                          19901113 <--
     US 5102649
                          19920407
PRAI JP 1989-294184
                          19891113 <--
     A strong acid, H2O2, and water are added to ≥1 Nb compds. selected
     from Nb hydroxide, Nb205, and NbCl5, to form an aqueous peroxoniobic acid
     solution, which is maintained at 5-50° to give the title sols. The
     colloidal peroxoniobic acid is suitable for use in the manufacture of
     Nb-containing ceramics and as a source of dispersed Nb. Thus, 1 mol
concentrated
     HCl was added to a dispersion of 0.2 mol Nb hydroxide in 300 mL water,
     then 0.8 mol H2O2 was gradually added under stirring. Addnl. water was
     added to convert the Nb hydroxide to a peroxoniobic complex, and the mixture
     was held at 45° for 48 h to give the soluble After addition of 6N NH4OH
     to pH 1.5, the sol (particle size 0.02 \mu m) was subjected to
     ultrafiltration using polysulfone membranes to remove Cl ions.
     niobium hydroxide peroxoniobic acid sol; hydrochloric acid niobium
st
     hydroxide; hydrogen peroxide hydrochloric acid; ultrafiltration
     colloidal peroxoniobic acid
     Carboxylic acids, uses and miscellaneous
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (di-, stabilizers, in colloidal
        peroxoniobic acid)
IT
     Filtration
        (ultra-, purification by, of colloidal peroxoniobic acid)
     1309-42-8P, Magnesium hydroxide
IT
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (colloidal, manufacture of, in magnesium niobium oxide ceramics
        manufacture)
     7647-01-0, Hydrochloric acid, reactions 7697-37-2, Nitric acid,
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (concentrated, reaction of, with niobium compds., in presence of hydrogen
        peroxide, for colloidal peroxoniobic acid)
IT
     10377-60-3, Magnesium nitrate
     RL: PROC (Process)
        (ion exchange of, for colloidal magnesium hydroxide in
        magnesium niobium oxide ceramics manufacture)
IT
     39421-71-1, Duolite A-101D
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (ion exchange with, of magnesium nitrate, for colloidal
        magnesium hydroxide in magnesium niobium oxide ceramics manufacture)
     37349-30-7P, Niobium hydroxide oxide
IT
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
```

(manufacture of colloidal, from niobium compds., by addition of strong acids and hydrogen peroxide and aging) 12163-26-7P, Magnesium niobium oxide (MgNb206) IT RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (manufacture of, from colloidal magnesium hydroxide and peroxoniobic acid solns.) 12057-57-7P, Lead magnesium niobium oxide (PbMg0.33Nb0.6703) IT RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (manufacture of, from lead oxide and magnesium niobium oxide, colloidal peroxoniobic acid solution manufacture for) 1313-96-8, Niobium oxide 10026-12-7, Niobium pentachloride 12710-38-2, IT Niobium hydroxide RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reactions of, with strong acids and hydrogen peroxide, for colloidal perooxoniobic acid) 1335-25-7, Lead oxide ITRL: USES (Uses) (sintering of mixts. containing magnesium niobium oxide and, for lead magnesium niobium oxide, colloidal peroxoniobic acid solution manufacture for) 110-15-6, Succinic acid, uses and miscellaneous 141-82-2, Malonic acid, IT144-62-7, Oxalic acid, uses and miscellaneous uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (stabilizer, in colloidal peroxoniobic acid) 1309-42-8P, Magnesium hydroxide ITRL: PREP (Preparation) (colloidal, manufacture of, in magnesium niobium oxide ceramics manufacture) 1309-42-8 HCAPLUS RN Magnesium hydroxide (Mg(OH)2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CNHO-Mg-OH10377-60-3, Magnesium nitrate

ITRL: PROC (Process) (ion exchange of, for colloidal magnesium hydroxide in magnesium niobium oxide ceramics manufacture) 10377-60-3 HCAPLUS Nitric acid, magnesium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

O = N - OH

●1/2 Mg

ANSWER 29 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L85 1991:188024 HCAPLUS ANDN 114:188024 Entered STN: 17 May 1991 ED Built or unbuilt aqueous detergent compositions for heavy duty fabric ΤI washing Leng, Francis John; Machin, David; Reed, David Alan; Jones, David Alan IN Kenneth PA Hindustan Lever Ltd., India Indian, 34 pp. SO

```
CODEN: INXXAP
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     English
IC
     ICM C11D001-02
     ICS C11D003-04; C11D003-39
     46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                          _____
                     ____
                                          IN 1986-BO223 19860813 <--
     IN 166047
                     A 19900303
PRAI GB 1985-20550
                          19850816 <--
     MARPAT 114:188024
os
     The title compns., comprising stable gels which are mainly or
AB
     all in the liquid crystal form, contain 15-70% surfactant system,
     1-45% additive, 20-55% water, and 0.001-10% enzyme, fluorescent whitener,
     bleach, photobleach, antiredeposition agent, perfume, and/or germicide.
     The surfactant system has a Krafft point below ambient temperature, does not
     spontaneously form the hexagonal phase, and comprises 30-100% surfactant
     having >1 aliphatic or araliph. hydrocarbon chain containing >8 C and having an
     anionic group position non-terminally in a hydrocarbon chain or carring >1
     hydrocarbon chain and 0-70% other anionic or nonionic surfactant. The
     additive is a water-soluble anionic or nonionic material (e.g., urea) which
     has little or no micelle forming capability and is capable of forcing the
     surfactant system into the hexagonal phase. A composition contained Na
     alkylbenzenesulfonate 40, urea 20, boric acid 1, Na2SO4 1,
     fluorescent whitener 0.1, and water 37.9%.
     laundry detergent gel liq crystal; urea detergent gel liq
st
     crystal; fluorescent whitener detergent gel; bleach detergent gel;
     enzyme detergent gel; photobleach detergent gel; antiredeposition agent
     detergent gel; perfume detergent gel; germicide detergent gel; hexagonal
     liq crystal detergent gel
IT
     Bleaching agents
     Fluorescent brighteners
        (laundry detergent gels containing, in liquid crystal form)
IT
     Soilproofing
        (agents, laundry detergent gels containing, in liquid crystal form)
ΤТ
     Liquid crystals
        (hexagonal, laundry detergent gels in form of, manufacture of)
ΤТ
     Detergents
        (laundry, liquid, manufacture of heavy duty, in liquid crystal form)
     9004-32-4, CM-cellulose sodium salt
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (antiredeposition agents, detergent gels containing, in liquid
        crystal form)
     66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching agents, detergent gels containing, in liquid crystal
     27344-41-8, Tinopal CBS X
TT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (fluorescent whiteners, detergent gels containing, in liquid crystal
     57-13-6, Urea, uses and miscellaneous 9014-01-1, Subtilisin
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (laundry detergent gels containing, in liquid crystal form)
     47822-79-7D, sulfonated
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photochem. bleach, detergent gels containing, in liquid crystal
        form)
     9004-32-4, CM-cellulose sodium salt
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (antiredeposition agents, detergent gels containing, in liquid
```

crystal form)

```
qazi - 10/ 052908
RN
     9004-32-4 HCAPLUS
     Cellulose, carboxymethyl ether, sodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
     CM
         9004-34-6
     CRN
     CMF
         Unspecified
     CCI PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
     CRN 79-14-1
     CMF C2 H4 O3
HO-C-CH2-OH
     66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid
TΤ
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching agents, detergent gels containing, in liquid crystal
        form)
     66280-55-5 HCAPLUS
RN
     Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

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L85 ANSWER 30 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
    1991:104823 HCAPLUS
AN
    114:104823
DN
    Entered STN: 23 Mar 1991
ED
    Agglomerated peroxy acid bleach granules and process for making same
TI
    Kellner, Charles Edward; Alexander, Steven Robert
IN
    Procter and Gamble Co., USA
PA
SO
    Eur. Pat. Appl., 11 pp.
    CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
    Patent
LA
    English
IC
    ICM C11D003-39
CC 46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
FAN.CNT 1
                                      APPLICATION NO. DATE
                   KIND DATE
    PATENT NO.
                                       _____
    EP 396341
                   A2 19901107
PΙ
                                      EP 1990-304584 19900426 <--
    EP 396341
                   A3 19920122
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
                   AA 19901101
                                     CA 1990-2015490 19900426 <--
    CA 2015490
                    Al 19901101
    AU 9054549
                                      AU 1990-54549
                                                     19900430 <--
                   B2 19931111
    AU 643206
    CN 1046932
                                      CN 1990-102598 19900501 <--
                   Α
                        19901114
    JP 03000800
BR 9002050
                   A2 19910107
                                      JP 1990-115716 19900501 <--
                    A 19910813
                                      BR 1990-2050 19900502 <--
PRAI US 1989-345495
                        19890501 <--
    MARPAT 114:104823
os
```

AB Dry granules having good uniformity, useful for addition to water in the preparation of bleaching solns. for fabrics, are prepared by continuously mixing

a pumpable slurry containing 26-55% water and an exotherm control agent with a dry particulate mixture containing recycled dry bleach fines, powdered exotherm control agent, and fillers to form granules having free water content 10-20% and drying the granules at a controlled temperature in a fluidized-bed dryer to give free water content <0.5%. Spraying 0.93 part slurry of diperoxydodecanedioic acid (I) 22.9, water 46, boric acid 25.2, and surfactant paste-additives 5.9% on a dry mixture of 0.35 part Na2SO4 and 2.95% recycled dry I fines and drying the resulting granules in a fluidized-bed dryer with air at $\approx\!65^\circ$ gave granules (90% having particle size 250-750 μm) containing $\approx\!25\%$ I.

ST peroxy acid bleach granulation; peroxydodecanedioic bleach granulation; diperoxydodecanedioic bleach granulation

IT Granulation

TT

(of peroxy acid bleach, with exotherm control agent)

IT Bleaching agents

(peroxy acids, granulation of, with exotherm control agent)

66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid

RL: USES (Uses)

(bleaching agents, granulation of, with **exotherm** control agent)

IT 110-16-7, Maleic acid, uses and miscellaneous 557-39-1, Magnesium formate 814-80-2, Calcium lactate 6915-15-7, Malic acid 7487-88-9, Magnesium sulfate, uses and miscellaneous 7757-82-6, Sodium sulfate, uses and miscellaneous 7778-18-9, Calcium sulfate 10024-42-7, Aluminum sodium sulfate 10043-01-3, Aluminum sulfate 10043-35-3, Boric acid, uses and miscellaneous 15007-61-1, Aluminum potassium sulfate 15710-63-1, Aluminum ammonium sulfate 15892-81-6 RL: USES (Uses)

(exotherm control agent, in granulation of peroxy acid bleach)

IT 66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid

RL: USES (Uses)

(bleaching agents, granulation of, with exotherm control agent)

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\circ}_{HO-O-C-}$$
 $^{\circ}_{(CH_2)_{10}-C-O-OH}$

7487-88-9, Magnesium sulfate, uses and miscellaneous 7757-82-6, Sodium sulfate, uses and miscellaneous 7778-18-9, Calcium sulfate RL: USES (Uses)

(exotherm control agent, in granulation of peroxy acid bleach)

RN 7487-88-9 HCAPLUS

CN Sulfuric acid magnesium salt (1:1) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN7757-82-6 HCAPLUS

Sulfuric acid disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

●2 Na

7778-18-9 HCAPLUS RN

Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

● Ca

ANSWER 31 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L85

1991:8592 HCAPLUS AN

114:8592 DN

Entered STN: 12 Jan 1991 ED

Simplified preparation of bleaching granules from peroxy acid and TIhydratable inorganic material

Ploumen, Jan Joseph Hubert; Edelijn, Herman Johannes; Reijnen, Jan IN Josephus Maria

PA

AKZO N. V., Neth. Eur. Pat. Appl., 9 pp. SO

CODEN: EPXXDW

DTPatent

LA English

ICM C11D003-395 IC

46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents) CC

FAN	CNT 2				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PΤ	EP 376360	A1	19900704	EP 1989-202929	19891120 <
PI	EP 376360	B1	19950322	EF 1303 202323	15051120 <

```
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
                                                          19891120 <--
                          19950415 AT 1989-202929
    AT 120231
                      E
                                         ES 1989-202929
                                                           19891120 <--
    ES 2069575
                     T3 19950516
                     AA 19900525
                                         CA 1989-2003807 19891124 <--
    CA 2003807
                                                           19891124 <--
                     A 19900528
                                          NO 1989-4689
    NO 8904689
                          19931129
    NO 174062
                      В
                      C
                          19940309
    NO 174062
                          19900619
                                          BR 1989-5960
                                                           19891127 <--
    BR 8905960
                      Α
                                          JP 1989-304967
                                                           19891127 <--
    JP 02238099
                      A2
                           19900920
                           19881125 <--
PRAI EP 1988-202691
    Free-flowing granules are prepared by mixing ≥1 water-insol. peroxy
     acid bleach (e.g., diperoxydodecanedioic acid) and a hydratable inorg.
     material (e.g., Na2SO4) at a water content below the maximum
    hydration water content of the inorg. material and below the hydration
     temperature of the inorg. material until a powder forms, increasing
     the temperature to at least the hydration temperature of the inorg. material,
forming
     the powder into granules, and, optionally, drying the granules.
     The granules have a mole water content and are mech. and chemical
     stable, dust-free, soluble in water, and useful in laundering.
     peroxy acid bleach granulation; sodium sulfate
ST
     granulation bleach; laundry bleach peracid granulation
     Granulation
IT
        (of peroxy acid bleach, with hydratable inorg. compds.)
     Bleaching agents
TT
        (peroxy acids, granulation of, with hydratable inorg. compds.)
     Carboxylic acids, uses and miscellaneous
TΤ
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (peroxy, bleaching agents, granulation of, with hydratable inorg.
        compds.)
     1941-79-3, Nonanediperoxoic acid
IT
     66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid 68575-79-1,
     Diperoxytridecanedioic acid 104788-63-8 104788-71-8 104788-72-9
                  128275-31-0
     111875-82-2
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching agents, granulation of, with hydratable inorg. compds.)
     7757-82-6, Sodium sulfate, uses and
IT
     miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (granulation of peroxy acid bleach with hydratable)
     1941-79-3, Nonanediperoxoic acid
IT
     66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid 68575-79-1,
     Diperoxytridecanedioic acid
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching agents, granulation of, with hydratable inorg. compds.)
     1941-79-3 HCAPLUS
RN
     Nonanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

66280-55-5 HCAPLUS RNDodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

RN 68575-79-1 HCAPLUS

CN Tridecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 7757-82-6, Sodium sulfate, uses and

miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(granulation of peroxy acid bleach with hydratable)

RN 7757-82-6 HCAPLUS

CN Sulfuric acid disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 Na

L85 ANSWER 32 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1990:426014 HCAPLUS

DN 113:26014

ED Entered STN: 21 Jul 1990

TI Wax-encapsulated detergent actives and emulsion process for their production

IN Hurckes, Lisa C.; Kamel, Ahmed Abdel Moneim; Morelli, Monica A.

PA Unilever PLC, UK; Unilever N. V.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C11D017-00

ICS C11D003-39; C11D003-395; B01J013-02

CC 46-6 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)

FAN CNT 1

TAN.CHI I													
	PATEN	T NO.		KIN	1D	DATE			AP	PLICATIO	ON NO.	DATE	
ΡI	EP 34	6034		AZ	2	1989	1213		EP	1989-30	05628	19890605	<
	EP 34	6034		A3	3	1990	1017						
	EP 34	6034		BI	L	1994	0406						
	F	R: CH,	DE,	ES,	FR	, GB,	IT,	LI,	NL,	SE			
	US 49	19841		Α		1990	0424		US	1988-20	02853	19880606	<
	AU 89	36005		A1	L	1989	1207		AU	1989-3	6005	19890601	<
	AU 62	23143		B2	2	1992	0507						
	BR 89	02601		Α		1990	0123		BR	1989-20	501	19890605	<
	ES 20	51358		T^3	3	1994	0616		ES	1989-30	05628	19890605	<
	JP 02	035935		A	2	1990	0206		JP	1989-14	43927	19890606	<
	ZA 89	04273		Α		1991	0227		z_{A}	1989-42	273	19890606	<
PRAI	US 19	88-202	853			1988	0606	<	_				

AB A particulate detergent-active material, such as a bleaching agent or nonionic surfactant, is dispersed in a molten wax, and the dispersion is emulsified in an aqueous surfactant solution and cooled to give an encapsulated material which is protected with interaction with other components of

detergent compns., e.g., thickened automatic dishwashing liqs. Blends of hard and soft waxes are especially useful for encapsulation. ST wax encapsulation detergent component; bleach encapsulation wax stability; nonionic surfactant encapsulation wax; dishwasher detergent component encapsulation; cleaner component encapsulation wax IT Detergents (encapsulation of components of, by wax, for stability) IT Bleaching agents (encapsulation of, by wax, for stability in detergents) IT Encapsulation (of detergent components, by wax, for stability) Alcohols, compounds IT RL: PROC (Process) (C12-15, ethoxylated propoxylated, encapsulation of, by wax, for stability in detergents) Alcohols, compounds IT RL: PROC (Process) (C13-14-secondary, ethoxylated propoxylated, encapsulation of, by wax, for stability in detergents) IT Detergents (dishwashing, liquid, encapsulation of components of, by wax, for stability) Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, uses and miscellaneous ΙT RL: USES (Uses) (microcryst., encapsulation by, of detergent actives, for stability) 10543-57-4, N,N,N',N'-Tetraacetylethylenediamine IT RL: USES (Uses) (bleach activators, wax-encapsulated, stable) 118-52-5, 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin 2244-21-5, Potassium IT dichloroisocyanurate 2893-78-9, ACL 60 10332-33-9, Sodium 37244-98-7 **66280-55-5**, perborate monohydrate Diperoxydodecanedioic acid RL: USES (Uses) (bleaching agents, encapsulation of, by wax, for stability) ΙT 110-27-0, Isopropylmyristate 9002-88-4, Polyethylene Epolene C16 RL: USES (Uses) (wax, encapsulation by, of detergent actives, for stability) 2893-78-9, ACL 60 66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid IT RL: USES (Uses) (bleaching agents, encapsulation of, by wax, for stability) 2893-78-9 HCAPLUS RN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione, 1,3-dichloro-, sodium salt (9CI) CN

Na

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

(CA INDEX NAME)

CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
О О П
НО-О-С- (СН<sub>2</sub>) 10-С-О-ОН
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RL: USES (Uses)

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L85 ANSWER 33 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
    1990:425992 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
    113:25992
    Entered STN: 21 Jul 1990
ED
    Preparation of desensitized water-insoluble diperoxy dicarboxylic
TT
     acid-containing bleaching agents
     Zimmermann, Frank; Jostmann, Thomas; Schueller, Hans Peter; Engel, Klaus
IN
    Huels A.-G., Germany
PA
SO
    Ger. Offen., 14 pp.
    CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
    Patent
LA
    German
     ICM C07C407-00
TC
     ICS C07C409-00; D06L003-02; C11D003-39
     46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
     Section cross-reference(s): 23
FAN.CNT 1
                  KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
     _____ ___
    DE 3822798
                    A1 19900111 DE 1988-3822798 19880706 <--
ΡI
    EP 375829 A2 19900704
EP 375829 A3 19901024
                                         EP 1989-108288
                                                         19890509 <--
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
    US 5030381 A 19910709 US 1989-360401 19890602 <--
                     A2
                           19901016
                                          JP 1989~173168
                                                           19890706 <--
     JP 02255899
                           19880706 <--
PRAI DE 1988-3822798
    The title agents, useful in detergents, comprise granulated mixts. of
     Na2SO4 and a diperoxy dicarboxylic acid, such as
     diperoxydodecanedioic acid or diperoxybrassylic acid, which have good
     chemical stability in spite of a high impurity (e.g., heavy metal
     and Cl) content, good handling properties, low bulk d., and high abrasion
     resistance. The agents are prepared by filtering the freshly prepared
     products of the peroxidn. of a water-insol. dicarboxylic acid by H2O2 in
     the presence of H2SO4 to give a filtrate containing H2SO4 and a liquid
     suspension containing the diperoxy dicarboxylic acid and <10% H2SO4,
     neutralizing the filtrate and removing water to give powder
     Na2SO4, neutralizing the liquid suspension and adding a water-soluble
     organic polymer to remove heavy metals and Cl-, and mixing the resulting
     diperoxy dicarboxylic acid with the powdered Na2SO4 to
     form granules.
     peroxy dicarboxylic bleach desensitization; dicarboxylic diperoxy bleach
ST
     desensitization; safety diperoxy dicarboxylic bleach; sodium
     sulfate diperoxide desensitization; sulfate diperoxy dicarboxylic
     desensitization; granulation diperoxy dicarboyxlic desensitization;
     diperoxydodecanedioic acid prepn desensitization; diperoxybrassylic acid
     prepn desensitization
IT
     Detergents
        (bleaching agents for, granulated diperoxy dicarboxylic acids as,
        manufacture of)
IΤ
     Bleaching agents
        (diperoxy dicarboxylic acid, manufacture of granulated, desensitization in)
IT
     Explosion
        (prevention of, of diperoxy dicarboxylic acids, in manufacture of granules)
IT
     7757-82-6, Sodium sulfate, uses and
     miscellaneous
```

(diperoxy dicarboxylic acid granules containing, for desensitization, manufacture of)

IT 66280-55-5P, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid 68575-79-1P,

Tridecanediperoxoic acid RL: PREP (Preparation)

(manufacture of granulated, as bleaching agent, desensitization in)

IT 7757-82-6, Sodium sulfate, uses and

miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(diperoxy dicarboxylic acid granules containing, for desensitization, manufacture of)

RN 7757-82-6 HCAPLUS

CN Sulfuric acid disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 Na

IT 66280-55-5P, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid 68575-79-1P,

Tridecanediperoxoic acid

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(manufacture of granulated, as bleaching agent, desensitization in)

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$_{
m HO-O-C-}^{
m O}$$
 $_{
m II}^{
m O}$ $_{
m II}^{
m O}$ $_{
m IO-C-O-OH}^{
m O}$

RN 68575-79-1 HCAPLUS

CN Tridecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L85 ANSWER 34 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1990:80009 HCAPLUS

DN 112:80009

ED Entered STN: 03 Mar 1990

TI Preparation of granules containing peroxy acid for use in bleach and detergent compositions

IN Finch, Timothy David; Iley, William John

PA Unilever N. V., Neth.; Unilever PLC

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 6 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C11D011-00

ICS C11D003-39; C11D003-36

```
46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                     ____
                           _____
    EP 340847
                     A2
PΙ
                           19891108
                                          EP 1989-201076 19890426 <--
                     A3 19901003
    EP 340847
        R: CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE
    AU 8933931 A1 19891109
                                          AU 1989-33931
                                                          19890502 <--
                     B2
    AU 613745
                           19910808
    JP 02011564
                     A2
                                         JP 1989-113614
                                                         19890502 <--
                           19900116
                     B4
    JP 06023186
                           19940330
                                          BR 1989-2095
                                                           19890504 <--
                           19891205
    BR 8902095
                      Α
                                          ZA 1989-3330
                                                           19890505 <--
                           19910130
    ZA 8903330
                      Α
PRAI GB 1988-10630
                           19880505 <--
    A water-wet mixture of a solid peroxy acid and a hydratable material
(especially
    Na2SO4) having temperature of hydration ≤40° is prepared at
    a temperature above the hydration temperature with the incorporation of a
film-forming
    material (especially a carboxy-containing polymer) to give a mixture having pH
    mixture is formed into granules before, during, or after cooling to a
temperature
    below the hydration temperature, and the granules are dryed.
                                                                  The granules have
    good homogeneity, storage stability, attrition resistance, and
    dispersibility and are useful in powdered bleaching or detergent
    compns. A suspension containing diperoxydodecanedioic acid (I) 28,
    Na2SO4 7, and water 65% was mixed at 40° with 0.25 part
    Na2SO4/part I, mixed at 40° with sufficient poly(acrylic
    acid) (II; mol. weight 30,000) to give a 5% concentration in the final
granules, and
     cooled to 10° in a mixer to give granules which were dried in a
     fluidizing apparatus and screened to recover granules having diameter 150-2000
         The granules contained I 19, Na2SO4 76, and II 5% and
    had bulk d. 600 kg/m3.
    peroxy acid bleach granulation; sodium sulfate
ST
    granulation peroxy acid; polyacrylic acid granulation bleach; carboxy
    polymer granulation bleach; diperoxydodecanedioic acid granulation
IT
    Granulation
        (of peroxy acid bleach, with hydratable and film-forming materials)
IT
    Detergents
        (peroxy acid bleach-containing granules for addition to, manufacture of)
    Bleaching agents
ΙT
        (peroxy acids, granulation of, with hydratable and film-forming
        materials)
     66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching agents, granulation of, with hydratable and film-forming
        materials)
     7757-82-6, Sodium sulfate, uses and
IT
     miscellaneous 9003-01-4, Poly(acrylic acid)
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (in granulation of peroxy acid bleach, for detergents)
ΙT
     66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching agents, granulation of, with hydratable and film-forming
        materials)
RN
     66280-55-5 HCAPLUS
     Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

IT 7757-82-6, Sodium sulfate, uses and

miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(in granulation of peroxy acid bleach, for detergents)

RN 7757-82-6 HCAPLUS

CN Sulfuric acid disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 Na

L85 ANSWER 35 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1990:38777 HCAPLUS

DN 112:38777

ED Entered STN: 04 Feb 1990

TI Aqueous bleach compositions containing a **stably** suspended organic peroxy acid

IN Emmons, Stuart Albert; Hale, Perry

PA Unilever N. V., Neth.; Unilever PLC

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 5 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C11D003-395 ICS C11D001-83

CC 46-6 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)

ган сит 1

FAN.	FAN.CNT 1								
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE				
ΡI	EP 337516	A2	19891018	EP 1989-200347	19890214 <				
	EP 337516	A3	19900530						
	R: CH,	DE, ES, F	R, GB, IT,	LI, NL, SE					
	NO 8900503	A	19890922	NO 1989-503	19890207 <				
	NO 173948	В	19931115						
	NO 173948	С	19940223						
	ZA 8900976	A	19901031	ZA 1989-976	19890208 <				
	AU 8929812	A1	19890921	AU 1989-29812	19890209 <				
	AU 597522	B2	19900531						
	CA 1328715	A1	19940426	CA 1989-590784	19890210 <				
	US 4929377	A	19900529	US 1989-313408	19890221 <				
	BR 8900970	A	19891024	BR 1989-970	19890302 <				
	JP 03020399	A2	19910129	JP 1989-69122	19890320 <				
	JP 05031917	B4	19930513						
PRAI	GB 1988-6704		19880321	<					

OS MARPAT 112:38777

AB The title compns., useful for cleaning hard surfaces, etc., contain a particulate organic peroxy acid such as diperoxydodecanedioic acid (I) which is **stably** suspended by a structuring combination of a secondary

C10-20 alkanesulfonate, and ethoxylated fatty alc., and Na2SO4. A composition containing I 10.0, secondary C13-17 alkanesulfonate 5.1, Symperonic A3 0.9, Na2SO4 10.0, ethylenediaminetetrakismethylenphosphonic acid 0.04, and water .apprx.74% and having pH 4.5 was pourable and had good chemical and phys. stability during storage. bleach liq suspension stability; diperoxydodecanedioic bleach ST lig suspension; peroxy acid bleach lig; alkanesulfonate lig bleach stability; ethoxylate liq bleach stability; alc ethoxylate liq bleach; sodium sulfate liq bleach IT Thickening agents (alumina, colloidal, for aqueous cleaners for hard surfaces) Bleaching agents IT(liquid, stable, particulate peroxy acid-containing) IT Bleaching agents (peroxy acids, aqueous liquid suspensions containing, stable) IT Alcohols, compounds RL: USES (Uses) (C13-17, ethoxylated, bleach compns. containing particulate peroxy acid and, liquid, stable) TT Detergents (cleaning compns., liquid, colloidal alumina-thickened, for hard surfaces) 7757-82-6, Disodium sulfate, uses and IT miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (bleach compns. containing particulate peroxy acid and, liquid, 66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid IT RL: USES (Uses) (bleaching compns. containing, liquid, stable) 5989-27-5, D-Limonene IT RL: USES (Uses) (cleaners containing, alumina-thickened, for hard surfaces) 7757-82-6, Disodium sulfate, uses and IT miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (bleach compns. containing particulate peroxy acid and, liquid, stable) 7757-82-6 HCAPLUS RN

о || но-s-он ||

CN

●2 Na

IT 66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid
RL: USES (Uses)
(bleaching compns. containing, liquid, stable)
RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS
CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Sulfuric acid disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
L85 ANSWER 36 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     1989:520802 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     111:120802
     Entered STN: 01 Oct 1989
ED
     Problems in the disinfection of dental impression materials
ΤI
     Borneff, Marianne; Fuhr, Klaus; Behneke, Nikolaus
ΑU
     Hyg.-Inst., Univ. Heidelberg, Heidelberg, D-6900, Fed. Rep. Ger.
CS
     Zentralblatt fuer Bakteriologie, Mikrobiologie und Hygiene, Serie B:
SO
     Umwelthygiene, Krankenhaushygiene, Arbeitshygiene, Praeventive Medizin (
     1989), 187(4/6), 365-81
     CODEN: ZBMMEA; ISSN: 0932-6073
DT
     Journal
LΑ
     German
     63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
CC
     Com. products containing glutaryl- and succinyldialdehydes and peracetic and
AB
     perglutaric acids were tested for their suitability in
     the bacterial disinfection of dental impression materials
     (alginates and elastomers), both in model studies with Staphylococcus
     aureus and in practical trials, whereby effects on impression material
     properties were also considered. In general, disinfection
     within the guidelines of the German Society of Hygiene and Microbiol.
     (DGHM) was possible, although a pronounced influence of product
     formulation (no data) and impression material was observed Further
     impression material roughness was influenced to various extents, depending
     upon both disinfectant and material employed. A general
     statement of disinfection suitability was therefore not
     possible.
     dental impression material disinfection com disinfectant
st
     Rubber, silicone, biological studies
IT
     Rubber, urethane, biological studies
     Siloxanes and Silicones, biological studies
     RL: PROC (Process)
        (disinfection of)
     Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics
IT
        (for dental impression materials)
     Sterilization and Disinfection
        (of dental impression materials, with com. disinfectants)
     Dental materials and appliances
        (impressions, disinfection of, with com.
        disinfectants, surface roughness changes in)
IT
     Rubber, synthetic
     RL: PROC (Process)
         (polyether, disinfection of)
IT
     Surface structure
        (roughness, of dental impression materials, disinfectants
        effect on)
     79-21-0, Peracetic acid 111-30-8, Pentanedial 638-37-9, Butanedial
IT
     28317-46-6, Perglutaric acid
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
         (dental impression material disinfection by)
     109319-34-8, Alginoplast
IT
     RL: PROC (Process)
         (disinfection of)
IT
     28317-46-6, Perglutaric acid
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
         (dental impression material disinfection by)
```

28317-46-6 HCAPLUS RN

Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

```
L85 ANSWER 37 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     1989:517340 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     111:117340
     Entered STN: 01 Oct 1989
ED
     Non-phosphorus laundry detergent compositions containing zeolite builder
TI
     and peroxy acid bleach
     Emery, Wiliam Derek; Barnes, Stephen George; Sims, Peter Stanford
IN
     Unilever N. V., Neth.; Unilever PLC
PA
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 9 pp.
SO
     CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
     Patent
     English
LΑ
     ICM C11D003-395
IC
     ICS C11D003-12; C11D003-20
     46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
     ______
     EP 313143 A2 19890426
EP 313143 A3 19891018
                                          EP 1988-202243 19881007 <--
PΙ
        R: CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE
     AU 8824008 A1 19890427
AU 607268 B2 19910228
                                         AU 1988-24008
                                                           19881019 <--
     NO 8804699 A 19890424
JP 01146996 A2 19890608
BR 8805449 A 19890627
                                          NO 1988-4699
                                                           19881021 <--
                                          JP 1988-265911 19881021 <--
                                          BR 1988-5449
                                                           19881021 <--
                           19890627
PRAI GB 1987-24899
                            19871023 <--
     MARPAT 111:117340
os
     Citric acid or an alkali metal citrate improves the cleaning and bleaching
AB
     performance of the title compns. A spray-dried powder containing Na
     alkylbenzenesulfonate 9.0, ethoxylated (7 mol) fatty alc. 1.5, Sokalan CP5
     4.0, zeolite A 24.0, Na2SO4 0.3, CM-cellulose 0.5, EDTA Na salt
     0.2, Na2CO3 2.0, and water-fluorescent brightener 7.6 parts was mixed with
     a particulate mixture of Na perborate monohydrate 8.0, antifoaming agent
     2.5, Savinase 0.5, diperoxydodecanedioic acid 6.0, and Na2SO4
     33.9 parts to give a detergent which was used with 5% tri-Na citrate (I)
     in the laundering of fabrics stained with tea and red wine, giving better
     cleaning and bleaching than a composition containing no I.
     citrate peroxy acid bleaching; peroxy acid bleaching laundering;
ST
     peroxydodecanedioic bleaching laundering; zeolite laundry detergent
     bleaching; citric acid peroxide bleaching
IT
     Bleaching agents
        (peroxy acids, in laundry detergents, activators for)
```

Zeolites, uses and miscellaneous IT

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(A, detergents containing, for laundering, activators for peroxy acid bleach in)

IT Detergents

(laundry, zeolite-built, activators for peroxy acid bleach in)

IT 68-04-2, Trisodium citrate 77-92-9, Citric acid, uses and miscellaneous

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(activators, for peroxy acid bleach in laundry detergents)

IT 66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid

RL: USES (Uses)

(bleaching agents, in laundry detergents, activators for)

IT 1335-30-4

RL: USES (Uses)

(zeolites, A, detergents containing, for laundering, activators for peroxy acid bleach in)

IT 68-04-2, Trisodium citrate

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(activators, for peroxy acid bleach in laundry detergents)

RN 68-04-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-, trisodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

•3 Na

IT 66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid

RL: USES (Uses)

(bleaching agents, in laundry detergents, activators for)

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L85 ANSWER 38 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1989:499427 HCAPLUS

DN 111:99427

ED Entered STN: 16 Sep 1989

TI Phosphate-free aluminosilicate-built detergents containing a peroxy acid and a polyphosphonate for effective bleaching during laundering

IN Emery, William Derek; Barnes, Stephen George; Sims, Peter Stanford

PA Unilever N. V., Neth.; Unilever PLC

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 8 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C11D003-395

ICS C11D003-12; C11D003-36

CC 46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 313145	A2	19890426	EP 1988-202245	19881007 <
	EP 313145	A3	19891018		
	R: CH	DE, ES, FR	, GB, IT, LI	, NL, SE	
	AU 8824006	A1	19890427	AU 1988-24006	19881019 <
	NO 8804701	Α	19890424	NO 1988-4701	19881021 <
	TP 01161098	3 A2	19890623	JP 1988-265913	19881021 <

```
19890627
                                          BR 1988-5451 19881021 <--
    BR 8805451
                      Α
                            19871023 <--
PRAI GB 1987-24901
    MARPAT 111:99427
OS
    A phosphonate R2N(CH2CH2NR)mR (R = CH2PO3H2; m = 0-2), optionally in the
AΒ
     form of a water-soluble salt, improves the cleaning and bleaching performance
    of the title detergents at ≤40°. A spray-dried
    powder containing Na alkylbenzenesulfonate 9.0, ethoxylated (7 mol)
     fatty alc. 1.5, Sokalan CP5 4.0, zeolite A 24.0, Na2SO4 0.3,
     CM-cellulose 0.5, EDTA Na salt 0.2, Na2CO3 2.0, and water-fluorescent
     brightener 7.6 parts was mixed with a particulate mixture of Na perborate
     monohydrate 8.0, antifoaming agent 2.5, Savinase 0.5,
     diperoxydodecanedioic acid 6.0, and Na2SO4 33.9 parts to give a
     detergent which was used with 1% tri-Ca complex of [CH2N(CH2PO3H2)2]2 (I)
     in the laundering of fabrics containing tea, red wine, and protein stains
     giving better cleaning and bleaching than a composition containing no I.
     phosphonate peroxy acid bleaching; peroxy acid bleaching laundering; amine
ST
     phosphonomethyl bleaching peroxy acid; zeolite laundry detergent
     bleaching; peroxydodecanedioic bleaching laundry detergent
    Bleaching agents
IT
        (peroxy acids, in laundry detergents containing zeolites, activators for)
     Zeolites, uses and miscellaneous
IT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (A, laundry detergents containing, peroxy acid bleach in, activators for)
IT
     Detergents
        (laundry, peroxy acid bleach in zeolite-containing, activators for)
     66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid
TT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching by, in laundering, phosphonates for improved)
     1429-50-1D, Ethylene diamine tetrakis (methylene phosphonic acid),
IT
     tricalcium complex
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (peroxy acid bleach activator, in laundry detergents containing zeolites)
IT
     1335-30-4
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (zeolites, A, laundry detergents containing, peroxy acid bleach in,
        activators for)
     66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid
ΙT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching by, in laundering, phosphonates for improved)
     66280-55-5 HCAPLUS
RN
     Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
HO-O-C-(CH_2)_{10}-C-O-OH
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L85 ANSWER 39 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AN 1989:175549 HCAPLUS
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DN 110:175549

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1989

TI Cleaning of food-stained linen with acids, bleaching agents, alkali builders, and detergents

IN Tsutazumi, Junichi; Obara, Masataka; Iguchi, Kazuo

PA Kao Corp., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM D06L001-16 ICS C11D007-34; C11D017-00; D06L003-02

```
46-6 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                                          _____
                     ____
    JP 63190076
                                        JP 1987-21968 19870202 <--
                      A2
                           19880805
                           19870202 <--
PRAI JP 1987-21968
    Food-stained table cloths and napkins are cleaned by washing (1) with
    acidic solns. (pH = 1.5-4), then with aqueous solns. containing bleaching
    alkali builders (A), and detergents (B), or (2) with acidic solns. (pH =
    1.5-4) containing organic per acids, then with aqueous solns. containing A and
в.
    food-stained table cloth was washed with a solution (pH 2.1) containing 0.2%
    p-toluenesulfonic acid and 0.1% Mg monoperphthalate at 60° for 10
    min, then with a solution containing 0.1% Lunace P 200 (containing nonionic
    surfactant, soap, and Na tripolyphosphate) and 0.1% Na metasilicate at
    60° for 10 min. The cleaning method afforded better cleaning than
     a conventional method.
     food stained linen cleaning acid; alkali builder cleaning food stained
ST
     linen; bleaching agent cleaning food stained linen
    Acids, uses and miscellaneous
IT
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (cleaning of food-stained linen with alkali builders and bleaching
       agents and detergents and)
IT
        (linen stained by, cleaning of, with acids and bleaching agents and
        alkali builders and detergents)
     Cleaning
IT
        (of food-stained linen)
     Bleaching agents
TT
        (organic per acids, cleaning of food-stained linen with acids and alkali
        builders and detergents and)
     Detergents
IT
        (cleaning compns., containing acid and alkali builder and bleaching agent,
        for food-stained linen)
     Textiles
IT
        (linen, food-stained, cleaning of, with acids and bleaching agents and
        alkali builders and detergents)
     Carboxylic acids, uses and miscellaneous
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (peroxy, cleaning of food-stained linen with acids and alkali builders
        and detergents and)
     66280-55-5, Dodecanediperoxoic acid 78948-87-5
IΤ
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (cleaning of food-stained linen with acids and alkali builders and
        detergents and)
     120112-96-1, Lunace P 200
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (cleaning of food-stained linen with acids and bleaching agents and
        alkali builders and)
ΙT
     6834-92-0, Sodium metasilicate
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (cleaning of food-stained linen with acids and bleaching agents and
        detergents)
     77-92-9, uses and miscellaneous 104-15-4, p-Toluenesulfonic acid, uses
TТ
     and miscellaneous 7647-01-0, Hydrochloric acid, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (cleaning of food-stained linen with alkali builders and bleaching
```

RL: USES (Uses)
(cleaning of food-stained linen with acids and alkali builders and detergents and)

agents and detergents and)

66280-55-5, Dodecanediperoxoic acid

IT

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 6834-92-0, Sodium metasilicate

RL: USES (Uses)

(cleaning of food-stained linen with acids and bleaching agents and detergents)

RN 6834-92-0 HCAPLUS

PRAI DE 1987-3709347

EP 1988-103336

CN Silicic acid (H2SiO3), disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 Na

```
L85 ANSWER 40 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
    1989:59965 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
    110:59965
    Entered STN: 17 Feb 1989
ED
    Stable aqueous peroxycarboxylic acid bleach suspension and its
тT
    preparation and use
    Dankowski, Manfred; Lieser, Thomas; Prescher, Guenter; Leonhardt, Wolfgang
IN
    Degussa A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger.
PA
    Ger. Offen., 7 pp.
SO
    CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
    Patent
LA
    German
    ICM D06L003-02
IC
    ICS C11D003-395; C11D003-48
    C07C179-10
ICA
    46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
                    KIND DATE
    PATENT NO.
                    ____
    DE 3709347
                    A1 19881006
                                       DE 1987-3709347 19870321 <--
PΙ
                                       FI 1988-199
                                                        19880118 <--
    FI 8800199
                    A
                         19880922
                    A2 19880928
                                       EP 1988-103336 19880304 <--
    EP 283791
                    A3 19890607
    EP 283791
                    B1 19910508
    EP 283791
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE
                    E 19910515
                                      AT 1988-103336
                                                        19880304 <--
    AT 63332
                                       US 1988-168996
                                                        19880316 <--
    US 4790949
                    Α
                         19881213
                                       DK 1988-1455
                                                        19880317 <--
    DK 8801455
                         19880922
                    Α
                    A2 19881017
                                        JP 1988-65963
                                                        19880322 <--
    JP 63249770
```

AB The title suspensions, having good resistance to phase separation and loss of active O during storage, contain colloidal silica as a thickening agent and a hydratable peroxycarboxylic acid-desensitizing neutral salt and are especially useful in combination with detergents. An aqueous

19870321 <--19880304 <-- suspension contained diperoxydodecanedioic acid 25, Na2SO4 9.3, and Aerosil 200 2.5%.

ST bleach peroxycarboxylic suspension **stability**;
diperoxydodecanedioic bleach suspension; dodecanedioic diperoxy bleach
suspension; silica **colloidal** thickener bleach; **sodium sulfate** diperoxydodecanedioic suspension

IT Thickening agents

(silica, aqueous peroxycarboxylic acid bleach suspensions containing)

IT 66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid

RL: USES (Uses)

(bleaching agents, aqueous suspensions containing, thickened, stable)

IT 7631-86-9, Silica, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(colloidal, thickening agents, aqueous peroxycarboxylic acid suspensions containing)

IT 7757-82-6, Disodium sulfate, uses and

miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(peroxycarboxylic acid bleach suspensions containing, thickened,

stable)

IT 66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid

RL: USES (Uses)

(bleaching agents, aqueous suspensions containing, thickened, stable)

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 7757-82-6, Disodium sulfate, uses and

miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(peroxycarboxylic acid bleach suspensions containing, thickened, stable)

RN 7757-82-6 HCAPLUS

CN Sulfuric acid disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

•2 Na

L85 ANSWER 41 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1989:25789 HCAPLUS

DN 110:25789

ED Entered STN: 21 Jan 1989

TI Caking-resistant **powder** detergent compositions with good storage **stability**

IN Tsutazumi, Junichi; Obara, Masataka; Iguchi, Kazuo

```
Kao Corp., Japan
PA
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.
SO
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
    Japanese
LΑ
    ICM C11D010-04
IC
    C11D010-04, C11D001-72, C11D003-395, C11D009-02, C11D003-10, C11D003-08
ICI
     46-6 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
     _____
                     ----
    JP 63196698 A2 19880815
                                         JP 1987-27748 19870209 <--
PΙ
                     B4 19950125
     JP 07005906
PRAI JP 1987-27748
                           19870209 <--
    The title compns. comprise peroxides (A) 1-20, nonionic surfactants (B)
     1-10, higher fatty acid salts (C) 1-10, Na2CO3 (I) 25-60, and powd
     . Na silicate (II) (SiO2/Na2O = 2.5-3.5, mol ratio) 1-10% at (B + C)/(I +
     II) = 0.08-0.43. Thus, Na perborate 5, polyoxyethylene dodecyl ether 4, I
     47, II (SiO2/Na2O = 2.5, mol ratio) 5, beef tallow fatty acid Na salt 4,
    Na tripolyphosphate 20, Na2SO4 9.4, CMC 1, a fluorescent dye
     0.1, and water 4.5% were mixed to give a detergent, which showed 92%
     retention of effective O after 14-days storage at 40° and 80%
     relative humidity and cake-breaking load (after 14-day storage at
     40° and 80% relative humidity under 2 kg load) 0 g, vs. 68 and 270,
     resp., for a similar detergent containing II (SiO2/Na2O = 2.0 mol ratio).
    powd detergent caking resistant; storage stable
st
     powder detergent compn; sodium silicate powder detergent
     compn
IT
    Detergents
        (powdered, sodium silicate-containing, caking-resistant)
     497-19-8, Sodium carbonate, uses and miscellaneous 1344-09-8,
IT
     Sodium silicate 7632-04-4, Sodium perborate 9002-92-0,
     Polyoxyethylene dodecyl ether 66280-55-5, Dodecanediperoxoic
            114915-85-4
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (powder detergents containing, caking-resistant, storage-
     497-19-8, Sodium carbonate, uses and miscellaneous
IT
     7632-04-4, Sodium perborate 66280-55-5,
     Dodecanediperoxoic acid
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (powder detergents containing, caking-resistant, storage-
        stable)
RN
     497-19-8 HCAPLUS
     Carbonic acid disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
HO-C-OH
 2 Na
```

Perboric acid (HBO(O2)), sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN

CN

7632-04-4 HCAPLUS

O== B- O- OH

Na

66280-55-5 HCAPLUS RNDodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

ANSWER 42 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1988:548890 HCAPLUS AN

DN 109:148890

Entered STN: 28 Oct 1988 ED

Procedure for the desensitization of water-insoluble peroxycarboxylic TI

Dankowski, Manfred; Hofen, Willi IN

Degussa A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger. PA

Ger. Offen., 7 pp. SO CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LΑ German

IC ICM C07C179-10

23-16 (Aliphatic Compounds) Section cross-reference(s): 40

FAN.CNT 1 APPLICATION NO. DATE KIND DATE PATENT NO. _____ ----_____ DE 3628263 A1 19880303
DE 3628263 C2 19900712
FI 8702671 A 19880226
EP 257273 A2 19880302
EP 257273 A3 19890322
EP 257273 B1 19910410 DE 1986-3628263 19860825 <--19880303 FI 1987-2671 19870616 <--19880226 EP 1987-110140 19870714 <--R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE AT 62475 E 19910415 AT 1987-110140 19870714 <-BR 8704268 A 19880412 BR 1987-4268 19870819 <-JP 63060965 A2 19880317 JP 1987-209431 19870825 <-US 4874556 A 19891017 US 1988-266237 19881028 <--19860825 <--PRAI DE 1986-3628263 19870617 <--US 1987-63045 19870714 <--EP 1987-110140

A procedure for desensitization of H2O-insol. peroxycarboxylic acids with AB essentially Na2SO4 as desensitizing agent, whereby one brings the peroxy-carboxylic acids into contact with the desensitizing agent in the aqueous medium, seps. the desensitized peroxycarboxylic acids in a known manner from the mother liquor and before drying, optionally conditions, and recycles the Na2SO4 dissolved in the mother liquor, was characterized in that one withdraws heat from the mother liquor after separation of the desensitized peroxycarboxylic acids for crystallization of Na2SO4.10H2O and optionally also Na2SO4.7H2O, seps. the crystallized Na2SO4 hydrates from the impurity-containing waste liquors, and recycles at least a portion of the separated Na2SO4 hydrates themselves or after their conversion into an aqueous solution and/or anhydrous Na2SO4 into the process. Peroxycarboxylic acids are used

not only as oxidizing agents in organic synthesis but also used as bleaching agents in washing and cleaning agents, especially for textiles, since they become active <80°. The examples illustrate: 1) the processing of a mother liquor from the preparation and desensitization of diperoxydodecanedioic acid; 2) conversion of the Na2SO4.10H2O into a saturated solution and anhydrous N2SO4; 3) desensitization of diperoxydodecanedioic acid. desensitization diperoxydodecanedioic acid sodium sulfate; peroxydodecanedioic acid desensitization sodium sulfate; dodecanedioic acid peroxy desensitization sodium sulfate; recycle sodium sulfate desensitization peroxy acid Bleaching agents (peroxycarboxylic acids, for textiles, desensitization of) Carboxylic acids, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (peroxy, desensitization of water insol.) 7727-73-3, Sodium sulfate decahydrate RL: PROC (Process) (conversion of, into saturated solution and anhydrous sodium sulfate) 7757-82-6, Sodium sulfate, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (desensitization by, of diperoxydodecanedioic acid) 66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (desensitization of, and processing of mother liquor from) 693-23-2, Dodecanedioic acid RL: PROC (Process) (peroxidn. of, and subsequent desensitization) 7727-73-3, Sodium sulfate decahydrate RL: PROC (Process) (conversion of, into saturated solution and anhydrous sodium sulfate) 7727-73-3 HCAPLUS

Sulfuric acid disodium salt, decahydrate (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ST

IT

TT

IT

TT

TT

IT

TT

RN

CN

2 Na

●10 H₂O

TT 7757-82-6, Sodium sulfate, uses and
 miscellaneous
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (desensitization by, of diperoxydodecanedioic acid)
RN 7757-82-6 HCAPLUS
CN Sulfuric acid disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 Na

66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid IT

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(desensitization of, and processing of mother liquor from)

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

L85 ANSWER 43 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1988:531285 HCAPLUS AN

109:131285 DN

Entered STN: 14 Oct 1988 ED

Processes for encapsulation of peracid granules \mathtt{TI}

Jacobs, Jochen; Carduck, Franz Josef; Smulders, Eduard; Dankowski, Manfred IN

Henkel K.-G.a.A., Fed. Rep. Ger. PA

Ger. Offen., 8 pp. so

CODEN: GWXXBX

DTPatent

German LA

ICM D06L003-02 IC

ICS B01J002-30; C11D003-39; C11D003-395; C07C179-10

ICA A01N037-02; A01N025-12

46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)

FAN.CNT 1

	PAT	CENT I	NO.		KIN	ND	DATE			API	PLICAT	CION :	NO.	DATE	
				- 											
ΡI	DE	3636	904		A:	L	1988	0505		DE	1986-	-3636	904	19861030	<
	EP	2724	02		A	2	1988	0629		EP	1987-	-1154	98	19871022	<
	ΕP	2724	02		A3	3	1988	1228							
	ΕP	2724	02		В:	L	1991	0313							
		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	ES,	FR,	GB,	IT, I	LI, NI	, SE			
	ΑT	6162	8		E		1991	0315		AΤ	1987-	-1154	98	19871022	
	DK	8705	675		Α		1988	0501		DK	1987-	-5675		19871029	<
	JP	6312	2798		A	2	1988	0526		JP	1987-	-2772	44	19871030	<
PRAI	DE	1986	-3636	5904			1986	1030	<	-					
	EΡ	1987	-1154	198			1987	1022	<	-					

Peracid-containing granules in a fluidizing apparatus are sprayed with an

aqueous solution

or dispersion or a polymer of an unsatd. C3-6 carboxylic acid and dried to prepare encapsulated granules which do not interact with other components, such as perfumes, upon addition to detergent compns. as bleaching agents. Granules containing α, ω -diperoxydodecanedioic acid 1.9,

MgSO4 3.8, Na2SO4 78.8, poly(acrylic acid) (I) 1.0, and

water 3.0% were sprayed at 20% aqueous I solution in a fluidizing apparatus and dried

to give granules which are coated with 2% I. The granules did not effect the odor of a perfume in a detergent powder during 4 wk, vs 1

```
qazi - 10/ 052908
     with uncoated granules.
     carboxylic polymer encapsulation peracid; bleach peracid encapsulation;
ST
     peroxydodecanedioic acid encapsulation
ΙT
     Encapsulation
        (of peracids, granules containing, for detergents)
     Bleaching agents
TΤ
        (peracids, granules containing, encapsulation of)
     Detergents
IT
        (laundry, granules containing encapsulated peracid bleaching agents for)
     Carboxylic acids, uses and miscellaneous
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (peroxy, granules containing, bleaching agents, for detergents)
     66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching agents, granules containing, encapsulation of)
     9003-01-4, Poly(acrylic acid) 9003-16-1, Fumaric acid polymer
IT
                                          26007-90-9, Crotonic acid polymer
     25087-26-7, Poly(methacrylic acid)
     26099-09-2, Maleic acid polymer 29132-58-9, Acrylic acid-maleic acid
                35326-33-1, Poly (\alpha-hydroxyacrylic acid)
     copolymer
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (encapsulation by, of peracid-containing granules)
     66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching agents, granules containing, encapsulation of)
     66280-55-5 HCAPLUS
RN
    Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
HO-O-C-(CH_2)_{10}-C-O-OH
    ANSWER 44 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L85
     1988:408448 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     109:8448
     Entered STN: 09 Jul 1988
ED
    Granulated stable peroxy acid bleach composition and its use in
ΤI
     laundry detergents
     Finch, Timothy David
IN
    Unilever N. V., Neth.; Unilever PLC
PA
SO
    Eur. Pat. Appl., 8 pp.
    CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
    Patent
    English
LA
     ICM C11D003-39
IC
     ICS C11D003-37
```

CC	46-5 (Surface Ac	tive Agents and	Detergents)	
FAN.	CNT 1			
	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	EP 256443	A2 19880224	EP 1987-111425	19870807 <
	EP 256443	A3 19881214		
	R: CH, DE,	ES, FR, GB, IT,	LI, NL, SE	
	AU 8776745	A1 19880218	AU 1987-76745	19870810 <
	AU 600503	B2 19900816		
	BR 8704199	A 19880412	BR 1987-4199	19870813 <
	JP 63048400	A2 19880301	JP 1987-203007	19870814 <
	ZA 8706041	A 19890426	ZA 1987-6041	19870814 <
PRAI	GB 1986-19953	19860815	<	
AB	The title bleach	composition cor	ntaining a solid organi	c peroxy acid 20-65, ≥ 1

inert inorg. salt 30-79.5, and an oxidation-resistant acidic polymeric binder 0.5-6.5% and having particle size 500-2000 μ has good storage stability and bleaching effectiveness, especially as a bleach component in laundry detergents. Thus, a mixture of 32.6 parts diperoxydodecanedioic acid and 66.78 parts Na2SO4 was sprayed with a solution containing 0.62 part poly(acrylic acid) (mol. weight 250,000), dried, and sieved to prepare a granular bleach composition, which was mixed with a powdered laundry detergent. The mixture lost <25% of the active O during 60 days at 30° and 75% relative humidity.

peroxy acid bleach granular stability; polyacrylic acid binder bleach; binder peroxy acid bleach; sodium sulfate peroxy acid bleach; laundry detergent bleach stability

IT Binding materials

(acidic polymers, peroxy acid bleach granules containing, for improved **stability** in laundry detergents)

IT Polyelectrolytes

(acidic, binders, peroxy acid bleach granules containing)

IT Granular substances

(peroxy acid bleach containing acidic polymers, for improved **stability** in laundry detergents)

IT Bleaching agents

(peroxy acids, granulated, containing acidic polymers, with improved stability in laundry detergents)

IT Detergents

(laundry, granulated peroxy acid bleach for, with improved stability)

IT Acids, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(peroxy, bleaching agents, granulated, **stable**, for laundry detergents)

IT 9003-01-4, Poly(acrylic acid) 9003-01-4D, Poly(acrylic acid),
 phosphinate derivs.

RL: USES (Uses)

(binders, peroxy acid bleach granules containing, for improved **stability**)

IT 66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid

RL: USES (Uses)

(bleaching agents, granulated, **stable**, for laundry detergents)

IT 7757-82-6, Sodium sulfate, uses and

miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(peroxy acid bleach granules containing, **stable** in laundry detergents)

IT 66280-55-5, Diperoxydodecanedioic acid

RL: USES (Uses)

(bleaching agents, granulated, stable, for laundry detergents)

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 7757-82-6, Sodium sulfate, uses and

miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(peroxy acid bleach granules containing, **stable** in laundry detergents)

RN 7757-82-6 HCAPLUS

CN Sulfuric acid disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 Na

IT

Carboxylic acids, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

```
L85 ANSWER 45 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     1988:44078 HCAPLUS
AN
     108:44078
DN
     Entered STN: 06 Feb 1988
ED
     Stabilized aqueous solution of aromatic percarbonic acid and its
TI
     use in disinfection, oxidation, and bleaching
     Beilfuss, Wolfgang; Diehl, Karl Heinz
IN
     Schuelke und Mayr G.m.b.H., Fed. Rep. Ger.
PA
SO
     Ger. Offen., 6 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
LA
     German
IC
     ICM C07C179-133
     ICS D06L003-02; C11D003-395; A01N037-10; A01N037-02; A01N043-40
CC
     63-8 (Pharmaceuticals)
FAN.CNT 1
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                     ----
     ______
                                          ______
    DE 3543500 A1 19870611
DE 3543500 C2 19920220
                                          DE 1985-3543500 19851210 <--
PRAI DE 1985-3543500 C2 19920220
OS CASPEROTE 15
                           19851210 <--
     An aqueous solution of aromatic percarbonic acid is stabilized with (a) at
AB
     least equal amts. of the corresponding aromatic carbonic acid and (b) an
aqueous
     perglutaric acid solution stabilized with excess
     H2O2 and/or a 10-60% H2O2 solution A solution containing benzoic anhydride,
     glutaric anhydride, pyridine-2,6-dicarboxylic acid and H2O2 stored at room
     temperature for 19 mos. gave better results against Candida albicans than
     similar solns. not containing benzoic anhydride (or also containing benzoic
ST
    percarboxylic acid soln disinfection stability;
     carboxylic acid soln disinfection stability; bleaching
     arom carboxylic percarboxylic; oxidn arom carboxylic percarboxylic
IT
     Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics
     Bleaching agents
     Oxidizing agents
        (aromatic peroxycarboxylic acid-containing carboxylic acid-hydrogen peroxide
        solns. as)
IT
     Candida albicans
        (infection with, benzoic acid anhydride-glutaric acid
        anhydride-hydrogen peroxide-containing solution for prevention of)
IT
     Anhydrides
     Carboxylic acids, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (aryl, in disinfection, oxidation, and/or bleaching agents)
```

(aryl, peroxy, in **disinfection**, oxidation, and/or bleaching agents)

IT 7722-84-1

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(bleaching agents, aromatic peroxycarboxylic acid-containing carboxylic acid-hydrogen peroxide solns. as)

IT 93-59-4

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(bleaching or **disinfection** or oxidation agents containing benzoic acid and)

IT 93-97-0, Benzoic acid anhydride

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(disinfection or bleaching or oxidation agents containing)

IT 28317-46-6, Perglutaric acid

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(in bleaching or **disinfection** or oxidation agents containing benzoic and perbenzoic acids)

IT 65-85-0, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(in bleaching or **disinfection** or oxidation agents containing perbenzoic acid)

IT 108-55-4 7722-84-1, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(in bleaching or **disinfection** or oxidation agents from aromatic peroxycarboxylic acids and corresponding carboxylic acids)

IT 28317-46-6, Perglutaric acid

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(in bleaching or **disinfection** or oxidation agents containing benzoic and perbenzoic acids)

RN 28317-46-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L85 ANSWER 46 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1987:140145 HCAPLUS

DN 106:140145

ED Entered STN: 01 May 1987

TI Dry bleach and **stable** enzyme granular composition

IN Herdeman, Robert William

PA Procter and Gamble Co., USA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 18 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C11D003-386

ICS C11D003-39

CC 46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)

FAN.CNT 1

	111110011 -								
	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE					
ΡĮ	EP 206418	A2 19861230	EP 1986-201055	19860618 <					
	EP 206418	A3 19881117							
	EP 206418	B1 19911113							
	R: BE, DE,	FR, GB, IT, LU, NL							
	AU 8659322	A1 19870108	AU 1986-59322	19860627 <					
	AU 585031	B2 19890608							
	JP 62079296	A2 19870411	JP 1986-151359	19860627 <					

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CA 1285508
                       A1
                             19910702
                                            CA 1986-512635
                                                             19860627 <--
     US 4767557
                             19880830
                                            US 1987-131294
                        Α
                                                             19871209 <--
PRAI US 1985-750569
                             19850628 <--
     Storage-stable compns. are prepared which comprise peroxy acid
     bleach-containing granules and granules containing enzymes, alkaline buffer
salt.
     cellulosic filler, and binder. In some cases, the enzyme-containing granules
     also contain an antioxidant (e.g., Na2SO3), CaCl2 or another compatible
     inorg. salt, and/or a coating of water-insol. waxy nonionic material.
     granular compns. are useful in detergent formulations. Granules were
     prepared from proteolytic enzyme 4, amylase 1, alkaline buffer salt (KHCO3 20,
     Na2SO3 5, and CaCl2-NaCl 20 parts) 45, cellulose powder 20,
     poly(vinylpyrrolidone) 5, and waxy polyethylene glycol (coating) 25%.
     granules were used in mixts. with bleach granules containing
     diperoxydodecanedioic acid.
ST
     enzyme stabilizer buffer bleach; peroxy bleach enzyme
     stability; potassium bicarbonate stabilizer enzyme;
     proteinase stabilizer buffer bleach; amylase stabilizer
     buffer bleach; antioxidant inorg stabilizer enzyme
IT
     Buffer substances and systems
        (alkaline, stabilizers, for enzymes in granules)
TТ
     Stabilizing agents
        (buffer substances, for enzyme granules)
IT
     Waxes and Waxy substances
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (enzyme granules coated with, storage-stable)
ΙT
        (enzyme granules for use with peroxy acid bleach granules in,
        stable)
IT
     Bleaching agents
        (peroxy acids, storage-stable enzyme granules for use with)
IT
     Antioxidants
        (sodium sulfite and thiosulfate, enzyme granules containing, stable
     Alcohols, compounds
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (ethoxylated, enzyme granules coated with, storage-stable)
IT
     7631-90-5, Sodium bisulfite 7757-83-7, Sodium sulfite
     7772-98-7, Sodium thiosulfate
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (antioxidants, enzyme granules containing, storage-stable)
IT
     66280-55-5, Diperoxy dodecane dioic acid
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleach granules containing, storage-stable enzyme granules for
        use with)
     144-55-8, Sodium bicarbonate, uses and miscellaneous
     Potassium bicarbonate 497-19-8, Disodium carbonate, uses and
     miscellaneous 584-08-7, Dipotassium carbonate 7320-34-5
       Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (buffers, enzyme granules containing, storage-stable)
TT
     57-10-3, Palmitic acid, uses and miscellaneous
                                                      31566-31-1, Glycerol
     monostearate
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (enzyme granules coated by, storage-stable)
IT
     25322-68-3, Polyethylene glycol
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (enzyme granules coated with, storage-stable)
     7778-18-9, Calcium sulfate 10043-52-4, Calcium chloride,
IT
     uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (enzyme granules containing, storage-stable)
IT
     9000-92-4, Amylase
                          9001-92-7, Proteinase
```

RL: USES (Uses)

(granules containing, storage-stable, for use with peroxy acid

bleach)

IT 7757-83-7, Sodium sulfite 7772-98-7, Sodium thiosulfate

RL: USES (Uses)

(antioxidants, enzyme granules containing, storage-stable)

RN 7757-83-7 HCAPLUS

CN Sulfurous acid, disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 Na

RN 7772-98-7 HCAPLUS

CN Thiosulfuric acid (H2S2O3), disodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 Na

IT 66280-55-5, Diperoxy dodecane dioic acid

RL: USES (Uses)

(bleach granules containing, storage-stable enzyme granules for

use with)

RN 66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 144-55-8, Sodium bicarbonate, uses and miscellaneous

497-19-8, Disodium carbonate, uses and miscellaneous

584-08-7, Dipotassium carbonate 7320-34-5,

Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate

RL: USES (Uses)

(buffers, enzyme granules containing, storage-stable)

RN 144-55-8 HCAPLUS

CN Carbonic acid monosodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Na

RN 497-19-8 HCAPLUS CN Carbonic acid disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 Na

RN 584-08-7 HCAPLUS CN Carbonic acid, dipotassium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 K

RN 7320-34-5 HCAPLUS CN Diphosphoric acid, tetrapotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●4 K

TT 7778-18-9, Calcium sulfate 10043-52-4, Calcium chloride,
 uses and miscellaneous
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (enzyme granules containing, storage-stable)
RN 7778-18-9 HCAPLUS
CN Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ca

```
RN 10043-52-4 HCAPLUS
CN Calcium chloride (CaCl2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

```
Cl-Ca-Cl
L85 ANSWER 47 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
    1984:456025 HCAPLUS
DN
    101:56025
ED
    Entered STN: 18 Aug 1984
TI
    Stable emulsions
PA
    Nippon Synthetic Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
LA
    Japanese
    C09J003-14; B01F017-52; C08K005-00
ICA C08F002-00
    37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                   KIND DATE
                    7.2
                                       APPLICATION NO. DATE
     _____
                                        ______
    JP 58217571 A2 19831217
                                         JP 1982-101041 19820611 <--
PRAI JP 1982-101041
                     19820611 <--
    Compns. are prepared by adding ≥1 waterproofing agents selected from
    radical initiators, oxidizing agents, isocyanates, epoxides, ammonium
    salts, and metal salts of polymerizable monomers to an emulsion
    stabilized with acetoacetylated poly(vinyl alc.) (I)
                                                        [39290-68-1]
    as protective colloid. The compns. afford excellent
    waterproofing properties and are useful for preparing adhesives for paper,
    wood, and plastics. Thus, an emulsion was prepared by polymerizing vinyl
acetate
    in the presence of I, H2O, tartaric acid, and H2O2 and mixing with wheat
    flour 7, CaCO3 5, and peroxysuccinic acid [2279-96-1] 5 parts.
ST
    acetoacetylated polyvinyl alc stabilizer emulsion; paper
    adhesive; wood adhesive; plastic adhesive; waterproofing agent polyvinyl
    acetate adhesive; peroxysuccinic acid waterproofing adhesive; epoxide
    waterproofing adhesive
IΤ
    Adhesives
        (stabilized emulsions for, containing waterproofing agents)
IT
    Oxidizing agents
        (waterproofing agents, for stabilized vinyl resin emulsions
       for preparing adhesives)
IT
    Epoxides
    RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (waterproofing agents, for stabilizing vinyl resin emulsions
       for adhesive preparation)
IT
    Waterproofing
```

(agents, for **stabilized** vinyl resin emulsions for preparing adhesives)

IT 9003-20-7 24937-78-8 25067-01-0

RL: USES (Uses)

(emulsions, containing **stabilizer** and waterproofing agent, for adhesive preparation)

IT 39290-68-1

RL: USES (Uses)

(vinyl resin emulsions **stabilized** by, containing waterproofing agents, for adhesive preparation)

IT 574-09-4 2224-15-9 2279-96-1 7727-54-0 7786-30-3,

uses and miscellaneous 12125-02-9, uses and miscellaneous

13477-36-6 26471-62-5 27043-36-3

RL: USES (Uses)

(waterproofing agents, for **stabilizing** vinyl resin emulsions for adhesive preparation)

IT 2279-96-1 7786-30-3, uses and miscellaneous

13477-36-6

RL: USES (Uses)

(waterproofing agents, for **stabilizing** vinyl resin emulsions for adhesive preparation)

RN 2279-96-1 HCAPLUS

CN Butanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 7786-30-3 HCAPLUS

CN Magnesium chloride (MgCl2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 13477-36-6 HCAPLUS

CN Perchloric acid, calcium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●1/2 Ca

L85 ANSWER 48 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1984:176134 HCAPLUS

DN 100:176134

ED Entered STN: 26 May 1984

TI Adhesives for wood

PA Nippon Synthetic Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

C09J003-14; B27G011-00; C08J003-06

RN

CN

13477-36-6 HCAPLUS

```
38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
     Section cross-reference(s): 43
FAN.CNT 1
     JP 59001501
                                        -----
                    A2 19840106
     JP 59001581
ΡI
                                         JP 1982-112328 19820628 <--
PRAI JP 1982-112328 19820628 <--
     Adhesives for wood comprise an emulsion of a vinyl acetate (I) resin,
     acetoacetylated poly(vinyl alc.) (II), and isocyanate compds., epoxy
     compds., radical-forming compds., oxidizing agents, and/or acids. Thus,
     100 parts I and 8 parts 5% aqueous solution of (NH4)2S2O8 was added dropwise
to a
     solution of 8 parts 7.8 mol% acetoacetylated II (average d. p. 1800) in 136
parts
     H2O at 75° during 3.5 h. After 1 h, 10 parts di-Bu phthalate was
     added to the mixture to give an emulsion. TDI [26471-62-5] 5, ethylene
     glycol diglycidyl ether [2224-15-9] 5 glycerol diglycidyl ether
     [27043-36-3] 5, peroxysuccinic acid [2279-96-1] 5, (NH4)2S208
     1, benzoin Et ether [574-09-4] 5, Ca(ClO4)2 2, or oxalic acid [144-62-7]
     2 parts were added to the emulsion to give an adhesive.
     vinyl acetate polymer adhesive wood; polyvinyl alc acetoacetate adhesive;
ST
     butyl phthalate adhesive; TDI adhesive; ethylene glycol glycidyl ether
     adhesive; glycerol glycidyl ether adhesive; ammonium persulfate adhesive;
    benzoin ethyl ether adhesive; oxalic acid adhesive; peroxysuccinic acid
     adhesive
TΤ
    Adhesives
        (vinyl acetate polymers, for wood)
TΤ
     9003-20-7 24937-78-8 25067-01-0
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (adhesives, prepared in presence of poly(vinyl alc.) acetoacetate, for
       wood)
IT
    39290-68-1
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (protective colloid, vinyl acetate polymers prepared in
       presence of, as adhesives for wood)
IT
    144-62-7, uses and miscellaneous 574-09-4 2224-15-9 2279-96-1
     7727-54-0 13477-36-6
                         26471-62-5 27043-36-3
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (vinyl acetate polymer adhesives containing, for wood)
IT
    2279-96-1 13477-36-6
    RL: USES (Uses)
       (vinyl acetate polymer adhesives containing, for wood)
RN
    2279-96-1 HCAPLUS
CN
    Butanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
HO-O-C-CH2-CH2-C-O-OH
```

Perchloric acid, calcium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●1/2 Ca

66280-55-5 HCAPLUS

Dodecanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN CN

```
L85 ANSWER 49 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     1983:91421 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     98:91421
ED
    Entered STN: 12 May 1984
TI
    Composition and method for bleaching and disinfecting textiles
IN
    Kuzel, Peter; Schwab, Heinrich
    Degussa A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger.
PA
    Ger. Offen., 26 pp.
    CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
    Patent
LA
    German
TC
    D06L003-02; C11D003-395; C11D003-48
    46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     -----
                     ---- ------
                                          -----
    DE 3121242
                     A1 19830105
PT
                                         DE 1981-3121242 19810529 <--
PRAI DE 1981-3121242
                          19810529 <--
    Textiles are bleached and disinfected by treatment with an aqueous
    bath containing a mixture of Na perborate or Na percarbonate and ≥1
    peroxycarboxylic acid. Thus, a detergent composition containing 16.7 part Na
    perborate and 2-4 parts diperazelaic acid (I)
     1941-79-3] was used to wash a wine-stained cotton textile at
     60° to give a change in reflectance of 16.2% vs. a similar composition
    not containing I. This composition left no residual bacteria in a contaminated
     textile at 20° for 30 min, vs. contamination when I was omitted.
ST
    bactericide bleaching compn textile; washing bleaching
     disinfecting compn; perborate peroxy acid bleaching bactericide
    Bleaching
IT
        (disinfecting and, of textiles, washing compns. containing sodium
        perborate and diperoxy acids as)
    Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics
IT
        (sodium perborate-diperoxy carboxylic acids, for washing compns.)
TΨ
     1941-79-3 11138-47-9 66280-55-5
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching-disinfecting washing compns. containing, for textiles)
ΙT
     1941-79-3 66280-55-5
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (bleaching-disinfecting washing compns. containing, for textiles)
RN
    1941-79-3 HCAPLUS
CN
    Nonanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
HO-O-C-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub>-C-O-OH
```

```
О О П
НО-О-С- (СН2) 10-С-О-ОН
```

```
L85 ANSWER 50 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     1980:64807 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     92:64807
     Entered STN: 12 May 1984
ED
     Storage-stable mixture producing an antimicrobial solution in
ΤI
     Eggensperger, Heinz; Beilfuss, Wolfgang; Nolte, Helmut
IN
     Schuelke und Mayr G.m.b.H., Fed. Rep. Ger.
PA
     Ger. Offen., 15 pp. Adon. to Ger. Offen. 2,655,599.
SO
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
LA
     German
     A61L013-00
IC
     63-8 (Pharmaceuticals)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
                  KIND DATE
                     KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
     _____
PI DE 2815400 A1 19791018 DE 1978-2815400 19780410 <--
PRAI DE 1978-2815400 19780410 <--
     A mixture, stable in storage, which gave a solution with
     antimicrobial activity in H2O, contained a material decomposing to H2O2 and 1
     or more odorless or nearly so carboxylic acid anhydrides, m.
     ≥40°, which dissolve in H2O to give nearly odorless
     carboxylic acids. These were converted with H2O2 into nearly odorless
     H2O-soluble peroxycarboxylic acids with good antimicrobial activity. Thus, a
     mixture of maleic anhydride [108-31-6] 10, Na percarbonate [
     3313-92-6] 15, Na polyphosphate 25, and Na2SO4 kept 5
     mo, then dissolved in H2O, gave 1.45% H2O2 and 9.51% permaleic acid [
     4565-24-6]; omitting the Na2SO4 and using 75 g Na
     polyphosphate gave a solution with 1.30% H2O2 and 8.77% permaleic acid.
     bactericidal activity of solns. of maleic or glutaric acid anhydride and
     Na percarbonate in H2O was tabulated.
     maleic anhydride mixt percarbonate bactericidal; glutaric anhydride mixt
st
     percarbonate bactericidal; storage stable bactericide;
     percarbonate mixt glutaric maleic anhydride
     Bactericides, Disinfectants and Antiseptics
IT
        (storage stable peracids, in solution)
     Carboxylic acids, biological studies
TT
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (peroxy, bactericides, in storage stable mixts.)
IT
     4565-24-6
     RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)
        (formation of, in water, for stabilizing bactericide solns.)
IT
     7757-82-6, biological studies
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (stabilizer, for bactericidal composition)
TT
     3313-92-6
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (storage stable bactericide composition containing anhydrides and)
IT
     108-31-6, biological studies 108-55-4
     RL: BIOL (Biological study)
        (storage stable bactericide composition containing percarbonate and)
ΙT
     4565-24-6
     RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)
```

(formation of, in water, for stabilizing bactericide solns.)

RN 4565-24-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Butenediperoxoic acid, (2Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

IT 7757-82-6, biological studies RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(stabilizer, for bactericidal composition)

RN 7757-82-6 HCAPLUS

CN Sulfuric acid disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

•2 Na

IT 3313-92-6

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(storage stable bactericide composition containing anhydrides and)

RN 3313-92-6 HCAPLUS

CN Peroxydicarbonic acid, disodium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO2C-O-O-CO2H

•2 Na

L85 ANSWER 51 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1979:534709 HCAPLUS

DN 91:134709

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

TI Disinfectants based on peracid-splitting compounds

AU Eggensperger, H.

CS Schuelke und Mayr G.m.b.H., Norderstedt, Fed. Rep. Ger.

Zentralblatt fuer Bakteriologie, Parasitenkunde, Infektionskrankheiten und Hygiene, Abteilung 1: Originale, Reihe B: Hygiene, Krankenhaushygiene, Betriebshygiene, Praeventive Medizin (1979), 168(5-6), 517-24 CODEN: ZHPMAT; ISSN: 0300-9661

DT Journal

LA German

CC 3-2 (Biochemical Interactions)

AB Peroxycarboxylic acids exhibit antimicrobial and disinfectant activities as a result of their oxidative effects, and these activities were determined for several prepns. against a variety of organisms and under different conditions. Organic peracids for disinfectants use were

best prepared immediately prior to application by combining the organic acids with a peroxide source and then using the resultant equilibrium system. The bactericidal activities of several peroxycarboxylic acids were superior to those of H2O2.

peroxycarboxylate antimicrobial disinfectant; carboxylate peroxy antimicrobial disinfectant

IT Bactericides, Disinfectants and Antiseptics

(peroxycarboxylic acids as)

Carboxylic acids, biological studies IT

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(peroxy, antimicrobial and disinfectant activity of)

79-21-0 93-59-4 **2279-96-1 28317-46-6** 71427-18-4 IT

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(antimicrobial activity of)

IT 71427-25-3

> RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(antimicrobial and disinfectant activity of)

IT 7722-84-1, biological studies

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(bactericidal activity of, peroxycarboxylic acids in relation to)

TΤ 2279-96-1 28317-46-6

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(antimicrobial activity of)

RN 2279-96-1 HCAPLUS

Butanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

RN 28317-46-6 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L85 ANSWER 52 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1978:152037 HCAPLUS

DN 88:152037

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

ΤI Aqueous perglutaric acid solution

IN Eggensperger, Heinz; Beilfuss, Wolfgang

PA Schuelke und Mayr G.m.b.H., Fed. Rep. Ger.

SO Ger., 5 pp. CODEN: GWXXAW

DT Patent

LA German IC

C07C179-10 CC 23-16 (Aliphatic Compounds)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE ----- APPLICATION NO. DATE

```
PΙ
     DE 2654164
                           19771222
                      В1
                                         DE 1976-2654164 19761130 <--
     DE 2654164
                      C2
                           19780810
     CH 635576
                           19830415
                      Α
                                          CH 1977-11780
                                                          19770927 <--
     AT 7707115
                      A
                           19790915
                                         AT 1977-7115
                                                          19771005 <--
     AT 356289
                      В
                           19800425
     FI 7703245
                      Α
                           19780531
                                          FI 1977-3245
                                                          19771031 <--
     FI 60099
                      В
                           19810831
                      C
     FI 60099
                           19811210
     NL 7712569
                      A 19780601
                                         NL 1977-12569
                                                          19771115 <--
     NL 188641
                      В
                           19920316
     NL 188641
                      C 19920817
     SE 7712986
                      A
                           19780531
                                         SE 1977-12986
                                                          19771117 <--
     SE 440848
                      В
                           19850826
     SE 440848
                      С
                           19851205
     BE 860976
                      A1
                           19780316
                                         BE 1977-182746
                                                          19771118 <--
     FR 2371930
                      A1
                           19780623
                                         FR 1977-35167
                                                          19771123 <--
     FR 2371930
                      B1 19800822
     NO 7704063
                      A
                           19780531
                                         NO 1977-4063
                                                          19771128 <--
     NO 140346
                      B 19790507
     NO 140346
                      C 19790815
     BR 7707882
                      A 19780711
                                         BR 1977-7882
                                                          19771128 <--
     ZA 7707072
                      A 19780927
                                         ZA 1977-7072
                                                          19771128 <--
     US 4129517
                      A 19781212
                                        US 1977-855461
                                                          19771128 <--
     CA 1081079
                      A1 19800708
                                         CA 1977-292034
                                                          19771129 <--
     DK 7705317
                      Α
                           19780531
                                         DK 1977-5317
                                                          19771130 <--
     JP 53081619
                      A2
                           19780719
                                         JP 1977-143824
                                                          19771130 <--
PRAI DE 1976-2654164
                           19761130 <--
     Aqueous perglutaric acid solns. stabilized by
     excess H2O2 and urea or pyridinedicarboxylic acids, useful as
     disinfectants, oxidizing reagents, and bleaching agents, were
     prepared from glutaric anhydride. Peracid solns. prepared similarly from
     maleic or succinic anhydrides were not as stable.
ST
    perglutaric acid stabilizer; bactericide
    perglutaric acid; disinfectant
    perglutaric acid; oxidant perglutaric
     acid; bleaching perglutaric acid; glutaric
     acid hydrogen peroxide
IT
    Bactericides, Disinfectants and Antiseptics
     Bleaching agents
        (perglutaric acid)
IT
     3851-97-6P 28317-46-6P
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and bactericidal properties of)
IT
     57-13-6, uses and miscellaneous
                                     89-00-9
                                               499-83-2
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (stabilizer, for perglutaric acid solns.)
IT
    28317-46-6P
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and bactericidal properties of)
RN
    28317-46-6 HCAPLUS
CN
    Pentanediperoxoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

L85 ANSWER 53 OF 53 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AN 1966:67293 HCAPLUS
DN 64:67293
OREF 64:12544e-g

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ED
     Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001
ΤI
     Diperoxycarboxylic anhydrides and their urea adducts as peroxy acid
     precursors
     Heslinga, L.; Schwaiger, W.
ΑU
     Unilever Res. Lab., Vlaardingen, Neth.
CS
     Recueil des Travaux Chimiques des Pays-Bas (1966), 85(1), 75-85
     CODEN: RTCPA3; ISSN: 0165-0513
DT
     Journal
_{
m LA}
     English
CC
     33 (Aliphatic Compounds)
AB
     Unbranched aliphatic diperoxycarboxylic acids of short chain length were
     included in urea (I) by acetylation in the presence of I. Diacetic
     diperoxycarboxylic anhydrides thus stabilized react with aqueous
     H2O2 at room temperature to give mixts. of AcOOH and diperoxycarboxylic acid in
     high yield. Thus, (HOOOCCH2)2 (2.5 g.) was mixed with 9.2 g. urea and 3
     q. Ac20 was added with vigorous stirring. The reaction temperature rose from
20
     to 40°. The mixture was stirred one hr. at 35° and HOAc was
     removed in vacuo over KOH until constant weight was achieved to give
     (AcOOOCCH2)2 (II) as a I inclusion compound Degree of inclusion was almost
     quant. and active O was 90% of theory. Similarly prepared were the I
     inclusion compds. of AcOOOC(CH2)4COOOAc (III) and AcOOOC(CH2)7COOOAc.
     ratio of hexagonal I to included peroxy acid was invariably 2.8. III was
     isolated from its inclusion compound by extraction from ice-water with Et20.
The
     extract was dried over Na2SO4 and evaporated and the crystallization
     residue recrystd. from 1:2 EtOAc-petroleum ether to give pure
     III which exploded on grinding or exposing to a naked flame, m.
     61-2°, and had an active O content of 121 mg./g. The I inclusion
     compound of H was not shock or heat sensitive. Perhydrolysis of the
     inclusion peroxyanhydrides in alkaline perborate solution (pH 10) at 20°
     gave the mixed peroxy acids in yields of 69 to 92% as determined by iodometric
     titration Non-included (HOOC(CH2)2COO)2 also formed peroxy acids under these
     conditions while n-acyl peroxides did not.
     Chemical compounds
IT
        (clathrate, of diacyl peroxides and urea)
IT
     X-rays
        (diffraction of, by urea inclusion compds. with diacyl peroxides)
     Explosions
TΤ
        (of adipolybis[acetyl peroxide], urea inclusion compound prevention of)
IT
     Peroxide, adipoylbis[acetyl, compound with urea
     Urea, compds. of, with azelaoylbis[acetyl peroxide]
     Urea, compds. of, with succinylbis[acetyl peroxide]
     57-13-6, Urea
IT
        (compds. of, with acetyl lauroyl peroxide)
IT
     57-13-6, Urea
        (compds. of, with adipolbis[acetyl peroxide])
IT
     105-74-8, Lauroyl peroxide
                                 123-23-9, Peroxide, bis(3-carboxypropionyl)
     762-16-3, Octanoyl peroxide
                                 5762-50-5, Peroxide, acetyl
                          5762-51-6, Peroxide, succinylbis[acetyl, compound with
     3-carboxypropionyl
            6039-31-2, Peroxide, acetyl lauroyl, compound with urea
     6039-32-3, Peroxide, adipoylbis[acetyl
                                              6166-48-9, Peroxide,
     azelaoylbis[acetyl, compound with urea
        (preparation of)
IT
     6039-32-3, Peroxide, adipoylbis[acetyl
        (preparation of)
RN
     6039-32-3 HCAPLUS
CN
     Peroxide, (1,6-dioxo-1,6-hexanediyl)bis[acetyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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